Morning Edition

Edmonton Daily Bulletin.

Morning Edition

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CHARGES AGAINST SHORT PROVE BUT EMPTY CHAFF

Meetings Last Night See Collapse of Opposition to the Candidate Whose Popularity Grows Day by Day--Gathering on Kinistino Avenue Addressed in Three Different Languages---Supporter of Third Candidate Publicly Deserst Him.

William Short last night, speaking at two meetings, one in Norwood, and the other on Kinistino avenue, decisively settled the only two objections that have been raised by his opponents to his candidature.

"In the years that have gone by," declared Mr. Short, "it seems to me I can lay claim to being a champion of progressive government, to the principle of municipal ownership, to the land tax in Edmonton, and I do not think there is any man who really knows, that will question the integrity of the administration in this city in 1905-6."

"There never was a single suspicion of graft. There never was a charge of wrongdoing, yet we diverted Jasper avenue and other streets. The method adopted was such as to disarm suspicion. The conduct of affairs was such that there could be no suspicion.

"It has been suggested that because I am a corporation lawyer, because my firm acted for railway companies, that therefore I am unfitted to be your mayor. I do not think that it is your interests, that these men have come and cast such slurs upon my character. But I will say this: That, if I am elected mayor, it will be necessary for me to leave my office entirely as I shall step into the mayor's office. You will be my client then. And there is no reason why I cannot with loyalty serve you. There is no bond between me and any railway to prevent me from giving to you my whole time, and energy and devotion.

"It has been charged against me that I own stock in the Calhoun Oil company. That is true. There has been hundreds of thousands of dollars spent in an endeavor to open up the natural resources of this province. I hold it is the duty of all good citizens to put their money into legitimate enterprises for the development of these resources. So I put some of my money into this company. This was long before I had thought of running for mayor. Now it is suggested that I am desirous of giving a franchise to this company for natural gas. Yet it is true that I would not be able to act for the city in that event. I would have to withdraw from the council if this company came to the city asking for a franchise. I would have to say: Gentlemen, I am a member of this company, so if you wish to have any dealing with it, I must withdraw and be excused from taking part in the negotiations.

"Let me tell you, that if the possession of stock in some company is to disqualify a man from becoming an alderman or mayor, that hundreds of your best business men are going to have to be asked to accept these offices." (Applause.)

The meetings held in Mr. Short's interests, both in the Rose theatre, on Alberta avenue, and in the Family Theatre on Kinistino avenue, were distinctly enthusiastic. At the Kinistino avenue meeting, the gathering was addressed in three different languages: Editor Hallagny, of the local Ruthenian paper, spoke in that language; while Paul Schaubel gave an address in German. Mr. Short received quite an ovation when Chairman Rev. Hegar, called on him to speak.

Ald. MacDonald, speaking at last night's meeting at Kinistino avenue, promised some revelations in connection with Ald. Clarke, at the Empress and Bijou meetings tonight.

The third candidate one used my name a great deal when I am not present," said Ald. MacDonald. "I'm going to ask his registration and tell you a few things tomorrow night about him which some of the ratepayers may know and which some don't know."

Clarke Losing Supporters.

Mr. Clarke appears to be losing some of his most ardent supporters. H. A. Mackie, who spoke for him on the South side recently, and who has been supplying the third ward with arguments in the shape of certificates of incorporation, last night "polished" his allegiance, and addressed two meetings in support of Mr. Magrath. "To be sure," the audience was not quite sure who Mr. Mackie was supporting, for he said to be asked by one of the audience after he had finished his address. Mr. Mackie had nothing new to say.

William Rae addressed meetings on Kinistino avenue in support of the third candidate.

An Outside Interruption.

During the course of the meeting in the Family theatre, some one outside kept toning an automobile horn. The racket grew annoying. Mr. Short paused for a few seconds. "Go on," called a voice from the audience, "that's only Clarke." Everybody laughed.

"Pile up a big majority for good, safe and honest government," was Mr. Short's final injunction at the conclusion of his address, and the sentiment was cheered.

Mr Short, in his address last night, touched on many of the matters before the city today. He urged the need of radial roads, the absolute necessity of sewers and water. A broad program of extension of the utilities was being laid out for next year and he hoped a broad minded, broad guage council would be in charge of the city's affairs in order to help, and not hinder such a program.

Mr. Short has many ideas as to the way in which the service of the street railway could be extended. He thought that some consideration might be given to radial extensions. If it were found possible to run lines to points from which coal, gravel, sand and other materials might be brought into the city at a low cost, that the benefit to the city and the citizens would run into the hundreds of thousands of dollars every year. On the score of coal alone to the citizens is saving of half a million might be effected.

Hyndman Supports Short.

J. D. Hyndman made a stirring speech in support of Mr. Short in opening the meeting.

Many aldermanic candidates were heard last night. The meeting on Kinistino avenue did not break up until nearly midnight. Among the candidates who had a few words to say, were Ald. May, N. Smith for Ald. East, Ald. MacDonald, William Vogel, Alex. Stuart, Dr. Harry Smith, C. H. Ilesia, E. Hillice, J. T. Hoyle, W. C. MacArthur.

MAGRATH AT ROYAL HALL, KINISTINO AVE.

Mr. Magrath's speeches are termed by his opponents as a tissue of misrepresentations, glomeration of inconsistencies, inaccuracies and contradictions. He has been going around the city day after day, night after night, denying the charge that he is in favor of a "runaway" expenditure of the city's revenue, and affirming that he stands for an economical administration, while at the same time advocating a program as long as it is unnecessary, radial railway, and calling for a huge expenditure of public money.

Last night, at a meeting in the Royal hall, Kinistino avenue, he preached economy in every sentence, as if that were a new cry. Mr. Short had never heard of, and then, at the close of his speech, he came out and talked about the large sum that the city can borrow at the present time. If the financers will come through with the money, which is very doubtful—and he added, in one of his eloquent peroations, "Let us borrow a little more. What difference does an extra million or two make? We want these things, and we are going to have them, and what is more, we are all willing and ready to pay our share of the taxes."

Md. O'Connor's Reply.

It was left to Geo. H. O'Connor, who was repeatedly called on, to paint a vivid picture of the chaos that would prevail in the city's financial department should Mr. Magrath be elected. He referred to Mr. Magrath's statement that the cities of Victoria and Calgary had completed very much more work than Edmonton, it being evidently his intention, if elected mayor, to make the paving mileage of Edmonton exceed that of those cities. To do this, it would be necessary for him to pave another fifty miles in Edmonton, and Mr. O'Connor proceeded to show what such a program would cost.

With the paving of a mile of paving, or 1,320,000 sq. yds. at $2 per sq. yd., including curbing, would cost four million dollars. Fifty miles of sewer, at a hundred thousand dollars a mile, would mean five millions. The sidewalks would stand $1,300,000. Fifty miles of street railway, at a thousand dollars a mile, would require an appropriation of five millions more. The paving operations alone would therefore cost over twenty million dollars.

Other Big Expenditures.

In addition, there were a large number of other things that Mr. Magrath was advocating, and which would cost a great deal of money. There was the gas well, which would cost a hundred and fifty thousand dollars. Parks would cost the ratepayers $250,000. Mr. O'Connor said he would be well within the mark when he said that if all the improvements that Mr. Magrath was advocating came to pass, it would mean an additional expenditure of twenty-fight million dollars. That, added Mr. O'Connor, is almost the proposed contribution of the Do-

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BIG NIGHT IN THE CIVIC CAMPAIGN.

with two big meetings scheduled for this evening, tonight promises to be one of the biggest in the campaign for William Short, K. C., as mayor for Edmonton, in 1913. The meetings will be held in the Empress Theatre, on Jasper avenue, and the West of First street, an din the Bijou theatre on Whyte avenue.

Mr. Short will address both gatherings, and there will be plenty of other speakers, as not only will there be speakers by supporters of Mr. Short, but the other mayoral and aldermanic candidates will be present, it is expected.

STUDENTS WRECK WOMAN'S CLUB

Attack Was Outcome of Interruptions During Installion of New Lord Rector

By Bulletin Leased Wire.

Glasgow, Dec. 5.—Hundreds of organized students of Glasgow University today attacked the headquarters of the Women's Social and Political Union, and completely wrecked the offices. The attack was the outcome of the interruptions during the installation of Augustine Birrell, chief secretary for Ireland, as lord rector of Glasgow University.

Windows were followed the wrecking operations finally culminating in a riot, which was subdued only by charges of the police. Only after smashing the front windows of the women's headquarters, the students rushed in, disregarding cries of "cowards" from the three women held in charge of the place. They demolished the interior and destroyed everything they could by hacking.

One student, seizing a suffrage banner, marched out through the wrecked front of the building, leading a mob to meet an attack from a battalion of police. A lively time ensued and finally the police drove their batons charged. They arrested a student but his comrades immediately fell upon the police in an effort to rescue him. The fight was waged up and down the street, but the best the police could do was to hold their prisoner and capture one of the rioting party. Later two other students were taken into custody but all were released on bail. The inaugural ceremonies were carried out, but ten women were elected during their progress.

FARMER MEETS DEATH NEAR LETHBRIDGE

Killed by Wagon Turning Over on Him While he Was Going Home in a State of Intoxication—The Body Was Found a Short Time After.

By Bulletin Leased Wire.

Lethbridge, Dec. 5.—A fatality which has caused considerable regret occurred here last night when Fred Sachrison, a farmer, living about half a mile northeast of Carmangay, was killed by his wagon overturning on him.

Sachrison left town under the influence of liquor and instead of going north drove down the hill under the railway bridge. The team apparently shied by a white embankment, and the wagon overturning, pinned the unfortunate young man in such a way as to cause death. The body was found shortly afterward by Ira Baird, a butcher, who was driving into town. A coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

HOUSE TO ADJOURN DEC. 18.

Hon. Mr. Lougheed Announces in the Senate Result of Consultation

By Bulletin Leased Wire.

Ottawa, Dec. 5.—The senate held a short meeting today and adjourned until January 15, before adjourning Senator Dandurand asked if the government leader had any information as to the adjournment of the commons.

Hon. Mr. Lougheed replied that he had discussed the matter with the prime minister and understood it was intended to adjourn the commons on about December 18 for the holidays the house to be called again about the 7th or 8th of January. As it was possible that the naval bill might be deposed of in the commons before adjournment it was desirous that the senate should be back soon after the commons to take it up. Senator Choquette was told that the government had no intention of publishing an official history of Canada.

DOMINIONS PRACTICE

The Dominion Hockey team will practice this afternoon at the Diamond park rink. The Doukhobors have been practicing for several days and are showing excellent form. The practice will be held from 3 to 4 p. m.

HIGH COST OF LIVING BLAMED ON MIDDLEMAN

By Bulletin Leased Wire.

New York, Dec. 5.—The reason for the high cost of living today is the private yachts, automobiles, country and city homes for members of the produce exchange for which the consumers and the producers pay, declared H. B. Fullerton, a Long Island gardener to a conference of producers and consumers at the New York board of trade and transportation today.

His hearers applauded as he ascribed the troubles of both city dweller and farmer to the middleman. The conference was called by John J. Dillon, chairman of the state committee on co-operation of the New York State Agricultural Society.

TWO YEARS EACH FOR HIGHWAYMEN

Edmonton Youths Who Stole an Auto and Robbed Calgary Store Are Convicted

By Bulletin Leased Wire.

Calgary, Dec. 5.—Two years' imprisonment each in the Edmonton Penitentiary with 30 lashes for Raymond Webber, the ringleader, was the sentence meted out to the three youths who entered Herbert's grocery store, Crescent Heights, on Tuesday night and held up the proprietor and stole $57 from the cash register.

All three youths pleaded guilty when arraigned in the police court on Thursday morning and elected to be tried by Magistrate Sanders.

Reeves said he came here from South Dakota a few weeks ago. "I had no money, that is why I committed robbery," he said when the magistrate asked him how he came to take part in the crime. "I did not even have a dollar to get a job at an employment agency."

The three youths: Raymond Webber, Roderick Dunn and K. J. Reeves came their way from Edmonton in the auto of George J. Dobson which they had stolen. They are also wanted by the police to have been implicated in the recent C.N.R. safe robbery in Edmonton.

LICENSED VICTUALLERS MEETING IN CALGARY

C. H. Belanger of Edmonton is Again Elected as President For Province of Alberta.

By Bulletin Leased Wire.

Calgary, Dec. 5.—C. H. Belanger, of Edmonton, was re-elected president of the Licensed Victuallers' association of Alberta at the second annual meeting held here today. Below is the list of officers chosen: Honorary President—L. L. Stephens, of Calgary; Thomas Hocken, Edmonton; vice-presidents—C. Watkins, Lethbridge; Robert McDonald, Edmonton; John E. Howson, Medicine Hat; H. L. Mielnuch, Lethbridge; G. C. Stokes, Calgary; Honorary secretary, W. H. Sheppard, Edmonton. Auditors—N. Bell, Edmonton; H. L. Stephens, Calgary. Treasurer—J. B. McCulla, Edmonton.

The nature of the business that came before the session was not made public.

At the meeting, what were probably the first definite steps towards the organization in the Dominion of all the hotel men into a body in the interests of their business were taken when President Chas. McCarney, of the Manitoba Licensed Hotelkeepers' association, presented the greetings of that body, and expressed the hope that the hotel men of Canada would work in harmony so as to better further their interests.

Binding Hotel Men Together.

That interchange of personally delivered addresses is regarded by hotel men as an augury of much closer relationship between the various bodies of hotel men in Canada, and is looked upon as a sign pointing to a firm alliance of the different associations of Canada, which will mean that all the hotel men of the Dominion will join together for mutual protection and to fight the battle of the licensed hotel business.

The confidence that the hotel men of Alberta have in the retiring president, C. H. Belanger, of the Cecil Hotel, Edmonton, was shown when they elected him president for the third time.

Banquet in Evening.

In the evening a banquet was held at the Alexandra hotel and was attended by about 200 members. The gathering was of a social nature, the speeches being largely of a humorous character.

The toast of the King and the Legislature was responded to by J. Halfour, Daylesford; the Association, by J. E. Howson, Medicine Hat; the City of Calgary, by A. E. Cross, of the Calgary Brewing and Malting Co.; the Ladies by Fred Brazell, Calgary and Jas. Fleming, Medicine Hat. H. L. Stephens, Calgary, acted as toastmaster.

SCHOOL BOARD QUESTIONS ARE LOOMING UP

Supt. McCaig Becomes the Issue at the Meeting on Kinistino Avenue

CANDIDATES LINE ON OPPOSITE SIDES

Warm War of Words Between Different Aspirants for the Trustee Board

The issue—Superintendent McCaig of the city schools.

His opponents—Dr. Park, J. M. Clandinin and H. H. Crawford South side.

His supporters—K. W. McKenzie, A. Butchart and J. J. McKenzie North side.

Donald McLeod, labor candidate.

This is the way the school trustee candidates are lining up. While the first three are pronounced in their views, the second group state that they are first of all for harmony instead of friction in the school board.

Superintendent McCaig definitely became the issue in the campaign for school board trustees at the meeting in the Family Theatre on Kinistino avenue last night. Superintendent McCaig and the "friends" of some of candidates formed a large part of the extremely heated discussion that started after K. W. McKenzie had had the platform.

K. W. McKenzie charged Dr. Park with being definitely pledged to "fire" Mr. McCaig if he was re-elected. Dr. Park accused K. W. McKenzie, A. Butchart and J. J. McKenzie with being part of a "frame up" to keep Mr. McCaig in office. K. W. McKenzie declared he was not teetotler, neither was Dr. Park. The doctor declared he was a total abstainer. Then all sorts of challenges flew around the room, while the air grew hot with a variety of charges and counter-charges.

Not For Good Administration.

"The present lack of harmony on the school board does not tend to the effective administration of the schools," declared Mr. McKenzie, the K. W. one. "The strife has arisen over Superintendent McCaig. Any division that gives the school board cause for friction, if the minority cannot accept the decision of the majority, then I say they are not proper representatives of the people."

Then K. W. McKenzie had some harsh words for Dr. Park.

"A systematic canvass is going on," he stated, "to try and secure a majority on the school board to throw out McCaig after he was tried last summer and found not guilty. I ask Dr. Park if he is not pledged to fire McCaig re-elect Park for trouble. If I am elected I don't want any dirty legislation like that handed down from a political tribunal.

"I am not a teetotler. Dr. Park is not a teetotler. And the charge against the superintendent was that he was not a teetotler. But do not think that I condone any bad conduct on the part of a high official of the school board. I will approach any question raised with an open mind. I am not prejudiced in the matter. If I am elected I will try to work in harmony with all the board in order to get work done, and not spend my time in fighting."

Should Not Interfere With Supt.

J. J. McKenzie declared that he thought the school board should be not should not be interfered with. He thought the school board should be put on the same basis as the city council. Its functions should be legislative and not administrative. The board had an efficient group of managers for the school work. With the present efficient staff of teachers in the city, he thought some credit should be given to the paid officials of the board. He declared that the superintendent should better able to decide on appointments from teachers, than members of the board.

"As far as McCaig is concerned," declared Mr. McKenzie, "I say it is not the man, but the policy that we should judge."

J. J. McKenzie is seeking re-election to the board as a representative of the South side.

Dr. Park had some lively rejoinders to make, when he replied to the charges made against him.

Dr. Park did not think that the fact that there had been "fights" on the school board was anything that he was ashamed of.

"When I give any reform without some contention," said he.

Then the doctor gave a review of some of the things that he had fought for during the last year, since the two school boards were amalgamated.

"When I first took my place on the board, all the committees were held in secret," he stated. "I advo-

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HOLDS OUT TO KEEP TURKEY IN RESTRAINT

Believed Action of Greece May be Result of Understanding With Allies

REPORTED GREEKS ARE STILL FIGHTING

French Premier Expresses Hope That Turkey Will Soon Regain Prosperity

By Bulletin Leased Wire.

London, Dec. 5.—Greece is still standing out from armistice, but it is explained from Sofia and Athens that this attitude is made in understanding or agreement with the allies, in order to prevent Turkey profiting from the armistice to improve her military position.

An unconfirmed report from Athens says that the Greeks are continuing their operations against Janina, but elsewhere orders have been received to cease hostilities.

The report current yesterday in some quarters that arrangements had been made for the revictualling of the garisons appear to have been inaccurate. Provisioning will not begin until the peace conference has been inaugurated.

The Bulgarian government newspaper Mir, in another editorial today dilates on the advantages to Turkey of a good understanding with Bulgaria. It declares that Turkey's salvation lies not in continuing the war, but in seeking a rapprochement with Bulgaria.

The French premier, M. Poincare, in a speech at the chamber of deputies, in which he reviewed the war and its effect on European interests, made an important pronouncement, indicating that the difficult problems would be solved at the London conference and expressed the hope that Turkey would speedily recover her prosperity. He said it would be necessary to determine what part of the Turkish public debt should be taken over by the Balkan states, and added that the development of Great Britain and the overseas dominions. This led to a consideration of the necessity for co-operation in matters of trade and defence.

The premier quoted in full the memorandum of the admiralty dealing with existing international conditions and which was prepared at the request of the Canadian government. The most striking feature of the memorandum was that the British government had informed Canada that it had no hesitation in saying that after a prolonged consideration of all the circumstances it was desirable that such aid as Canada might give should include the provision of a certain number of the largest and strongest ships of the British navies could build or money supply.

When Mr. Borden rose to make his historic announcement he was received with cheering and much pounding of the desks by his followers Throughout the delivery of his speech, which lasted from 3:10 until 4:25, he addured closely to his manuscript. The premier was in good form and his voice carried to the farthest corner of the chamber with ease. Each successive announcement was the signal for vigorous applause and when the conclusion was reached the demonstration amounted to an ovation.

Some one to the back of the chamber started to sing, "Rule Britannia," while J. A. M. Aikens and his desk mate, J. Rainville, the member for Chambly, who this session moved the address in reply to the speech from the throne, struck up "God Save the King." The national anthem was cut, and in a moment the members of the house, both Liberal and Conservative, were on their feet and singing at the top of their lungs.

Sir Wilfrid Replies.

A moment later, Sir Wilfrid Laurier rose and was greeted with Liberal cheers. He spoke only for a short time, and his observations were careful in their character. He commended the premier for the temperate manner in which he had spoken. He said he was glad to find that there was no immediate danger to the country at the present time, but rather that another conditions of affairs had been created, not only for the country but for all European countries, due to the increase of armament.

He assured the prime minister that whatever might be the devotion to the empire of those who sat to the right of the speaker, the Liberals were not less devoted. Sir Wilfrid said he would not discuss the naval proposals in detail until the second reading.

He made his detail is as follows:

"I do not rise with any intention of discussing the important measure which has been submitted to the house by my right honorable friend; indeed, as I understand the rules of the house, they would preclude me doing so, the rule being that there

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HE AFFIRMS THE LOYALTY OF LIBERALS

Sir Wilfrid Laurier Makes But a Brief Speech on First Reading of Naval Bill

LARGE ATTENDANCE TO HEAR NAVAL POLICY

Premier's Followers Applaud His Presentation of Policy of Government

Ottawa, Dec. 5.—In the presence of the Duchess of Connaught and the Princess Patricia, who occupied seats on the floor of the house, and probably the largest crowd that ever taxed the galleries, Premier Borden, promptly at 3:10 this afternoon, rose to introduce his naval bill. The leading feature of the bill is the proposal to ask parliament to vote thirty-five million dollars to his majesty for the building of three of the most powerful dreadnoughts afloat, these to be a part of the British navy, and to be used for the common defence of the empire.

Other essential features of the premier's announcement were that he had received assurance that if at any time Canada decides to establish a navy of her own, or a unit of the British navy, the ships shall be returned, that arrangements will be made to give Canadians the opportunity to serve as officers and men in the dreadnoughts which Canada is giving; that the ships will be built under the supervision of the admiralty in the United Kingdom for the reason that at present there are no adequate facilities for constructing them in Canada.

In connection with the latter announcement, Premier Borden informed the house that the additional cost of constructing the three dreadnoughts in Canada would be in the vicinity of $12,000,000.

Outline of Development.

The preliminary portion of the premier's speech was devoted to an outline of the development of Great Britain and the overseas dominions. This led to a consideration of the necessity for co-operation in matters of trade and defence.

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CREW OF ROYAL GEORGE DESERT INJURED SHIP

Engineer Thinks That She is Not in Fit Condition to Cross Atlantic and Gives Reason for His Lead in Leaving the Steamer.

By Bulletin Leased Wire.

Quebec, Dec. 5.—Troubles are by no means at an end for the steamship Royal George. A mutiny on the crew has broken out, who declines to take the risk of crossing the Atlantic in the injured ship, members of the crew have not been slow to follow his example.

At a meeting of the seaman and firemen held aboard the Royal George today, at which Captain Thompson was present, it was unanimously agreed by the men that they could not proceed to sea in the vessel, as they did not consider her seaworthy.

The chief officer has left the ship and sailed for home on the Brayneal, as he did not have faith in her ability to arrive in safety.

At present the crew was ceased to work pending a decision of the authorities as to whether they can be compelled to go in the ship or not.

GOING SLOW ON H. B. ROAD.

Only Fifty Miles Graded Up to Now and No Ballast Laid—150 Men Are at Work.

Special to the Bulletin.

Ottawa, Dec. 5.—That the government is making haste slowly with the Hudson Bay railway despite pre-election protestations, is evidenced by an enquiry given to Hon. Geo. P. Graham, by the minister of railways in the House yesterday. He said that Port Nelson had been finally decided as the bay terminus of the railway which would be 418 miles long. As yet only fifty miles of road is graded and no steel is laid. The number of men at work on the construction is now down to 150. The government has yet made no arrangements for the operation of a steamship line between Hudson Bay and British ports.

U. F. A. TO MAKE REQUESTS.

Calgary, Dec. 5.—The United Farmers of Alberta will petition the railway commissioners at the Nelson on December 9, and afterwards parliament for extended powers and jurisdiction of the railway commission and suggesting that the commission be empowered to inflict fines and recompense those who suffer loss; and recommending also that the railway companies be restrained from allotting new settlers until such time as traffic can be handled.

CHARGES AGAINST SHORT PROVE BUT EMPTY CHAFF

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minion to the British Empire for the building of three dreadnoughts. It was not possible to spend that amount, as the most that the city could borrow was fifteen millions. How, therefore, could Mr. Magrath carry out his promise?

Attacks Mayor Armstrong.

William Miller took the chair at the meeting, and the speaker was W. H. Cleary, who could not find anything to say against Mr. Short, and so contented himself with criticising Mayor Armstrong and the present administration. Lawyer Mackie followed on a second resolution which contained no reference to election issues, but consisted principally of an expression of disgust because he had not been able to get the public utilities at his own house at the west end.

W.A. Rae addressed the meeting on behalf of Joseph Clarke. He asked for votes on "rough-and-ready" Joe, who, he said, might not look well with "a duchess reclining on his bosom," but who would prevent the franchise-hunters from getting in their slick work.

Lawyers Well Scattered.

A man in the audience got up on his feet and announced his intention to support Magrath. He said he was suspicious of Mr. Short's candidature, because all the lawyers of the city were behind him, and the lawyers stood for capital.

Mr. O'Connor caused some laughter by reminding him that Mr. Rae, who had just spoken for Alderman Clarke, is a lawyer, and Mr. Parlee, also another lawyer, is supporting Mr. Magrath.

Mr. Magrath wound up the meeting with a speech in which he introduced the arguments that he has been using since the campaign started. He refused to answer Mr. O'Connor's figures, but said that ten or fourteen more miles of paving should have been done this year. Somebody in the audience asked him where the money was to come from, but Mr. Magrath ignored the question.

Alex. Stuart made a few remarks in support of his own candidature before the meeting finally broke up.

CLARKE HAS MEETING IN MECHANICS' HALL

Ald. Clarke's campaign of insinuation and falsehood against William Short got a rude set back at his own meeting in Mechanics Hall last night. In his indiscriminate attack on Alderman Short, he has asserted that Mr. Short had been given shares in the Calhoun Oil company for nothing, the insinuation being that he would sell the city. The insinuation was nailed on the spot by his secretary of the company H. A. Magoon, who was in the audience. Mr. Short paid $500 for his shares, said Mr. Magoon, and explained that Mr. Clarke was forced to beat an ignominious retreat in his attempt to make capital out of the efforts of a citizen who is trying to develop the resources of the north country.

Clarke States His Case.

Pinning registrar's certificates and copies of council's resolutions and commissioners' reports on a large board, Alderman Joseph Clarke, at a meeting filled almost exclusively by his own supporters, in the Mechanics Hall last night, stated his case against William Short in regard to the Calhoun Oil company. Ald. Clarke and his friends were disappointed at not having Mr. Short present in person to "take his dressing."

On account of his several other meetings, Mr. Short was absent from Ald. Clarke's meeting, but John Blue attended on his behalf. Although Ald. Clarke stated with gusto, that he would allow Mr. Short "as much time as he wanted" to speak at that meeting if he cared to come before that tribunal, Mr. Short's representative, who did attend, was allowed not a second more than fifteen minutes.

The Pelican Oil Company.

"One of the most diabolical attempts at hoodwinking the people of this or any other city" declared Ald. Clarke, supposedly apropos of the fact that Mr. Short owned some shares in the Calhoun company—a fact which has been freely admitted by Mr. Short's supporters during the present campaign. John Blue, in reply to Ald. Clarke recounted the meetings at which, night after night, he had stated publicly that Mr. Short owned 30 shares in the company seeking to develop gas at Pelican Rapids.

An Insinuation Nailed.

Ald. Clarke provided a very apt illustration of how easy it is to make insinuations. After Mr. Blue had again stated the fact that it was not denied that Mr. Short owned thirty shares in the gas company, Ald. Clarke insinuated that the shares had been given to Mr. Short to buy his support for the gas franchise for the Calhoun Oil company.

Unfortunately for Mr. Clarke, the insinuation was nailed there and then. Mr. Blue asked Ald. Clarke if he knew what Mr. Short had paid for his shares.

"Sir-bits," said Ald. Clarke at which his supporters very heartily laughed.

"Mr. Clarke has not taken the trouble to find out how much Mr. Short paid for his shares" said Mr. Blue.

"I meant that he probably had them given to him," returned Ald. Clarke.

"I was secretary of the company and Mr. Short paid $500 for his shares," said H. A. Magoon, who was in the audience, which was curiously silent at this unexpected tripping in the bud of a mean insinuation.

Slanders Gas Committee.

"The standing committee of gas, of which Ald. McDonald is chairman—Ald. MacDonald who circulated the petition asking Mr. Short to run—has made no report to the city council up to the present time and they don't intend to make a report until they get the election over and nobody in the council but their own tools." This was another of Ald Clarke's insinuations.

"No one can get a gas franchise until the citizens of Edmonton by a majority vote say so," replied Mr. Blue. "Why is that so? Because in the Edmonton charter Mr. Short put that provision there. That is Mr. Short stand in the matter of franchises, a stand from which he has never departed. I need not remind you Mr. Short's action when the Trethewy street railway franchise was asked for, or of the action Mr. Short took on the Cyrus Eaton gas franchise, or of the warning he gave in 1904, advising the citizens to keep the gas franchise in their own hands."

Aldermen Speak.

Ald. East, who spoke next, declared he had fought for labor unions, and also fought again when he found them to be unreasonable, and that he would continue to do his duty as he saw it.

Ald. May, who followed his colleague, received a warm reception upon arising, and used the short space of time alloted to him in reviewing his record of the past year, dwelling particularly upon the legislation of general welfare which he had introduced or advocated during the year, namely the traffic bylaw, the boarding of pride creeks, and the efforts to improve sanitary conditions. Ald. May also mentioned that he would ask for a charter amendment compelling all candidates to publish a sworn statement of their campaign expenses.

Wm. Murray the labor candidate for the South side confined his time to discussing labor questions. He was a rich Scotch voice and was generously applauded by the audience.

HE AFFIRMS THE LOYALTY OF LIBERALS

(Continued from Page 1.)

shall be no discussion on the first reading of any bill.

"With regard to the point of order, that the money resolution should be introduced before the bill itself, I think my right honorable friend is of the opinion that the resolution and clauses cannot be discussed until the resolution has been brought down. To my mind, at the present moment, the question of consideration, important as it is, is not the chief consideration of the house and I have no fear that the house will, on my right honorable friend for having introduced the bill before I introduced the resolution.

Appreciates Temperate speech.

"I may say to my right honorable friend that I am glad to tell him that I thoroughly appreciate, and the house will also, I believe, the very temperate manner in which he has conducted the business just laid before the house. We may not agree with him in all things, but that will be the subject for discussion on other occasions. I may say further, I am glad to tell him that whatever may be the devotion to the British empire, on this side of the house stand on a par with him in this matter. (Hear, Hear.)

"An important feature in the speech of my right honorable friend is the memorandum which has been before the house, and the country will be glad to know from this memorandum that we are not confronted with any emergency or any immediate danger; but we have to deal with the new condition which has been brought about, not in Europe and the British empire, but all over the world by the excessive armaments which have taken place in even now are going on in Europe.

"I have no further observations to make on the present occasion, but will reserve discussion on the second reading of the bill."

The bill was then read a first time and the house adjourned shortly afterwards.

TEXT OF THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT'S MEMORANDUM

The text of the British Government's memorandum on the European naval situation is as follows:

Dispatch from the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the Governor General.

Downing Street, Oct. 25, 1912.

Sir:—

1.—I have the honor to transmit to Your Royal Highness the accompanying copy of a memorandum relating to the requirements of the naval defence of the Empire.

2.—This document has been prepared by the admiralty on the instruction of His Majesty's government in compliance with the request of Mr. Borden, with a view to presentation to the Dominion parliament if, and when, the Dominion ministers deem it necessary.

(Signed) L. HARCOURT.

1.—The prime minister of Canada has invited His Majesty's government through the board of admiralty to prepare a statement of the present and immediate prospective requirements of the naval defence of the Empire for presentation to the Canadian parliament if the Dominion cabinet deem it necessary.

The lord's commissioners of the admiralty are prepared to supply and to supplement in a form which can be made public the confidential communications and conversation which have passed between the admiralty and ministers of the Dominion particularly during the recent visit to the United Kingdom.

The admiralty set the greatest store by the important, unknown, and very important moral assistance which it is within the power of Canada to give to maintaining British naval supremacy on the high seas, but they think it necessary to allude to any intention, however indirect, of putting pressure upon Canadian public opinion, or seeking to influence the Dominion parliament in a decision which clearly belongs solely to Canada.

Statement of Facts Alone

The admiralty, therefore, confine themselves in this statement exclusively to facts, and it is for the Dominion government and parliament to draw their own conclusions therefrom.

2.—The power of the British Empire to maintain the superiority on the seas which is essential to its security, must obviously be measured from time to time by reference to the other naval forces of the world, and such a comparison does not imply anything unfriendly in intention or in spirit to any other power or group of powers. Upon this points of view the development of the German fleet during the last fifteen years is the most striking feature of the naval situation today. The development has been authorized by five successive statutes, namely, the fleet laws of 1898, 1900, 1906, 1908, 1912. These laws cover the period up to 1920.

Whereas in 1898 the German fleet consisted of 9 battleships (excluding coast defence vessels); 3 large cruisers; 28 small cruisers; 113 torpedo boats, and 25,000 men, maintained at an annual cost of six million pounds, the full fleet of 1920 will consist: 41 battleships; 20 large cruisers; 40 small cruisers; 144 torpedo boats; 72 submarines, and 101,500 men, estimated to be maintained at an annual cost of twenty-three million pounds.

These figures, however, give no real idea of the advance, for the size and cost of ships has risen continually during the period, and apart from increasing their total numbers, Germany has systematically replaced small and old ships, which counted as units in her earlier fleet, by the most powerful and costly modern vessels. Neither does the money provided by the estimates for the completed fleet represent the increase in cost properly attributable to the German navy, for many charges borne on British naval funds are otherwise defrayed in Germany; and the German navy comprises such a large proportion of new ships that the cost of maintenance and repair is considerably less than in navies which have been longer established.

Not Provoked Bp Britain

3.—The naval expansion of Germany has not been provoked by British naval increases. The German government have repeatedly declared that their naval policy has not been influenced by British action, and the following figures speak for themselves:

In 1906, Great Britain was building 4 capital ships, and Germany 3.

In 1906, Great Britain reduced to 3 capital ships and Germany increased to 3.

In 1907, Great Britain built 3 capital ships and Germany built 3.

In 1908, Great Britain further reduced to 2 capital ships and Germany further increased to 4.

It was not until the efforts of Great Britain to procure the abatement or retardation of naval rivalry had failed for three successive years, that the admiralty were forced in 1909, upon a general review of the naval situation, to ask parliament to take exceptional measures to secure against all possible hazards the safety of the Empire. In that year, 8 capital ships were laid down in the United Kingdom, and these were provided by the Commonwealth of Australia and the Dominion of New Zealand respectively—a total of ten.

Fifth German Law This Year.

4.—The fifth German law was passed in the fifth German navy law was assented to in the Reichstag. The main feature of that law is not the increase in the new construction of capital ships, though that is important, but rather the increase in the striking force of capital ship classes which will be immediately available at all seasons of the year.

A third squadron of eight battleships will be created and maintained in full commission, as a unit of the battle fleet. Whereas, according to the unprecedented law, the active fleet consisted of 17 battleships, 4 cruisers, 12 small cruisers, and 12 small cruisers, it will in the near future consist of 25 battleships, 8 cruisers, 16 small cruisers, and 8 small cruisers; and whereas at present in the spring of every year, when the German fleet is less fully mobile during the winter than during the summer months, it will through the operation of this law, not only be increased in strength, but rendered much more readily available.

Ninety-nine torpedo boat destroyers, instead of 66, will be maintained in full commission out of a total of 144; 72 new submarines will be built within the currency of the new law, and of these it is apparently proposed to maintain 54 with full permanent crews. Taking a general view, the effect of the law will be that nearly four-fifths of the entire German navy will be maintained in full permanent commission; that is to say, instantly ready for war. So great a change and development in the German fleet involved in course, large additions to their personnel. In 1898 the officers and men of the German navy amounted to 25,000. Today that figure has reached 45,000, and the new law adds 15,000 officers and men and makes a total in 1920 of 101,500.

The New German Ships.

The new construction under the law prescribes the building of three additional battleships, one to be begun next year, one in 1913, and two small cruisers, of which the date has not yet been fixed. The date of the third battleship has not been fixed. It has been presumed to be later than the six years' rule is to virtue. The cost of these increases in men and in material during the next six years is estimated at a total of £12,000,000 spread over that period, above the previous estimates.

The fleet law of 1908 was laid before the House of Commons on the 9th of April, 1912, by the first lord of the admiralty.

5.—The effect of the new German navy law is to produce a remarkable expansion of strength and readiness. The number of battleships and large armored cruisers which will be kept constantly ready and in full commission will be raised by the law from 21, the present figure, to 23, an addition of 13, or an increase of about 17 per cent.

The new fleet will, in the beginning, include about 20 battleships and large cruisers of the older type, but gradually as new vessels are built the fighting power of the fleet will rise until in the end it will consist completely of modern vessels.

The complete organization of the German fleet, as described by the fleet law, will be the battle squadrons and a fleet of flagships, comprising 41 battleships in all, each attended by a battle or armored cruiser squadron, complete with small cruisers and flotillas of all kinds and accompanied by numerous flotillas of destroyers and submarines.

Development Step by Step.

This full development could not be realized step by step; but already in 1914, two squadrons will, according to admiralty information, be entirely composed of what are called dreadnoughts, and the third will be made up of good ships like the "Deutschlands" and the "Braunschweigs," together with five dreadnought battle cruisers.

The great fleet is not dispersed all over the world for duties of commerce protection or in discharge of colonial responsibility; nor are its composition and character adapted to those purposes. It is concentrated and kept concentrated in close proximity to the German and British coasts.

Attention must be drawn to the explicit declaration of the tactical objects for which the German fleet exists as set forth in the preamble to the fleet law of 1900, as follows:

"In order to protect German trade and commerce under existing conditions only one thing will suffice, namely, Germany must possess a battle fleet of such strength that even for the most powerful naval adversary a war would involve such risks as to make that power's own supremacy doubtful. For this purpose it is not absolutely necessary that the German fleet should be as strong as that of the greatest naval power. For, as a rule, a great naval power will not be in a position to concentrate all its forces against us."

The Situation in 1915.

6.—It is now necessary to look forward to 1915.

In the spring of the year 1915, Great Britain will have 25 dreadnought battleships and 7 Lord Nelsons.

Germany will have 17 dreadnought battleships.

Great Britain will have six battlecruisers.

Germany will have six battle cruisers.

These margins in new ships are substantial and moderate. They are seen on the side of excess. The reason they suffice for the present is that Great Britain possesses a good superiority in battleships, and especially armored cruisers of pre-dreadnought era.

Eight battle cruisers and four armored cruisers will be required to support British interests in the Mediterranean during the years 1913 and 1914. During these years the naval power of Austria will "not materially increase in strength, until in 1916 they will each add to the Austrian navy a fine new dreadnought battleships of the "Prinz Eugen" type and 4 fast cruisers, such as cruisers, torpedo craft, etc. It is evident, therefore, that in the year 1915 our superiority in battleships and 4 armored cruisers will not suffice to fulfill our requirements, and its whole composition must be reconsidered.

Fleet in Home Waters.

It has been necessary within the past few years to concentrate the main naval power in home waters.

In 1903 there were 150 British vessels on the overseas stations against 76 today.

7.—Naval supremacy is of two kinds: general and local. General naval supremacy consists in the power to defeat in battle and drive from the seas the strongest hostile navy or combination of hostile navies wherever they may be found. Local superiority consists in the power to send in good time to or maintain permanently in some distant theatre of operations force to defeat the enemy or hold him in check until the main decision has been obtained in the decisive theatre. It is the general naval supremacy of Great Britain which is the main safeguard of the security and interests of the great dominions of the crown and which for all these years has been the deterrent upon any possible hostile combination against the imperial navy, without corresponding contribution or cost.

Can Send Ships Abroad Now.

Further, at the present time and in the immediate future Great Britain still has this power, by making special arrangements and mobilizing a portion of the reserves, to send, without courting disaster at home, an effective fleet of battleships and cruisers to unite with the Royal Australian navy and the British squadrons in China and the Pacific for the defence of British Columbia, Australia, and New Zealand. And these communities are also protected and their interests safeguarded by the power and authority of Great Britain so long as her naval strength is unbroken.

8.—This power, both specific and general, will be diminished with the growth not only of the German navy, but by the simultaneous building by many powers of great modern ships of war.

Whereas, in the present year, Great Britain possesses 18 dreadnought battle cruisers of the dreadnought class, against 8 of that class possessed by the other powers of Europe, and will possess in 1913, 24 to 21; the figures in 1914 will be 31 to 23, and in the year 1915, 35 to 31.

The existence of a number of navies all comprising ships of high quality must be considered insofar as it affects the possibilities of adverse combinations being suddenly formed. Large margins of superiority at home would among other things, restore a greater freedom to the movements of the British squadrons in every sea, and directly promote the security of the dominions. Anything which increases our margin in the newest ships tending directly to relieve us of our security and our chances of being left unoccupied.

Britain Will Not Fail.

9.—Whatever may be the decision of Canada at the present juncture, Great Britain will not in any circumstances fail in her duty to the overseas dominions of the crown.

She has before now, successfully—she had alone and unaided against the most formidable combinations and has not lost her capacity by a wise policy and strenuous exertions, to maintain her over sea dominions and interests of the Empire.

The admiralty are assured that His Majesty's government will not hesitate to ask the House of Commons for such additional powers as the circumstances of such year may require. But the aid which Canada could give at the present time is not to be measured only in ships or money. Any action on the part of Canada to increase the power and mobility of the imperial navy, which would be the direct aim of our common safety, would be recognized everywhere as a most significant witness to the united strength of the Empire and to the renewed resolve of the overseas dominions to take their part in maintaining its integrity.

10.—The prime minister of the Dominion having inquired in what form any immediate aid that Canada might give would be most effective, we have no hesitation in answering, after a prolonged consideration, of all the circumstances, that it is desirable that such aid should include the provision of a certain number of the largest and strongest ships of war which science can build or money supply.

TEXT OF THE GOVERNMENT'S NAVAL BILL

Premier Borden announced the text of the naval bill of Canada as follows:

An Act to Authorize Measures for the Immediate Aid and Effective Naval Forces of the Empire.

His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:

1.—From and out of the consolidated revenue fund of Canada there may be paid and applied a sum not exceeding $35,000,000 for the purpose of immediately increasing the effective naval forces of the Empire.

2.—The sums so paid shall be used and applied under the direction of the governor-in-council for the construction and equipment of the battleships or armored cruisers of the most modern and powerful type.

3.—The said ships, when constructed and equipped, shall be placed by the governor-in-council at the disposal of His Majesty for the naval defence of the empire.

4.—The said sum shall be paid, used and applied, and the said ships shall be constructed and placed at the disposal of His Majesty subject to such terms, conditions and arrangements as may be agreed upon between the governor-in-council and his majesty's government."

CHINAMAN SUFFOCATED IN EARLY MORNING FIRE

Blaze From Ironing Stove Breaks Out in Laundry on Jasper Avenue Between Eighth and Ninth Streets—Other Occupants Have Narrow Escapes.

A Chinaman was suffocated to death at a fire which occurred at 2:25 this morning at a Chinese laundry located at the rear of 834 Jasper Ave.

The building is a two-storey frame structure, and the interior was entirely gutted. The fire is said to have originated from a stove downstairs. At the time seven Chinamen were sleeping in the building, and all of them appear to have escaped in safety. When the brigade from No. 2, station arrived shortly after it was making headway, but the firemen soon had it under control, and it was then discovered that one of the Chinamen was still in the building. A rapid search was made, and his body was eventually discovered behind the door of the building and partly covered into the cupboard by mistake, and that he had made frantic efforts to reach the door.

The body was handed over to the police, who removed it to McCoppen's undertaking parlors. The name of the deceased could not be ascertained this morning. He is of slight build, and apparently about thirty years of age.

Some of the Chinamen who escaped were pretty badly injured, one of them being cut a great deal. The police called in Dr. Allin to attend them, and at the time of going to press, it was expected that one or two of them would have to be removed to the hospital. Sergt. Haig represented the police at the fire.

Titanic Survivor Dead.

New York, Dec. 4.—Col. Archibald Gracie, of Washington, one of the last passengers to leave the sinking Titanic, died here today in a private hospital.

In the Realm of Woman

BY PENELOPE

BUTTON-MONTGOMERY.

A pretty home wedding took place on Wednesday, Dec. 4, at 5 p.m., at the residence of Mr. Alexander Montgomery, in the Highlands. The occasion being the marriage of his daughter Hattie to Mr. Stewart Button, son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Button, Riverside, Cal. The officiating clergyman being Rev. Hughson.

While Mrs. Dr. R. G. Montgomery played the strains of "The Melody of Love," the bride, who was unattended, wearing the gift of the groom, a pearl amethyst necklace, and looking charming in her wedding gown of cream satin, with net tunic embroidered in pearl and silver, entered leaning upon the arm of her father. After partaking of a dainty wedding breakfast, the bride slipped away to don her travelling suit of grey serge with hat of black silk beaver. The guests motored to the station, where a large party of friends were gathered and showers of rice the young couple left on the evening train for Portland and other American cities on their way to their future home in Riverside. The bride's travelling costume was a navy blue tailored suit with black beaver hat to match. The bride's many friends follow her to her future home in Riverside.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Sopp expect to remove into their handsome new home on Twenty-first street this week.

* * *

Mrs. Watson and Mrs. Barker, who have been the guests of Mrs. Ambrose Dickins, Miss Watson, who has been the guest of Mrs. Lane, expect to leave for their homes on Saturday.

* * *

Mrs. Ambrose Dickins is entertaining at a bridge 16 hoor of her guests on Friday.

* * *

Mrs. Tory will be a luncheon hostess on Friday.

* * *

Mrs. W. D. Ford is entertaining at bridge-tea on Monday.

* * *

Mrs. Wm. Stokes is entertaining at the tea hour on Monday.

* * *

Miss Phillips, who has been the guest of Mrs. Dr. Montgomery, left for her home in Ottawa on Wednesday, which was date of Miss Montgomery's wedding. The bride's mother wore a handsome black broadcloth dress with beaded satin of rose shade, and a black tailored broadcloth suit.

Miss Dunn was attired in navy blue satin, with which she wore a navy blue velvet hat, with rose and navy blue feathers.

* * *

A supper of eight was given on Wednesday evening, in honor of the bride and groom, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Button, Strathcona.

The guests included Mrs. Wood, Mrs. Hardley, Miss Dunn, Miss Hallett, Mrs. Frank Wilson, Miss Archer, Mrs. Jones, Mr. Bitchell, Mr. Lester Porter, Mr. Morgan, Mr. Hope, Mr. Button, Mr. Button, Jr., and the bride and groom.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Barnes entertained at a smart bridge party on Wednesday evening, eight tables playing. Mrs. Barnes wore soft black velveteen over satin.

Mrs. Donald Macdonald and Mr. Reginald Cauley won the laurels. Mrs. Macdonald being the re-bidder of a silver vase and Mr. Cauley receiving a book.

The guests included Mr. and Mrs. Swaisland, Mrs. Metcalfe, Mrs. Duncan Smith, Mr. and Mrs. J. O'Neil Hughes, Mr. and Mrs. Calderon, Mr. and Mrs. Proctor, Mr. and Mrs. Lockie.

ma, Miss Gurney, Mrs. Watson, Mrs. Parker, Mr. and Mrs. Donald Macdonald, Miss Bradley, Mr. Beck, Miss Teed, Madame Milton, Martin, Mr. and Mrs. Goldwin Kirkpatrick, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Kirkpatrick, Mr. and Mrs. Gibbs, Mrs. James Smith, Mr. McMillan, Mr. Percy Hardley, Dr. Mills, Mr. Welch, Mr. Holland.

* * *

Mrs. Malcolm Crawford, post-nuptial reception, before leaving for callers to her home at Riverside on Tuesday afternoon, friends from both sides of the river wending their way to the cottage on the brow of the hill, Edmonton South. The young matron wore a dainty frock of navy blue foulard, veiled in chiffon in the same tones. A mass of pink mums graced the table where Mrs. Ghiselin poured tea, Miss Somerville assisting.

* * *

All former students of the Ontario ladies' college, Whitby, are invited to afternoon at Mrs. Hislop's, 124 Sixth street, on Saturday, 3:30 p. m., Dec. 7.

* * *

The December meeting of the Alberta Women's association has been cancelled. The association will meet, instead, the second Saturday in January.

LORD—OXLEY

On Monday, Dec. 2, at 3:30 p. m., at All Saints' church, Miss Fanchon Oxley, of Edmonton, was united in marriage to Mr. James Stanley Lord, of Stoney Plain, late formerly of London, England. Rev. Canon Webb officiated. The bride, who was given away by her brother-in-law, Mr. W. Christopher, was becomingly gowned in a bridal gown of ivory satin and wore a bridal veil over a lovely wreath of orange blossom. The bride carried a shower bouquet of white roses and lilies of the valley.

Master Eric John Moorhouse, who was attired in eau blue velvet trimmed with point lace collar and cuffs, acted as page and The Misses Dorothy and Marjorie Hole, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Hole, who were charmingly attired in muslin embroidery dresses and carried baskets of pink and white carnations, acted as bridesmaids.

Mr. W. Nichols, nephew of the bride, was best man.

Mrs. W. Christopher, sister of the bride, was matron of honor.

After the ceremony the bride and groom, attendants and a number of friends, drove to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Moorhouse and partook of the festive board, which was graced with a wedding cake, the bride's mother presiding at the tea table. Mr. Moorhouse ably responded. Mr. Lord thanked the health of host and hostess, and Mr. Hardley, Mr. Sidney Parker, Mr. Nichols and others with whom the bride will spend her home for a short time, responded to the toast to the bride.

The groom's gift to the bride was a solid gold chain and watch, with a diamond centerpiece and a locket, purely pearl, inside. To the matron of honor a gold locket set with pearls, to the lad a set of links, to the bridesmaids, gold brooches, and to his best man a set of links. The bride's gift to the groom was an ivory and silver dressing set.

Both were recipients of many useful and handsome gifts.

Mr. and Mrs. Lord left to catch the midnight train en route to Banff to spend their honeymoon, followed by the hearty wishes of all their friends—also a few slippers.

—Contributed by E. M.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Roland J. Russell, Edmonton South, leave this week for Victoria, where they will spend a couple of months.

* * *

At high noon on Wednesday, at 248 Hope street, by Rev. T. W. Myers, the marriage of Miss A. McKelly, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McKelly, to John McGuiveney, of the proprietors of the Edmonton postoffice, was celebrated.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a long white satin gown, draped with lace. Her long bridal veil was caught with orange blossoms. She carried a shower bouquet of roses and lilies of the valley. The wedding march was played by Miss Winnifred Watt.

The groom's gift to the bride was a handsome piano and to Miss Watt a gold bracelet.

After the wedding breakfast a hearty toast to the bride, in which many friends joined, Mr. and Mrs. Riot left for the coast cities.

Among the many gifts presented to the bridal couple were some handsome cheques from relatives and friends, and a massive cabinet of sterling silver from the groom's partners, Mr. Deacon White and, Mr. Howard Shillington.

"Mr. Bob" A Comic Attraction

Those fortunate enough to see the delightfully humorous play, "Mr. Bob," to be presented at the Empire theatre, Dec. 11 and 12, are to be entertained on Monday morning at 10 o'clock. Mrs. Hyndman, Miss Wadhewald, Miss Beaufort and Mr. Jack Burley, of "Private Secretary" renown, have all shown their mettle on many former occasions in Edmonton. It will be Mr. Pemberton' initial bow to an Edmonton audience, but success is forecast for him by his friends.

The prices are popular, $1.50 and $1.00 for seats. There are two hundred rush seats in the gallery available.

The proceeds will go towards the furnishing of the Royal Alexandra hospital. Tickets may be bought from any of the members of the Beaver Home Guides, of the Daughters of the Empire.

DAZZLING SPECTACLE IN ALBERT HALL, LONDON

London, Dec. 5.—Albert Hall was transformed into fairyland last night when a fascinating ball for the benefit of university college hospital under the patronage of royalty, directed by Lady Constance Hatch, attracted as dancers or as characters in wonderful processions and tableaux the leading figures of the English nobility.

At midnight a procession, which was the climax of the fête, entered, led by the forty thieves, followed by Dick Whittington, Sinbad the Sailor, Robinson Crusoe, Peter Pan, Jack and the Bean Stalk, Bluebird, Aladdin, Cinderella, the Twelve Dancing Princesses, Alice in Wonderland and other characters famous in fairy stories and nursery lore. The costumes were wonderfully beautiful, and the display of celestial lights dazzling.

In the royal box, reserved for royalty, Princess Henry, the hostess, was a study of sparkling over gay silk evening dress and many beautiful diamonds. In the royal party were Prince Arthur of Connaught, Prince Leopold, Prince Maurice of Battenburg, Princess Victoria, Princess Marie Louise of Schleswig-Holstein and Princess Louise of Battenburg.

It is impossible to describe in detail the marvelous scene which last night outshone in magnificence "The Hundred Years Are Ball," and other functions of recent years.

Countess Rothes, a survivor of the Titanic disaster, bedecked Sapphires in the tableaux of Sinbad the Sailor, in which Miss Vivian Gaunt, in a striking harem skirt of Oriental blue chiffon, relieved by dashes of gold and white, was the princess.

In the twelve dancing princesses, Prince Albert of Schleswig-Holstein, led the troop of princesses, including Lady Diana Manners, Mrs. Winston Churchill, the Hon. Venetia Stanley, Lady Helen Vincent, Hon. Mrs. Ralph Lambton and the Hon. Mrs. A. Stanley. All wore white gauze dancing dresses and twelve crowns of pearls set pearls in the tresses.

In the tableaux of the King and Queen of Hearts, Mrs. Asquith, the Hon. Walter and Mrs. James, who wore sorrowful roses with trains, crowns and sceptres.

ENTERTAINMENT.

THE VERSATILES RETURN

The last week of the popular "The Versatiles" will be their appearance at the Empire for their new Laughing Sensation, "Mr. Bob." This delightful entertainer is made of wood, and yet their popularity has not diminished with each successive visit. "Bob" have given another proof of their versatility in presenting an entire change of program on each visit, thus the demand depends upon the abilities of each and every member of the company as they present such varied offerings.

In their former engagements they have been called upon to impersonate characters in nearly every walk of life, and yet each characterization has been marked by a true artistic success into the personality portrayed.

The success accorded this aggregation of real artists has been very gratifying.

NEXT WEEK'S VAUDEVILLE.

In all the dances evolved amid modern civilization, the waltz still is premier in its appeal to the senses, physical, sensitive, and aesthetic. "The Waltz Dream" is the vaudeville sensation of 1912? which will be presented Monday at the Empire Theatre. The story is laid upon the waltz and perfected in a riot of wonderful colouring and rare effects, beautiful women, splendid scenes and graceful dancers. It is the most precious thing of the kind ever staged in vaudeville, and Mr. Martin Beck has been receiving the encomiums of critics for his work in surpassing even the elaborate European production of "The Merry Widow."

There are also on the bill for this week such entertaining numbers as Wright and Dennis, which is a scream from start to finish with "Oscar," the trick mule, who refuses to let the beer rider in the world outride him.

Joe Morris and Charlie Allen call their act "The Comedians with the Pipes," and they make a great hit with their Hebrew facial make-ups, tuneful parodies, Irish ditties and Hebrew melodies.

There are also Hugh McCormick and Grace Wallace with something entirely new in ventriloquy, a complete playlet stacked hot in serial acrobatics, and one of the most entertaining numbers on the program is the act of Brice & Gonie. Although "The Eternal Waltz" naturally overshadows everything else on the bill, still taken as a whole from the vaudeville point of view alone, it is said to be a winner.

British Members to Visit Australia.

London, Dec. 5.—Immediate steps will be taken to respond to the invitation of Premier Fisher for a party of parliamentarians to visit Australia, the visitors including representatives of all political parties.

THINKS STATE SHOULD OWN ALL COAL MINES

Mayor Fitzgerald, of Boston, Declares This Before National Rivers and Harbors' Congress in Session at Washington With 1,000 Delegates in Attendance.

Washington, Dec. 4—Mayor Fitzgerald, of Boston, made the startling declaration in his address here today before the National Rivers and Harbors' congress that the United States should own the coal mines of the country. He did not agree, however, with Senator Townsend, of Michigan, who has introduced a bill, that it would be well for the federal government to take possession of dock sites on private improved by the government, so as to keep railways from preventing water competition.

"I would be in favor," said Mayor Fitzgerald, "of having the municipality, or the state, and federal government co-operate in the interest of dock sites but then the local authorities should have some say.

CONSIDER CLAUSE 20 OF THE HOME RULE BILL

London, Dec. 5—Consideration of clause 29 of the home rule bill was resumed in the House of Commons last night. Sir H. Carlisle moved an amendment enabling the lord lieutenant of Ireland to refer to the judicial committee of the privy council any question of the unlawful exercise of the executive power but this was defeated by a majority of 123. A government amendment was inserted to allow a reference to that same committee to decide whether any service was an Irish service within the meaning of the act, or on any question of the interpretation of the law, or on which a decision was desired by the exchequer board. The attorney general moved another amendment providing that reference should be made only to the judicial committee on the advice of the imperial government, this was agreed to and the clause as amended was carried by a majority of 129.

Clause 30, which provides for cases of appeal where the validity of the "I do not agree with Senator Townsend and that no government improvement of rivers should be made unless it can be shown that it would reduce the cost of transportation over considerable territory. The only limit to appropriations for the river and harbor improvement should be a report from the army board that they are not good for any purpose. They should be improved for water power and other purposes.

"And people of the whole country are anxious to see the Mississippi river improved, regardless of the cost, and we can do it without improvement for navigation.

"The railroads of the country cannot carry all the business, the mayor said, and should have plenty of water competition. He declared that on $30,000,000 worth of coal Boston has paid $70,000,000 in transportation charges and that something should be done to improve the conditions. The government should take possession of the coal mines of the country in a few years, he asserted, if things kept on as they had been going during the past few years.

"All waterways to which surplus commerce is tributary should be improved and federal access, said Senator Townsend, and at the same time the question of water power as well as navigation, should be considered to help defray the expenses of improvement. He declared that when there was competition between a railway and a boat line the former should not be allowed to make rates lower than part of its rate lower than complementary, in an effort to destroy competition. Dock privileges, he said, should be open to all and should be owned by the municipalities or by the federal government.

Jos. Andrew Clarke's Advertisement

What Judge Harvey Actually Said and Thought

READ THE FOLLOWING AND THEN ASK YOURSELF IF ANY ALDERMAN SHOULD SIT STILL AND ALLOW CITY MONEY TO BE SO HANDLED WITH OUT A PROTEST.

Judge Harvey's finding is almost identical with the words of the Committee of which Alderman Clarke was Chairman.

The Committee said in JUNE—

"We can find no evidence which would justify an investigation before judge."

The Judge having heard far more evidence than the committee had before it, said:

"It is difficult to trace."

"Due diligence was not exercised."

And he says IN CONCLUSION—

"That I have been unable to find any EVIDENCE" and "FAR FROM JUSTIFIABLE."

Bear in mind that all the evidence obtainable of use must come from five men: G. S. Armstrong, F. M. C. Crosskill, S. W. Candy, H. L. McInnis and Mr. Bown.

And when His Lordship comments on the failure to remember and gives the Scotch verdict of "Not Proven," those who say or think that an alderman should silently stand for such deals should condemn Alderman Clarke at the polls MONDAY.

The following extracts from Judge Harvey's findings show that every effort made by the City Council to get to the bottom to find out the truth of the Elizabeth Street McInnis deal was justified by the suspicious circumstances, the lack of information, the "poor memory" of those acting for the City.

"Do you want your business transacted that way? Then vote for the Administration Candidate for Mayor."

In view of the damaging findings of His Lordship, the administration organ has the audacity to attempt a whitewash—such a could, irregular, illegal, unable to find evidence, and agreements, other suspicious, etc., etc.

"Start at the foot of Page 8 in the Judge's furnished alderman.

"The most morning after the resolution, Dr. McInnis called at the Commissioners' office, and HE states that he was induced by Commissioner Candy because of his knowledge of the owners, etc., to try and secure the necessary property. Commissioner Candy stated that he DID NOT instruct Dr. McInnis that he MAY have done so, though he did not REMEMBER it."

And on Page 9.

"The fact that Mr. Candy, Jr., (son of Commissioner Candy) KNEW that this property was for sale, and went to Dr. McInnis about it, and the negotiations were conducted through Mr. Candy, who, for his services received a commission from the Western Realty Company. Dr. McInnis ATTEMPTED TO LEAVE the impression that Mr. Candy's connection with the transaction was of a purely casual character, and in doing so STATED AN FACTS that apparently never existed"

"I can see nothing whatever out of the way in Mr. Candy's real connection with the case, and find it therefore somewhat hard to UNDERSTAND the ATTEMPT TO CONCEAL it."

"Mr. Candy STATED that he knew that Dr. McInnis was purchasing, and saw him about this property AFTER BEFORE CHRISTMAS, whereas, the Resolution of Council was not passed till the night of December 20."

"HE THERE HAD BEEN NO GROUND FOR SUSPICION OTHERWISE," and again on Page 7, Dr. McInnis, though he DESERVED to be CONCEAL Mr. Candy's connection, since he was the son of the Commissioner, and that PRIGARILY, it is HAD NOT APPROACHED HIS WORTHY SIRE OUGHT THIS PROPERTY AT ALL, SINCE IT WAS NOT IN FACT REQUIRED FOR THE SCHEME."

"Mr. Candy gave NO RECOLLECTION of having given instructions for ANY checks but Dr. McInnis states that he would go in and explain to Commissioner Candy, giving the price, when he knew it was for $2,500 for a sum which usually he ARBITRARILY fixed, and the check would be given 28 days."

"Mr. Candy's explanations BY NO MEANS clear from the evidence, that Dr. McInnis, after getting Commissioner Candy's approval, went to Mr. Crosskill and asked for a check giving HIM the option on the land and purchase price, which appear on the voucher, and that being an alderman, HAVE NO DOUBT he would be ready to sign the check under the impression that HE WOULD BE ABLE TO GIVE ANY MORE SATISFACTORY INFORMATION ON THE ACTUAL TRANSACTION AND PROCEEDINGS."

"Unfortunately, that they all with one accord forgotten."

"NOBODY KNEW."

"The only idea was a gentle whitewashing to bulletin minds, but all the electors are not BULLETIN."

And on Page 8.

"Mr. Crosskill, since Candy accepted and approved of the price paid and APPARENTLY authorized anyone, took off them to Dr McInnis PERSONALLY, though he was not entitled to any moneys in the CITY—AND THIS WAS ALL DONE ORALLY, there being NOTHING WRATTEN IN WRITING to evidence ANY of these matters. And that, too, though the commissioner's memory as shown by the circumstances under which HIS LETTER RELIANCE CAN BE PLACED, under these conditions, the circumstances might have been less favorable."

And on Page 8.

"The agreement was the only agreement that existed between Dr. McInnis and the city, and it was ENTIRELY ORAL." And again the Judge cannot, and does not, say with whom this ORAL agreement for $2,500 deal WAS MADE.

And on Page 9.

"Dr McInnis MEMORY on this point is NOT SUFFICIENT to ENABLE HIM to give ANY DETAILS of the granting of the check.

"Mr. Crosskill furnishes some information. He says he knew that the title was encumbered, and it required time to clear.

"This information WOULD PROBABLY come from Mr. Bown directly as indirectly from Dr. McInnis. Mr. Bown's evidence is clear that he never knew that Dr. McInnis was getting an check.

Again on Page 11:

"And my conclusion is, that I have been UNABLE TO FIND ANY EVIDENCE to justify any inference that any alderman had committed a crime."

And, in conclusion, his lordship finds on Page 11:

"In answer to Page 10—As already stated the checks are ALL signed by the Mayor and Secretary-Treasurer, and most of the vouchers ALSO; the remaining ones being signed by Commissioner Candy."

"IT IS DIFFICULT to trace the authority back to the Secretary-Treasurer. THOUGH I HAVE NO DOUBT that he had the authority of Commissioner Candy, either tacit or expressed, for all the payments."

"BUT DILIGENCE WAS NOT EXERCISED, but fortunately for the City's interest the confidence which seems to have been placed in Dr McInnis by the Council, and the Commissioners in connection with his actions as the city's representative in the transaction DOES NOT APPEAR TO HAVE BEEN BETRAYED."

Does anyone expect that they would plead guilty if it was so? All they could do was forget the "suspicious" CIRCUMSTANCES.

Having read these reports, ask yourself before voting, Who was slandered?—Ask yourself if that is the way to do public business.

If you think in this instance that Alderman Clarke did not perform a painful and unpleasant, but necessary, duty, then vote for someone else.

But I will guarantee, if elected, that no alderman in 1913 will have to fight for justice as I have done, and that no Corporation, Clique or Person will put any deal over on the city that requires my signature, and my enemies' frenzy to accomplish my defeat is your guarantee that at least they know I will make good.

In conclusion, as I have not the support of the Journal, Bulletin or Capital, our daily papers, I ask that if any new statement, charges or reflections that might require an answer are to be made against me, that the same be made in time to permit of my replying to same by advertisement and on the platform before election.

Failure to do this, I appeal to fair-minded electors to treat any statement made too late for reply as Political rearback, unworthy of credence.

And on these, among other grounds

Your Vote and Influence is Respectfully Solicited for

Joseph A. Clarke for Mayor in 1913

"A MAN YOU KNOW NOT TO BE AFRAID TO TAKE THE STAND OF HIS CONVICTIONS ON ANY PUBLIC QUESTION.

EDMONTON BULLETIN

MORNING EDITION

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W. D. McLEAN, Supt. News, Circulation and Advertising.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1912.

ADMITS THE OFFENCE.

Sir Rodolphe Forget explains that when he offered his marine railway bribe to the electors of Richelieu there were a great many Liberal members of Parliament in the constituency, and intimates that he threw out the bribe as a sort of emergency measure in the hope of off-setting the eloquence of his opponents. To Sir Rodolphe this may appear to be an excuse. To most people it will look like an admission.

THE NEWS vs. THE NEWS.

The Toronto News says "there is nothing more insincere in Canadian politics than partisan denunciation of electoral corruption." Proceeding, the News discredits the idea of appointing an investigating committee to look into charges of electoral rascality. Assuming that the News stated its case for the purpose of disproving it, it certainly succeeds. Partisan denunciation of an attempt to expose corruption must surely be more insincere than partisan denunciation of the corruption.

TWO POINTS TO PROVE.

Discussing the navy question, the Toronto News says "We ought to get rid of the notion that we are to do something for the mother country. We are rather to do something for ourselves." It is Canada, then, and not the mother country which faces the supposed "emergency" from which escape demands a contribution to the British Admiralty. There are only two points to be established to win unanimous approval of the scheme on this ground. One is that Canada is in emergency; the other that the contribution will get us out of it.

NO "CORPORATION CONNECTIONS.

Mr. Short has made short work of the main argument his opponents have found against him. On Wednesday evening, to an audience at Riverdale, he stated unequivocally that if elected on Monday he will step out of his law practice absolutely, and will devote his time and talents unreservedly to the duties of his public office. That finishes the allegation that Mr. Short would not be able to serve the city faithfully because he holds a solicitorship for a railway company. And with that story gone, his opponents have not much left in the way of ground for criticism.

FIGHTING FOR "THE SECOND CHANCE."

The gentlemen who have been aspiring and conspiring during the past year to get control of the electing power and so of the city administration are in agreement on two points. Whichever of the two alternative candidates they are supporting they are united in their opposition to Mr. Short, and also in roundly condemning the present city administration.

That these gentlemen should be at enmity to Mayor Armstrong and to the present administration is not a matter of surprise. They have cause for their hostility. It is to Mayor Armstrong and the city commissioners, past and present, that the failure of their scheme to get a grip on the ballot of the laborer—and so upon the collars of the mayor and aldermen for next year—was due. In a signed statement His Worship has indicated the attempt that was made to get a "municipal" employment bureau established, and also the declared purposes of those who wanted it established. Considering what these purposes were, and how admirably they could have been furthered by the bureau, it is not a matter of wonder that the promoters of the scheme should feel very "sore" at their disappointment, nor that they should admit their "soreness" by unlimited condemnation of the mayor and the present administration and all his and their works. The measure of wrath and disappointment they exhibit at the failure of the scheme is the measure of the advantages they hoped and expected to derive from it.

The election of Mr. Short will mean that the hopes of the gentlemen must be again deferred. It is no more a wonder, therefore, that they are unanimously opposed to Mr. Short's election than that they are one in denouncing Mayor Armstrong. The one they denounce because he blocked their plans this year; the other because he will prevent them next year. And the vigor and unanimity with which they assail Mr. Short on behalf of either the other candidates is the indication of what it would mean to them if they could secure next year the control of civic affairs which they failed to secure this year.

The latest and most curious argument these gentlemen have devised against Mr. Short is that Mayor Armstrong favors his candidature, and that Mr. Short thus stands in a kind of apostolic succession dating from the mayoralty of Mr. McDougall. Just why this should be thought an argument against Mr. Short's election is not clear. That each retiring mayor has indicated whom he thought best to fill the position for the ensuing year is true. That the citizens have for some years approved the choice of the retiring mayor is also true, and indicates the general belief that an intimate personal knowledge of civic affairs qualifies a man to judge who would be able to carry on the duties of the mayoralty with public advantage. If Mr. Short has the support of Mayor Armstrong that is only saying that the man who should be best able to judge thinks Mr. Short the best man for the position for next year.

It does not mean that Mr. Short is the "candidate of the present administration" and bound in any way to follow the lines followed by Mayor Armstrong. Mr. Armstrong was supported for the mayoralty by Mayor Lee, but Mayor Armstrong brought about the dismissal of Mr. Bouillon, whom Mayor Lee had engaged, and against Mr. Lee's declared opinion. There is no necessary continuity of civic policy running from year to year and binding the occupant of the mayor's chair to follow slavishly in the footsteps of his predecessor. And anybody who expected Mr. Short to follow against his judgment the example of any predecessor or the narrow restrictions of precedent could not be familiar with Mr. Short's previous record in the mayoralty nor with the charter in which he incorporated such new ideas as the commissioner system, municipal ownership of public utilities, the land tax, and tenant's right to vote and hold office.

Talk about Mr. Short being the candidate of the present administration—in any sense but that he is supported by Mayor Armstrong—is so much chatter thrown out by those whose motto is anything and anybody to beat Short and get a chance to accomplish next year the predatory schemes they tried to "put over" this year.

CORRESPONDENCE

IMPERIAL VETERANS' ASSOCIATION OF ALBERTA.

Editor Bulletin.

Sir,—Will you kindly give me space in which to announce that mounted photographs (10 in. by 8 in. each) of the address presented on September 4th last to H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught, Governor General of Canada, by the ex-service men of Edmonton and district then parading before him, will now be available for members and also for others interested in the British united service, at the office of the McDermid Engraving company, 122 Rice street, Edmonton, at the cost price, namely, fifty cents per copy.

I may add that His Royal Highness has (through his military secretary, Colonel Lowther) permitted my having the address returned to me for this express purpose.

Yours faithfully,
J. W. TUKKER
(Formerly 10th Royal Hussars),
President Imperial Veterans' Association of Alberta.

H. B. COMPANY'S LAND.

New Agent May Open Sale of Lands in Prince Albert.

Prince Albert, Dec. 5—Hudson's Bay company has appointed J. E. Arnott, of Winnipeg, to be land agent here. J. E. Bradshaw, M.L.A., of this city has previously held the agency. This is taken to mean the opening of much land held by the company here.

SECRETARY MACNEAGH ATTACKS U.S. CURRENCY

Declares Legislation is Needed in Order to Avert Commercial, Industrial and Social Disasters—ses Deficit on Fiscal Year 1913-4 of Fifty-Three Millions.

Washington, Dec. 5—Franklin MacVeagh, secretary of the treasury, in his annual report submitted to congress, strongly urges radical reform of the "unreasoned and unscientific" banking currency system of the United States, and freely warns congress that the federal government so long as the present scheme exists, will be exclusively responsible for the commercial, industrial and social disasters which flow from panics and attack, directly or indirectly, to every home in the nation.

The present system, decares the secretary, promotes and develops panics, and legislation is urgent. He advocates a revision which would afford a flexible and elastic currency and reserves, which would bring the banks into organized co-operation and provide for a central agency through which they could work together free of political or trust control.

According to his estimates, the secretary foresees a deficit of $222,556,023, exclusive of the Panama canal expenditures, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1914, the first fiscal year of President-Elect Wilson's administration. Including the canal expenditures the deficit will be $52,750,434. For the current year, ending June 30, 1913, he estimates there will be a surplus of $40,200,000 on ordinary accounts, or a deficit of $1,800,000, including the canal expenditures. Estimated receipts, for this year are $711,000,000, and ordinary disbursements $670,800,000.

SCHOOL BOARD QUESTIONS ARE LOOMING UP

(Continued from Page One.)

cated that everything be public. I declared that the press should be allowed to be present. Supt. McCaig was very much opposed to this. So was Mr. Ramsay and Miss Nicholls. But we got it finally.

Kindergarten Question.

"Then came the question of kindergartens. I wanted to see them started in the city. But the same bunch were opposed to them. However, we succeeded in getting two rooms for this purpose. I wanted these rooms on the ground floor, because the children were so small. And who do you suppose opposed this? Supt. McCaig, Ramsay and Miss Nicholls. Yet this is the man that Mr. McKenzie is lauding."

"I'm not lauding him," objected Mr. McKenzie from the audience. "I said I had no brief for McCaig.

"Before I get through I'll show you that you have, though," retorted Dr. Park.

"Another thing we got this year was merical inspection of the school children," continued Dr. Park. "And the inspector how has two nurses to help him."

"Then I advocated a system of telephones in the schools. Who opposed this? Why, McCaig, Ramsay and Miss Nicholls.

"Yes, we started an agitation to raise the teachers salaries. McCaig and Ramsay opposed this, and strange to say Miss Nicholls supported us. This was the only thing on which Miss Nicholls worked with us.

"Then I asked for commercial courses in the high schools. And McCaig, Ramsay, Miss Nicholls and Clarke opposed the idea.

"If I hadn't fought for these things, we would not have had them now," concluded the doctor in reciting the record of the past year's work.

Teetotaller Question.

Then Dr. Park took up the accusation that he was not a teetotaller. "I never accused Mr. McKenzie of being one," he remarked, "But I can say that I am a teetotaller. I have never taken a drink in a hotel."

"I didn't accuse you of drinking in a hotel," retorted Mr. McKenzie.

"I'll accept your statement," conceded Mr. McKenzie, "and if I don't prove you wrong, I'll apologize publicly."

Then Dr. Park sailed into the McCaig investigation. "It was never closed," he declared. "There was all kinds of evidence to show that McCaig is not a proper man to have at the head of our school department. Look at what he is known as, the names he is called."

An advertisement from a local weekly was then read. This advertisement said: "Vote for K. W. McKenzie, A. Butchart and J. J. McKenzie for the school board."

"I, that isn't a frame-up, I would like to know what it is?" questioned Dr. Park. "Didn't J. J. McKenzie support Mr. McCaig last season? Didn't Alex. Butchart come to the investigation and endorse everything McCaig said? And now dosen't K. W. McKenzie endorse him? If these three are elected they will put in McCaig as superintendent of the whole city. If you want that, all right. But I tell you that if I am elected, I will do my best to have that man removed from his position where he is over the education of our children."

Alex. Butchart Speaks.

Alex. Butchart also spoke. He denied knowing anything about the advertisement linking his name with the two McKenzies. "I didn't know a thing about that until four days after the paper was published," he said. "I didn't order it put in, and I do not intend to pay for it.

"One thing Dr. Park has not put in his platform, is that he is carrying on a secret campaign in which he attacks McCaig and says he will fire him if elected.

"Now, just to show you how little truth there is in the statement that I have been part of a frame-up to support anybody, let me tell you Rev. Dr. McQueen was the first man to come to me and ask me to run for the school board, and he is the head of the Temperance and Moral Reform League. I am asking your support for election to the board. I have had a great deal of experience in educational and finance matters in the city and I think I can give you good service. I will approach my duties, if elected, with an open mind and without any prejudice."

K. W. McKenzie also denied any knowledge of the "slate" advertisement.

TELLS OF SCENES WHEN MCNAMARA ARRESTED

One of the Defendants in the Dynamite Conspiracy Describes the Entrance of Detectives to Arrest Secretary of Iron Workers.

By Bulletin Leased Wire.

Indianapolis, Dec. 5.—Scenes about the iron workers' national headquarters, when John J. McNamara, the secretary, was arrested six months after the Los Angeles Times explosions were described by Henry W. Legleitner, of Denver, defendant at the dynamite conspiracy trial today.

Legleitner said that he and other members of the union's executive board were in session when the detectives entered. On instructions of President Ryan he went to guard vaults to prevent the detectives from procuring the papers until the union's attorney arrived, but he denied knowledge that any explosives were in the vaults from which nitroglycerine, dynamite and infernal machines later were taken.

At that time Legleitner said he was a member of the committee appointed to audit the union finances. He identified one check for $1000 paid Olof A. Tveitmoe, of San Francisco, in August, 1910, two months befor the Los Angeles explosion, but he denied passing on any checks giving McNamara $1000 a month, which the government charges was used for a dynamiting crew.

INDIGNANT AT THE C. P. R.

Live Stock Men Protest Against Delays They Undergo.

Winnipeg, Dec. 5—The meeting of the live stock shippers' association, held last night at the Leland hotel, almost resolved itself into an indignation meeting against the Canadian Pacific railroad on account of the poor service that it was claimed stockers received at its hands.

Nearly half of the members present gave some specific instance of delay in obtaining cars, in delay in having them spotted after they were on the track and of what they considered undue delay in transportation. It was said by some members that the country stock pen, maintained by the Canadian Pacific, were in an unsanitary condition, though they had been ordered by the railway commission to put them in good shape several months ago.

CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEES.

Names of Men Who Will Preside Over Commons Business.

Ottawa, Dec. 5.—Chairmen of the House of Commons committees have been named as follows: Railways and canals, A. E. Lancaster; banking and commerce, H. B. Ames; public accounts, W. S. Middlebro; marine and fisheries, C. Jameson; privileges and elections, S. Barker; private bills, O. S. Crocket; standing orders Dr. E. Paquet; mines and minerals, F. H. Shepherd; agriculture and colonization, J. A. Sexmith; forest and water powers, Richard Blain; printing, Major J. A. Currie.

OLD COUNTRY BOOKINGS ARE EASILY RECORD

Number of Persons Leaving Edmonton for Old Land Shows Prosperity.

TOURISTS BELONG TO ALL CLASSES

Busy Scenes Witnessed in Offices of Railway Passenger Agents.

"The present season beats all previous records in bookings from Alberta for Eastern Canada en route for the old country," declared Mr. J. F. Philp, passenger agent of the G. T. P. to the Bulletin yesterday.

"We have booked more passengers for Great Britain during the last three days," he said, "than during a week and a half at the same period last year. In connection with our special excursions we sent off a large party from Edmonton on Dec. 2, connecting with the White Star liner Laurentic, which is due to sail from Portland on Dec. 7. "This is the second excursion," said Mr. Philp, "that has left Edmonton for the east and Great Britain during the present season, not of course, including smaller parties of tourists which we provide for as a matter of every day business. The first party which left Edmonton on November 18, is now at home in the motherland.

Record Bookings.

"Another record is likely to be created," said Mr. Philp, "by the heaviest of the bookings taking place for the special G. T. P. excursion that is leaving Edmonton for Great Britain next Monday. It will be the largest excursion that we have run so far, looking by the present rate of bookings. This excursion is in connection with the Teutonic, which sails from Portland Dec. 14.

The C. P. R. and C. N. R. had the same tale to tell of record bookings for the season's excursions.

Trans-Atlantic travel this year is on a scale never before known in the history of Canada," said Mr. Mudill, the C. N. R. passenger agent. A large party will leave Edmonton under the auspices of the C. N. R. next Sunday night in connection with sailings by the steamships Grampian, Empress of Britain and Scandinavian, which leave St. John on Dec. 13.

All Classes of Tourists.

The scene in all the offices of the leading railway and steamship companies been yesterday and today confirmed the statements of the companies as to the phenomenal character of Eastern passenger traffic. It was no joke to get to the counters so great was the press of intending travellers to the old country, and when the matter was at length reached there was another long wait before the line of applicants had been attended to. The applicants were of every class in the scale of wealth and the number of third class bookings showed that the prosperity of the year has been distributed with a liberal hand even to those whose earning powers do not place them in the society column. Indeed the scenes were memorable in their unvarying testimony to the good fortune that has come to the people of Alberta.

Will Advertise Edmonton.

Glancing at the well-to-do crowd that streamed homewards with their tickets in their pockets one could not help but think of the splendid advertisements for Edmonton and Alberta every one of these returning travellers will be when they reach their native shore. They will have much to tell of this country's opportunities for the industrious and they will be listened to by a people that have never lacked enterprise when the call came. Every one of the tourists visiting the old land should be the means of inducing several others to come to Alberta.

CANADA CONTINUES TO MAKE GOOD SHOWING

Entries of Horses at Live Stock Show in Chicago Are Awarded Premier Prizes.

Chicago, Dec. 4—Following its triumph of yesterday, when it carried off the prize for the grand champion steer, Canada today made an excellent showing at the stock show with its entries of horses. Eastern horses walked away with the majority of the blue ribbons, giving the western entries second place. Many of the world's most valuable horses, comprising in the aggregate a valuation of more than $1,000,000, paraded through the arena today and tonight, while the largest crowd yet in attendance cheered until it was hoarse.

A number of these fine blooded horses are known the world over and at least a half dozen were estimated to be worth from $50,000 to $75,000, while a dozen others fell into the class valued at from $25,000 to $50,000.

The Canadian winners were:—

Class 3, stallion, between 2 and 3 years—1. King of All, Graham Bros., Claremont, Ont.

Class 4, stallion under 2 years—Second, Alert, Graham Bros. Claremont, Ont.

Class 16, filly foals—Second, Tovey, Graham Bros. Claremont, Ont.

Aberdeen Angus, class 24, bull, 2 years—First, Leroy, J. D. McGregor, Brandon, Man.

Class 25, bull, 2 years—Second, Expert of Dalmony, J. D. McGregor.

Shorthorns—Class 4, senior yearling bull—Second, Lavendar Marshall, R. W. Caswell, Saskatoon, Sask.

Shropshires—Class 4, ewe, 1 year—First, D. J. Campbell, Woodville, Ont.; second, Henry Wardwell.

GOOD PROGRESS NOW BEING MADE ON HIGH LEVEL BRIDGE WORK

Steel Work Will be in Place by March Next—Station and Subway Ready by That Time.

Work is proceding rapidly on the high level bridge since the termination of the strike of the bridge workers. When the strike commenced the steel was as far as the second pier from the south side.

A good start has been made with the spanning of the second and third arches. The big crane is swinging the great iron girders into position, while the loud whirr of the compressed air hammers in the hands of the riveters is heard almost without intermission.

Owing to the delay caused by the strike it will probably be March before the steel reaches the north bank of the river. By that time everything will be in readiness on the north side to receive the trains.

The concrete basement of the new depot is in and work on the subway has commenced. One of the abutments to carry the bridge over Jasper avenue has been constructed and the concrete is being put in for the other one.

Both the bridges over the grade at McKay and Victoria avenues are finished as far as the concrete work goes, though neither have been opened to traffic.

EFFECT OF CANAL ON TRADE OF THE WEST

Report of Department of Public Works Foreshadows Great Developments in West Because of Shorter Haul and Extra Markets for Grain.

Ottawa, Dec. 5—The effect of the Panama canal in the development of trade, particularly that of western grain carrying, is the principal feature of the report of the public works department tabled by the Hon. Robert Rogers yesterday.

Deputy Minister Hunter reviews at length the work of the department and refers to the harbor improvements which have been begun at Victoria and Vancouver. Both cities, he states, are looking forward to a great development from the opening of the new canal and in consequence a start has been made upon extensive dredging operations and docking facilities. It is predicted that a car load of Alberta wheat could make four trips to Vancouver and Victoria in the time it would take for one trip to St. John. As a consequence there is no reason why millions of bushels of western grain should not find an outlet by way of Panama and not to the injury either of the lake ports or Montreal and St. John—it is considered that the fact increasing crop output will greatly tax the capacity of all those ports and the new route will consequently be of the greatest advantage.

An enormous increase in immigration also is looked for by reason of the cheap rates when the trip is made all the way by water.

The report reviews the harbor works at the lake ports and at Montreal, Quebec and St. John, and also gives much interesting historical data touching the growth of the country, its trade and the public improvements that have accompanied it.

The total expenditure last year was $12,923,066, the principal items being $3,169,587 on harbors and rivers, $5,029137 on dredging, and $1,141,736 on public buildings. The revenue was $412,530, of which over $200,000 came from government telegraph lines.

HON. MR. ROGERS TO BE THRASHED BY CAPT. SIFTON

Spirited Reply to Cowardly Attack Made in House of Commons.

CAPT. SIFTON DENIES CHARGES ABSOLUTELY

Insists Rogers Give Him Personal Explanation When Next They Meet.

Winnipeg, Dec. 5—Capt. W. H. Sifton, of Manitoba, in a public letter today makes a spirited reply to the attack made on him by Hon. Robt. Rogers in the House of Commons this week. Capt. Sifton defies him to make good or prove his statements regarding his character. He states that he was a employee of the Liberal government until the defeat in September, 1911, and was employed in Rogers' own department up until August 30, 1912. Mr. Sifton declares that he has always followed pursuits just as honorable as those of Mr. Rogers. He says that he has always taken an interest in the government of the country and has sacrificed time and salary to assist at various elections, and will do so again.

He resents strongly the expression of Mr. Rogers that he is a public nuisance, and says it would be more true to say he is a political nuisance. He has always been close to half-breeds and able to converse with them in their own language, and insinuates that Mr. Rogers will never prevent his speaking with these people whom he has known for 34 years.

"Before this happens, either the Talon Rock will have ceased to flout over Canada or he will be laid to rest.

"This so-called gentleman (Rogers) should tremble with shame when he refers to my treating half-breeds over the bar. How many, many times, have these very factics been his own. I believe this so-called Hon. Robt. Rogers is a party to the dismemberment of Manitoba, and a violation of British laws. I should like to ask why this man Rogers should be allowed to insult more respectable citizens than himself. It will be necessary for this so-called gentleman to give me a personal explanation at our next meeting.

"I believe that all fair-minded, honorable people will agree with me that any person guilty or trying to poison the minds of people against one who is unknown to them is most contemptible. Some are fortunate that they can become cabinet ministers without previously having to pass an examination to qualify as gentlemen."

HENRI BOURASSA TALKS TO CANADIAN CLUB

Discusses Basis of Imperial Partnership and Regarding Canada Declares it Too Narrow.

London, Dec. 4—Henri Bourassa tonight addressed the Canadian club on the "Basis of Imperial Partnership." He said that the imperial partnership he referred to the Canadian people was very narrow. Great Britain was insular, geographically, and through history. They had kept aloof from other colonies still colonies, self-government in a way, when it came to foreign affairs and diplomacy and the marking of international laws that would deal in one way or another with Canada personally, then they wished to and did make these laws themselves and without consulting the wishes of the country most involved. He thought sentiment to be a noble and worthy thing. It could be carried too far, however.

"Canada will not consent to be an adjunct even of the empire," he said.

BROWN MAKES A GREAT HIT WITH THE FANS

Scaler and Brown Held First Workouts at Mechanics' Hall Yesterday.

HIBBING BOY TRAINED WITH JOHNNY HAYES

Training Juarters Filled With Large Crowd of Interested Fans.

"The Beau Brummel of the boxing ring," is the appellation which Edmonton fans have already applied to Pal Brown, the Hibbing boxer, who is here preparing to meet Kid Scaler on Dec .14.

The handsome little exponent of the manly art has already won a host of friends in the city, for Pal is just as much of a little gentleman inside the ring as out of it. The fans who saw him work out at Mechanics' hall yesterday afternoon will bear this statement out.

Every available seat in the Mechanics' hall was filled yesterday afternoon and a great many fans were forced to stand. The interest already being taken by the fans augurs well for the attendance on Dec 14 and that the Empire theatre will be crowded to its fullest capacity is a foregone conclusion Both Scaler and Brown indulged in the stiffest kind of a workout yesterday afternoon and they will be in the pink of condition when they step into the ring a week from Saturday night .

A Hard Worker

The Hibbing idol is a regular horse for work From the moment he stepped into the ring yesterday until the hour was up there was never a let-up. He went at his training work with a vim and enthusiasm which delighted the fans. Rope-skipping, punching the bag, shadow boxing, weight-lifting and a three-round exhibition with Johnny Hayes was Brown's afternoon work. The two boxers mixed it up in great style. Brown showed the cleverness which has won for him 46 straight battles, and the fans look for a great little bout when he meets Scaler.

In his training bouts Brown takes no chances of spoiling that pretty face of his. Like Willie Ritchie, he wears ear guards, which protect those appendages and obviate all chances of a cauliflower ear. Brown showed beautiful footwork and carries a terrific swing in each mitt. He will work out daily from 4 to 5 p. m. with Johnny Hayes and another local boxer. Yesterday he looked in beautiful condition and will be down to 133 in a day or two if he continues his present strenuous training campaign.

Kid Scaler Looked Good

The old veteran Kid Scaler, also looked in the pink of condition. The Kid worked out from 3 to 4 p. m. with Eddie Franks and Farrell, the Spokane boy who will go on in the preliminary with Jack Tyldsley. The mix-up between Scaler and Franks was the most interesting affair of the afternoon. Franks is a great little mixer and will make a good sparring partner for Scaler. Farrell also showed that he is a clever boxer and the "whirlwind of the north" will be up against the hardest proposition in his short ring career. Scaler is already down to weight and from now out will devote his time to wind and condition.

Eddie Franks is making no bones about the fact that he intends to defeat Kid Lucas, the Calgary fireman, this trip and will go through a hard grind from now until the night of the 14th, so that he will be in perfect condition ti hang the Indian sign on "Bobo." Franks is a clever little boxer and local fans believe that he is capable of defeating the Calgary boxer.

Program Now Complete

President McDonald, of the Edmonton Athletic club, had a telephone call last night from A. H. E. Beckett, sporting editor of the Calgary News-Telegram, who is looking after Lucas' interests and as a result the program for the 14th is now complete The Calgary man stated that Lucas is prepared to go on at 130 pounds ringside with Franks. There is a $50 weight forfeit up in connection with this bout and both men must make the weight or forfeit the money.

The program arranged for the Empire theatre on Dec. 14 will be as follows:

Six-round preliminary—Farrell, of Spokane, vs. Jack Tyldsley.

Six-round semi-windup—Eddie Franks, of Edmonton, vs. Kid Lucas, of Calgary.

Fifteen-round bout—Pal Brown, of Hibbing, Minn., vs. Kid Scaler, of Edmonton.

OUTLOOK FOR HOCKEY IN CALGARY IS POOR

Joe Price, of the Calgary Albertan, grows very optimistic over the hockey outlook in Calgary this winter. He fears the competition will be poor and that Cowtown will see a very poor brand of the great winter game. There was a way of getting a good brand of competition, but Joe couldn't see it. Here's what he says: "I certainly hope that the Calgary section of the Provincial Hockey league will be able to make a good showing, and that local competition will result, but, candidly, I must admit that things do not loook any too rosy. Sherman's team looks strong, but the other two might well combine strength in order to provide good local competition. The way things ri!c up at the present time, it looks like a walkaway for Lloyd Turner's bunch. I am hoping against hope that I have a wrong hunch."

MARITIME MAGNATES SIT UNTIL TWO IN MORNING

Bulletin Leased Wire

Halifax, Dec. 5.—At 2 o'clock this morning the Maritime Provincial Hockey association was still in session and the question with regard to this association's part in drafting of players to the N. H. A. had not been decided upon.

Sydney has been admitted to the league and the schedule readjusted with the opening game at Moncton with the Iron City aggregation crossing sticks with the Moncton Victorias.

The schedule provides for a total of forty games.

LAVIOLETTE SIGNED UP WITH CANADIENS

Managing Director Kennedy Says That Lalonde Will Manage Team.

Bulletin Leased Wire.

Montreal, Dec. 5.—Managing Director Kennedy, of the Canadiens, says that the Patricks do not know what they are talking about when they speak about Lalonde, particularly as to the charges that he double-crossed them He says they know very well that they broke the understanding first by trying to get Laviolette away from him.

He therefore announces with pleasure that he signed Laviolette yesterday with moving picture accompaniment.

He has an understanding with Lalonde, by which the latter is to manage the Canadiens on a salary and a royalty of percentage.

THE ESKIMO PUCKCHASERS PRACTICED

First Worgout of the Season Watched by a Large Crowd of Fans.

THREE NEW MEN MADE GOOD IMPRESSION

Ice Surface Was Sloppy but the Eskimos Appear to Have Strong Line-Up.

Can the Eskimos repeat? The "railbirds" who lined the sides of the Thistle rink last night are of the opinion that the northern provincial hockey champions of last winter are capable of doing the trick again. The ice was too soft last night to permit of any judgment being formed as to the abilities of the Eskimos this winter, but on paper Deacon White's aggregation of puck-chasers looks awful sweet.

Ten men turned out last night and for an hour chased the elusive spheroid over the mucky surface of the ice sheet at the Thistle rink. The soft weather which set in yesterday spoiled all chances for a keen sheet and the Esks will have to wait for a day or two for the fast ice which suits them so well. But even in the juicy going the large crowd of fans were able to get a fairly good line on the men.

Muirhead, the husky point man, and Potts Newman, the lightning forward of last year's team, showed up to best advantage. Both had speed to burn and appear to be in even better shape than last winter.

The Sutherland family of speed merchants had one representative on the ice in Jimmy Sutherland, the star wing man of last year's Wetaskiwin team. Jimmy is pastiming in Edmonton this winter and will turn out regularly with the Esks. The soft going wasn't at all to his liking, but Jimmy is sure of a place on the line-up. Neal Sutherland was the only absentee, but he will be out at the next practice.

Jack Gordon, Howard Day and Bud Kent were all out in Eskimo uniform and will again uphold the reputation of the Eskimos this winter A few weeks' conditioning and all three will be showing last winter's form. Rus Allen, last winter's sterling goalkeeper, occupied the place between the nets and turned aside the shots in his usual capable style.

Three New Men Out

There were three new men out last night, and all three made a good impression with the crowd. Trudell is a nifty little goalkeeper and Rusty Allen will have to look to his laurels. Trudell is from Montreal and comes with good recommendations. He was in Edmonton last winter, but not sufficiently early to qualify under the residence rule

Banting, who played with the Eskimo rugby team, was also out in uniform. He promises to make a valuable defense man, as he stopped the rushes of the Eskimo stars in great style last night. Banting is a nice stick-handler and a good skater and very hard to stop once he gets under way. The third new man is a new recruit in the city. He promises to be the dark horse of the bunch, for he showed good form last night, handling himself in the most approved style.

Last night's practice was only a light one, the men contenting themselves with combination rushes and shooting. Practices will be held regularly from now out and the fans will have a good opportunity to get a line on the champions.

CALGARY WILL SEND SPECIAL TO EDMONTON

Southerners Are Taking Great interest in Scaler-Brown Battle.

Calgary, Dec. 5.—The scene of Alberta pugilistic activity will be shifted for a few days from Calgary to Edmonton. Calgary fans have had their fill of first-class bouts during the past few weeks, and while there are some others just as good under consideration, we will be content to focus our attention upon the Pal Brown-Kid Scaler affair, which comes off in Edmonton on Dec. 14. A large crowd of Calgary fans are sure to make this trip, and plans are already under way for the chartering of a special car to carry local ring followers.

Pal Brown arrived in Edmonton yesterday fresh from the east, where he has been improving the time and gathering in the shekels. A wire was received from him just as he left Windsor, in which he said he was feeling fine and that he weighed 132 pounds. If this is the case, then there will sure be a real scrap when he meets Scaler.

From this distance, judging from bits of go[illegible] been incidentally dropped by [illegible] the inside, Scaler is just a little afraid of the Hibbing wonder. He is going to insist that Brown makes 133 ringside, and unless he does Scaler will refuse to enter the ring. In fact, rumor has it that Dick Hyland will be right there, and in case Brown does not make the weight, the Calgary lad will be substituted.

Brown's manager, who is in town, says that the reason he did not make the weight the last time was that he was so confident that he was down that he did not bother weighing until the day before the bout. The tale does sound just a little fishy, but that's what Driscoll says. He is willing to bet his last cent that Brown will be below weight when he meets Scaler. He even goes so far as to say that Brown would have no difficulty in making 130 pounds.

In case Brown wins in Edmonton, every effort will be made to get him to meet the winner of the Bayley-Hyland bout in Calgary.

FOUR TEAMS IN BOWLING LEAGUE TIED

Nationals Win Two Out of Three From Albertas and Tie Up the Race.

LEAGUE STANDING

Team.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Albertas...	3	3	.500
Capitals...	3	3	.500
Giants...	3	3	.500
Nationals..	3	3	.500

Things are looking up in senior bowling league circles and the lignum vitae hurlers are gradually beginning to put up respectable scores Last night the Nationals took two of three games from the Albertas and in two of the games both teams got over the 800 mark The best performance of the evening was in the second fracas when the Nationals made 890 pins.

The Albertas annexed the third contest, thanks to the hefty bowling of Coombs, who outdid himself with a 205 score. The Albertas made 835 this game, winning by 33 pins. The first game was a close affair, the Nationals winning out by ten pins. The scores were low, 789 and 779.

As a result of last night's games on the Olympic alleys all four teams in the league are equal, with three games won and three lost. No team has shown any decided superiority and it will require several more games before a good line can be obtained on the men.

Following are the scores:

Albertas—				
Jarvis.	198	190	168—	556
Coombs..	147	156	205—	508
Gifford...	172	145	178—	494
Marskell...	130	171	114—	415
Knott...	137	148	170—	451
	—	—	—	—
	779	810	835—	2424
Nationals—				
Harmer...	151	183	169—	506
Merrick..	169	186	131—	486
Esch...	127	169	157—	453
Grint.....	198	182	156—	536
McCallum...	141	171	189—	501
	—	—	—	—
	789	890	802—	2482

Nationals won two

Strikes and Spares

Jarvis, of the Albertas, was high man for the evening, rolling 556 for the three games.

Grint showed the way to his team mates on the Nationals with a string of 536. This young man has proved the dark horse of the league so far and has the highest average in the league.

Coombs had the best individual score barely got inside the charmed circle, with 508, 506 and 501 respectively.

Coombs ha dthe best individual score of the evening, five strikes in a row bringing his total to 205 Grint and Jarvis were close behind, with 198 each.

Had Barney Marskell and Dan Knott bowled in anything like their true form the Nationals would not have had such an easy time of it The southpaw smote the pins for 114 in the last game and had the handsome total of 415. Knott did not have much on his fellow-workman, 451 for three games being his contribution.

The second game spoiled a 500 score for Gifford, as he fell just six pins shy of the mark.

Merrick and Esch didn't have their batting clothes on last night, but their team won.

MANY OUTSIDE ENTRIES FOR BIG SWIM MEET

Edmonton Will Send Down Good Bunch, and Other Towns to be Represented.

Calgary, Dec. 5.—Already entries are arriving from prominent swimmers in the province, who expect to compete in the provincial championships at the local "Y" tank on Dec. 17 and 18. Mr. E. B. Smythe, secretary of the Y. M. C. A. Swimming club, has received communications from James McAllen, secretary of the Edmonton Amateur Swimming club, stating that he expects to be present with a good string of swimmers. Mr McAllen himself competed in the 1911 championships ,and showed splendid form, winning the 75 yards championship Mr. H. Abbott, of Strathcona, who has for the past two years won the 50-yard back stroke event, has sent in his entry not only for this event, but for the 25 and 50 yard dashes and for the long plunge.

G. K. Allen, of Bawlf, has entered in the 25 yard and 50 yard dashes; also the 50-yard back stroke, the 50-yard breast stroke and the long plunge Mr. Allen is a swimmer of exceptional merit, having gained most of his experience in the M. A. A. A. tank at Montreal.

A large number of entries is also expected from Lethbridge as great interest is being taken in the meet there .

Although the members of the local "Y" club are practicing very hard for the events, they realize that from the entries that are being received, the championships will probably be more evenly divided than has formerly been the case. It is expected that a great many entries from Calgary from other clubs than the Y. M. C. A. will be received as there are a great many swimmers in the city of known reputation.

The following is the list of events:

Senior—Twenty-five yard dash, 50-yard dash 75-yard dash, 100-yard swim, 50-yard breast stroke, 50-yard back stroke, long plunge, neat dive, team race 135 yards (4 men to team).

Junior—Twenty-five yard dash, 50-yard dash, 50-yard breast stroke, 50-feet back stroke, neat dive, team race, 135 yards (4 boys to team).

Juveniles—Twenty-five yard dash, 50-yard dash, 50-feet back stroke, 50-feet breast stroke, neat dive

Official entry forms may be had from E. B. Smythe, secretary of the Y. M. C. A. Swimming club, Calgary.

It has been the custom in years past for the Y. M. C. A. to grant the privilege to all competitors in the championships to practice in the local pool for two weeks prior to the meet. This custom will again be in vogue and competitors will do well to avail themselves of this privilege.

BASKETBALL DOINGS

The basketball game between the Champs and the Vics which was scheduled to be played at the Y. M. C. A. last night was called off owing to the inability of the Vics to get a team together. A sixth team has been admitted to the senior league. The Business Men are ambitious and decided to enter the senior series as well as the intermediate

McINTYRE IS COMING BACK TO THE WEST

(Halifax Evening Mail.)

Mickey McIntyre has just returned to the game. McIntyre is certainly looking fit as a fiddle and though yet a little heavy, could go back at the game in a very few weeks now. He has been training faithfully with Kid Burns for about a fortnight and stands today with very little of the superfluous to take off His long lay off from strenuous work since his return from his meteoric career in the west some four months ago, has tended to let him rest up a bit But he is hard at it again, and what's more, means to stick

Will Meet Nelson

I am going west again in January to meet Battling Nelson in Saskatoon, and I must be fit before I start as I expect a lot more hard battles out there.

Here McIntyre parenthetically threw in: "That's the country I like to fight in. I'm in this business for the money (Scotch thrift), and they certainly hang up the change out in that land of wheat, not that I would rather fight there on general principles. If I could get the same money in the east I would a whole lot rather stay here—but, you know how it is, it's business."

"Would you consider a bout in Halifax?" Mickey was sounded.

"Certainly" he answered without the slightest hesitation "but I must be insured the money to pay me for taking my chance. I'll meet any man in Halifax they can bring here bar none; but, as I said before, I can't see my way clear to take a chance going down for a song."

And he's right there. The man with a rep. he has built up for himself can well dictate terms. With prospects of another brilliant tour of the Canadian west, he would be foolish to jeopardize his chances. But, to be sure, hang up the money, and—that's the answer.

Likely Meet Donahue.

Casting about at the nonce for a man to meet McIntyre here, Young Donahue of Boston seems the most likely. Donahue, a boy who has met the best and has hammered them home to Freddie Welsh, Matty Baldwin and not a few others, should prove a great card with McIntyre here, and no doubt would be available. There is little use of staging a bout with a man of the inferior order—and this man Donahue seems just the mixer to put up a lively scrap.

There has been some talk of matching Mike (Twin) Sullivan with McIntyre here and several others have been proposed. Let it be anyone—but be sure he can bring the goods.

"I could fight in Halifax about the middle of December—I should be ready then." the Cape Breton boy said in answer to a query.

Hands Stronger Than Ever

Incidentally it might be remarked that McIntyre's hand injured in the west, is as good as new now. It looks a different walloper to the one he showed the writer some months ago His return to the game was received with gratification by all who have seen him go.

Speaking of his proposed bout with Nelson, McIntyre stated that he expected to meet the Battler about Jan. 15 in Saskatoon.

"Did you ever get anywhere in your attempts to get Bayley to come to time?" he was asked.

"No. Bayley won't meet me. He was offered $1000 win, lose or draw, but he flatly refused. A backer of mine out that way went so far as to offer to put up $5000 for such a go, but there was nothing doing."

DANNY DUNN WOULD LIKE TO COME WEST

Clever Little Easterner Has Makings of a Champion According to Walgast.

Danny Dunn, a clever little scrapper of New York, is a youngster who is anxious to box in Western Canada . Dunn is open to meet anyone at 116 to 120 pounds and is well known throughout the east, where he has met most of the good ones. He has boxed in Toronto, Windsor, Detroit and other eastern cities, where he has the reputation of being one of the best in his class. There are a number of boxing clubs in western Canada who could do a whole lot worse than bring this youngster out.

After seeing Dunn fight at Canton O., Bob Fitzsimmons, ex-heavyweight champion, said: "Dunn is a great little fighter and reminds one of Young Griffo, the great Australian."

Ad Wolgast, ex-lightweight champion, also hands this one to Danny: "The only thing that keeps Dunn from being a champion is, he never had a chance to fight one."

AROUND THE CITY

Black Preceptory Ball.

The first annual ball of the Royal Black Preceptory, No. 806, took place at the Corona hotel last night. The spacious dining room of the hotel had been cleared and specially decorated for the occasion, and the large number of couples enjoyed themselves thoroughly until two o'clock this morning.

Sir Knight R. Smith, the Preceptor for 1912, acted as M.C., and Sir Knight Wm. Edgar, Preceptor for 1912, also officiated. Turner's seven-piece orchestra supplied the music. The gathering was arranged by a committee consisting of Sir Knights Chas. Shaw, W. H. Bell, Wm. Edgar, S. Murphy, E. Montgomery and W. G. Wanford. Special cars were provided to convey the guests home.

WEST OF ENGLAND SOCIAL.

Arising out of a suggestion some time ago that West of England folk residing in the city should form some kind of a social organization with a view to renewing old acquaintances and forming new ones among those from the old land, a meeting was held in the offices of Leverman-Rendell Co. last evening. After thoroughly discussing the matter it was unanimously decided to hold a social gathering and concert on Monday, Dec. 16. That such a gathering will be a success is assured from the fact that so many are already enthusiastic about it, and also that the wives and lady friends are to be given an opportunity to render practical assistance. The following committee of well-known gentlemen has been appointed: Chairman, W. H. Heller; sec.-treas., E. G. Rendell; committee, Dr. E. W. Allin, Dr. Norman Allin, N. G. Curtis, A. Gribble, R. Cole, R. Mitchell, J. Curtis, W. M. Gimblett. Any desirous of getting further particulars should communicate with Mr. Rendell, 236 Jasper W., 'phone 5669, or any of the committee.

BARBERS HOLD BALL.

The second annual banquet of the Edmonton Barbers' Union, No. 227, was held at the Vienna Cafe last night, over 85 members and friends being present. The gathering was also the celebration of the 25th anniversary of the international union of America. The local union, which has a membership of 65, was formed about six years ago.

Chas. Wilson was in the chair, and the toasts included "The Land we Live in," "Our City," "Our Union," "Our Trade," and the guests and the ladies. These were responded to by Ores. A. Cowbold, T. Thew, H. Chisholm and Geo. Jones, in replying to the toast of the union, the secretary, E. H. Peterson, sketched the history of the organization, and made an excellent speech upon union principles. Songs and instrumental selections were given during the evening by Headley Y. Tuff, C. F. Keyes, J. Mebus and J. H. Attridge.

Some of the guests who were present, including: J. Chamberlain, H. Bender, Smith and Piccolo, made speeches during the evening. The employing barbers, who were also present as guests, formed a committee of four to arrange for a return banquet.

BIG PRICE PAID FOR WORLD'S CHAMPION

Lieutenant-Governor Bulyea To Be Presented With a Roast Cut of Famous Steer by the Owner, J. D. McGregor, of Brandon.

By Bulletin Leased Wire.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—Glencarnock, the big Angus steer, declared champion of the 1912 international live stock association today, sold for fifty cents a pound on the hoof, $798 for the 1,512 pounds of steer to The Fair store. Glencarnock was reared by J. D. McGregor, noted breeder of Brandon, Canada.

Last night Lieutenant-Governor Bulyea received a wire from J. D. McGregor, Brandon, who is now in Chicago, telling of the success of his beef steer and asking him to accept a roast cut of the prize winning animal. This His Honor accepted with pleasure.

The following was the telegram received:

"Lieutenant-Governor Bulyea, Edmonton, Alberta:

Have won the world's championship for fat steer at the International Live Stock Show at Chicago with Glencarnock Victor, a grade Aberdeen Angus steer, bred and fed at Glencarnock Farm, exclusively on Manitoba grain and grasses. I would consider it an honor if you would accept a roast cut from this Canadian beef champion which has brought credit to our fair Dominion. J. D. McGregor."

To this Lieutenant-Governor Bulyea sent the following reply:

"All Canada is proud of your success in winning the championship at the greatest fat stock show in the world. I will accept, with pleasure, a roast cut from the champion.

G. H. V. Bulyea.

DELEGATION FOR OTTAWA.

G. T. P. Machinists Who Struck a Year Ago Will Ask Govt. to take Overtime on Shops.

By Bulletin Leased Wire.

Winnipeg, Dec. 5.—A conference of 300 striking machinists and boilermakers, with their helpers, who left the company's employ on the G.T.P. or Grand Trunk shops ago, has been held here during the past two days with delegates present from all parts of the system east and west, and from all railways.

It was decided to send a delegation tomorrow to Ottawa to interview the government and insist on the shops at Transcona being taken over and operated by the government. The men have assurance of support from all over the east. Moran, of Edmonton, and Regg, of Winnipeg, are two delegates.

PRICE FOR FARM PROPERTY.

The north 300 acres of 19, T. 52, R. 25, W. 4 meridian, lying seven miles from the centre of the city for the sum of $70,000 for the 300 acres. The land is considered one of the best propositions around Edmonton for the purpose for which it was bought, viz: to subdivide into 5 acre blocks for market garden.

On the land is said to be also 80 acres of the finest clay for brick making and a sample has been made and has burned out well.

Mr. Travis Barker, the late owner, came specially from Vancouver, to complete this sale. The purchasers are George Johnson and Jas. Dexter, of the Hanley Rooming House, First street. Messrs. Hyndman and Hyndman acted for Mr. Travis Barker, and Messrs. Johnson and Mexter. The property will be called Meadow Brook.

INQUEST IS ADJOURNED.

A coal inspector who was examining box cars in the C.N.R. yards late on Wednesday night was startled to find, in a car laden with Pennsylvania coal, the body of a newly-born infant, enclosed in a rough towel. The head was covered with bruises, which were evidently the cause of death.

An inquest was begun by Coroner Forin at Connelly and McKinley's undertaking parlors last night, and was adjourned until Tuesday next for further evidence. Certain evidences of identity were found, it is stated, upon the body, and an arrest may be made shortly.

The street cars were tied up for an hour last night, between seven and eight o'clock by reason of lack of power, and Jasper avenue was also in darkness for the greater part of the evening.

Teaching With Kinemacolor.

London, Dec. 5—The education committee of the London county council witnessed a display of teaching by kinemacolor at the Scala theatre. Scenes were given in natural history and botany, as well as historical and geographical scenes. The pictures were accompanied by brief explanations.

FRIDAY BARGAIN NEWS

Hundreds will take advantage of Bargain Day and Select their Xmas Gifts

Damasktablelinen many will hurry to buy

MANY Xmas Shoppers who've planned to give a nice Linen Table Cloth will hurry around to Johnstone Walker's Friday.

Table Damask by the yard shown in a choice of about twenty new designs, in a beautiful snow-white satin finish, 72 inches wide. A quality that will give excellent wear.

Friday, per yard 95c

THE Store News which we print today might well be termed XMAS ECONOMY NEWS, as most of the offerings are specially planned to make your gift money go far and try to induce early Xmas shopping.

A careful reading of the day's offerings will make it clear to you that the best price favors go to those who will shop between the hours of 10 to 11 a. m. and 11 to 12 a. m., and it will pay you to be here.

Girls' Sweater Coats at a Saving of $1.05

WARM and Serviceable Sweater Coats that will make practical gifts. Specially suitable for skating.

They are knitted of all wool English worsted yarns in & neat plain stitch; with military collar and buttoning on the side. In grey, cardinal, green, red, fawn and blue. All sizes. Regularly at $5.00. Friday Bargain 3.95

30 only Smart Cloth Skirts at $2.95 instead of 5.50, will go in no time

WOMEN are certain to almost fall over themselves to get first choice of these handsome Cloth Skirts offered at $2.95, instead of $5.50.

They are in Women's and Misses' sizes, tailored in fancy tweeds, in colors green or brown and in black or brown broadcloths. There's a choice of a variety of new styles, some plain and others trimmed with buttons and side pleats. Lengths 36 to 42. Regular values to $5.50. Friday Bargain 2.95

Fancy Blouses Suitable for Gifts at a Greatly Reduced Price

MANY a foresighted gift shopper will take advantage of this Friday Blouse Bargain and secure a handsome gift at a big price saving.

Women's Fancy Blouses fashioned in ecru or black embroidered net, with undertip or lining of Jap silk. They are with high collars and short sleeves; trimmed with at. insertions and edgings. All this season's styles. Sizes 34 to 44. Regular to $6.50. Friday Bargain 3.95

Plans Laid for a Busy day in Footwear Selling

TIMELY Savings in Footwear, the more welcomed through the unquestioned excellence of Johnstone Walker qualities and the unmatchable qualities they are at our regular pricing.

MEN'S FELT BOOTS.

Made of black felt with thin leather soles and low heels in lace or elastic side styles. Sizes 6 to 11. Reg. $2.00. Friday Bargain 1.55

WOMEN'S FELT SLIPPERS.

Made in Juliette and other popular styles, with [illegible] leather soles, in [illegible] colors, namely, navy, brown, blue grey red and black. Sizes 2 to 8. Regular to $2.00. Friday Bargain 95c

WOMEN'S FLEECE LINED BOOTS.

Made of dongola and box calf in black only; made with leather soles and Cuban heels. Lined with wool fleece. Sizes 2 1-2 to 7. Regular to $2.50. Friday Bargain 1.75

CHILDREN'S HOUSE SHOES.

A warm Boot for housewear made with felt tops with kid vamps, leather soles and heels; in lace and button styles, in red, black, blue, brown and green. Sizes 2 to 7. Regular 95c. Friday Bargain 55c

ON SALE 10 a.m. TO 11 a.m.

CHILDREN'S FELT BOOTS.

Made with entire high top with heavy felt sole and heel; blucher style. Colors: Red, blue, grey, brown and green. Sizes 2 to 6. Regular to $1.75. This Hour 1.00

FIVE O'CLOCK TEA SETS

In Japanese hand-painted china, decorated in roses, etc., consisting of Teapot, sugar bowl, cream jug and cups and saucers. Regular $2.25. This Hour 1.50

250 PIECES OF FANCY LINENS

A special collection for Xmas Gift Shoppers that would be good value at almost double the price. Consisting of tray cloths, centres, lunch cloths, sideboard scarfs, pillow shams, embroidered cases and towels, etc., etc. This Hour 75c

Values to 16.50 in Fur Storm Collars Friday at 10.00

IT'S a Saving Opportunity we can't promise again this season, for the quantity is so limited and price cut so ridiculously low that they are sure to be cleared out in one day's selling.

There Warm Fur Storm Collars are in several popular large styles, made up in Marmot, Seal or dark rat; well quilted and lined with satin; trimmed with heads, paws and tails. Just the correct thing for the real cold weather. Regular values up to $16.50. Friday Bargain $10

MARMOT MUFFS, REGULARLY $6.00 FRIDAY BARGAIN AT $4.95

They are made of selected Marmot in a good dark shade, made in Empire style, nicely quilted and lined with brown satin and finished with a silk wrist cord. Regular $6.00 Friday Bargain 4.95

MORNING BLOUSES AND SACQUES AT 75c, INSTEAD OF UP TO $1.50

WOMEN will count this Blouse Bargain one of the day's best offerings.

They are made of striped Flannelette in brown, navy, cream or grey in a good variety of styles and patterns; made with high or low collars and short or long sleeves; sizes 34 to 40. Reg. up to $1.50. Friday Bargain 75c

A Handsome Xmas Gift at $10. Would be a Woollvena Eiderdown Quilt

THIS Friday Special from the Bedding Section will make a handsome gift from the man or woman who has set $10.00 aside for a certain gift.

These handsome Quilts have been imported from England for the Christmas trade. The covering is of English Art Satin in a selection of 20 or more handsome patterns. Well filled with Woollvena Eiderdown Filling and thoroughly ventilated. Reversible sides; Sizes 5 by 6 and 5 1-2 by 6. Friday 10.00

A Bargain in Children's Coats. You'll Have to Hurry to Share

IT'S a Saving Opportunity sure to be appreciated by more mothers than we'll have Coats to supply with at the price. Better hurry around first thing.

8 only, Childrens' Winter Coats, made of warm Blanket Cloths, diagonal serges and fancy tweeds, in cardinal, navy and grey. Made in straight back style; some with hood at back, others trimmed with self and buttons. Sizes 4 to 12 years. Regular to $10.00. Friday Bargain 4.95

Seasonable Bargains in the Men's and Boy's Section

WITH such seasonable offerings as Men's Underwear and Caps and Boys' Reefers and Mitts, Friday is sure to be a busy day in the Men's and Boys' Section. Better be early.

MEN'S $2.00 UNDERWEAR AT $1.50 SUIT

A Splendid Winter Weight, made of heavy all wool yarns in ribbed style, natural color and unshrinkable. Sizes 34 to 44. Regular $2.00 suit. Friday Bargain $1.50

MEN'S $1.50 WINTER CAPS AT 95c EACH

They are made of dark tweeds in a good selection of patterns; made with fur or knit bands. Regular $1.25 to $1.50. Friday Bargain 95c

BOYS' 75c LINED MITTS AT 50c PAIR

A Good, Warm Mitt that will give satisfactory wear. Made of horsehide or Mocha, with gauntlet, elastic or wool wrists. All sizes. Regular 75c. Friday Bargain 50c

BOYS' $7.50 TO $8.50 REEFER COATS $5.95

Boys' Heavy Reefers made of warm nap cloth in brown, navy, green and red; lined with red flanned tweed; finished with velvet collar and brass buttons. Sizes 26 to 35. Regular $7.50 to $8.50. Friday Bargain 5.95

ON SALE 11 a.m. TO 12 a.m.

WOMEN'S BUSKIN SLIPPERS

Made of Dongola Kid, with warm red fleece lining and insole; made with elastic front and low heels; sizes 2 1-2 to 6. Reg. $1.50. This Hour 75c

WAIST LENGTHS

Beautiful fabrics that will make very acceptable gifts, shown in a selection of about 50 lengths, in silk or fine wool fabrics. Per lengths ..... 1.50 This Hour 1.50

WOMEN'S LLAMA HOSE

Made from fine all wool Cashmere yarns, in black only; made full fashioned and seamless feet; garter tops. Sizes 8 1-2 to 10. Regular 50c per pair. This Hour 35c

Interesting Listing from here and there for gift Shoppers

GIFT Shoppers who have had any of the following items in mind will find their money has an increased purchasing power if spent under the direction of today's shopping news.

WOMEN'S $1.00 MOTOR SCARFS AT 75c

There' no doubt but what dozens of these warm motor scarfs will be selected as gifts tomorrow. They are made of finest Shetland wool, knitted in tubular style in assorted colors; 72 in. long and 10 in. wide. Finished with fringe ends. Regular $1.00. Friday Bargain 75c

REGULAR 35c PERFUME AT 23c

A Strictly High-Class Concentrated Extract, made by the Regal Perfumery Co., in a good selection of odors. Put up in dainty glass stopper bottles for the Christmas trade. Regular 35c. Friday Bargain 23c

THE "WHITE HOUSE" COOK BOOK 75c

A more acceptable gift would indeed be hard to find; a book any woman will treasure. A new and enlarged edition with over 600 pages containing useful recipes, household hints and other information. Covered with white oilcloth. Regular value $1.00. Friday Bargain 75c

See Windows For Xmas Gift Suggestions

JOHNSTONE WALKER LIMITED

JASPER AVE EAST EDMONTON

The Best Bargains go to Morning Shoppers

City's Board of Directors Present Their Annual Financial Report to The Ratepayers

For almost two hours Wednesday night, Mayor Armstrong held the boards at the Bijou theatre, First street, while he read the annual civic report for the past year, and addressed the big crowd gathered for the annual ratepayers' meeting.

After the report had been read, Mayor Armstrong asked if there were any questions to be asked. H. A. Mackie immediately rose and asked from what source the city proposed to get gas.

"I don't think that I should give our hand away," responded the mayor, and the crowd approved. "We are looking into the matter now and when the commissioners make their report very soon you will find that it is the best proposition that can be secured in Northern Alberta."

Mr. Mackie then wanted to know why the district from the Twenty-fourth street to Twenty-seventh and north of the C. N. R. tracks was not served with utilities yet. The mayor explained about the building of sewers and how within a week or two this district would be connected up with the general system, and how a pumping station had been put in to handle this sewage.

Frank Blake wanted to know several things about the eight-hour day, a fair-wage clause to bricklayers, and he read a clause which he said had been passed by the council.

"That is a clause that was proposed in the council but was never adopted," retorted the mayor, and the crowd cheered.

Mr. Blake had so many more questions and speeches that the crowd finally began to yell for him to sit down. Mr. Clegg wanted to know what was done with surpluses from the utilities and the mayor replied that the charter provided that these must go into the general fund, but he thought that this should be changed.

The mayor pointed out that it was impossible to give a full and detailed report of the year's work at this time owing to the fact that the financial year ends on the thirty-first of October. A general survey of the work of all the city's departments was given with a forecast of work contemplated for the coming year.

The entire report is as follows:—

Health Department.

The general health of the city during the past year has been, on the whole, very favorable considering the large influx of population which we have had and in some cases the abnormal conditions of housing that the people coming into the city have had to contend with.

With regard to the Isolation hospital, we were unfortunate, during the early part of the winter, to have lost by fire, all of this building destroyed by fire. With the loss of a part of our building, our accommodation for infectious diseases was very restricted, but with the insurance money received for the damaged portion, supplemented by another small amount, a temporary building of four wards was erected during the summer, adjacent to and in the rear of the present building. This addition will take care of four different classes of infection and allow of a total accommodation of thirty patients.

With respect to sewerage of the city, this work has been carried out in an efficient a manner as conditions would permit, considering the abnormal wet season and also considering the rapid growth of the city. It is scarcely to be expected that in all cases the same cleanliness can be obtained as in a city of slowly growing less rapidly. However, we hope from time to time to improve conditions over what they have been in the past.

During the past year we appointed a food inspector, whose duties are to inspect all foods offered for sale. This inspection has been very satisfactory and for the benefit of the public, through the inspection, there has been condemned as unfit for use 61,113 lbs. of foodstuffs. This inspection covered a period of seven months.

Garbage Removed.

The total amount of material removed by the scavenging branch was 2385 loads, composed of ashes and various other kinds of refuse. The incinerator has consumed during the past season 4800 tons of various characters of refuse. There is a new incinerator being erected on the South side, which we hope to have in operation early in the spring, which will take care of the requirements of that part of the city.

Analysis of the water supply have been made from time to time by the provincial analyst and no cases has typhus bacillus been found in the water supply.

For the work accomplished by this department during the past year the estimated amount of expenditure required was $62,263.90, which amount was supplemented during the year, the total actual expenditure amounting to $64,285.65. The estimated revenue, $210.00; actual revenue, $14,232.31.

Police Department.

In connection with the police department, the growth of this department is necessary and must keep up with the growth of our city. At the beginning of the year the total number of officers and men was 44, while at the end of the year the number has been increased to 49.

The amount estimated at the beginning of the year for the management of this department was $84,669.00, whereas the actual expenditure was $87,728.42. The estimated revenue, $12,500; actual revenue $23,635.00.

We find it necessary and propose to make substantial increases to the force in the near future.

Market Department.

The market department has developed slowly with the growth of the city, but with poor facilities at the disposal of that department, a great development was not, or could not, be expected. Plans are now being prepared for a model market building, which when erected, will provide all the facilities that the public can desire, and will also be a greater incentive to farmers and others having produce to sell, to bring the same direct to the market in preference to delivering as at present to the merchant or middleman. We hope by this to make it possible for the consumer in the city to obtain farm produce at cost price and also of improved quality, as it would come direct from the farmer to consumer.

All food sold on the market have been subject to the inspection of the food inspector, which has been of material protection to the public.

The estimated expenditure for this department was $5,944.00, whereas the actual expenditure was $6,328.86. Estimated revenue, $6,000.00; actual revenue, $7,351.25.

Building Inspector's Report.

In connection with the department of the inspector of buildings, the report for the past year is certainly very gratifying. The building permits show an increase of almost 100 per cent over 1911. The total building permits for 1911 were $5,860,217.00, while the permits for the fiscal year, 1912, were $12,218,682.00. To keep up with this enormous increase in building, it has been found necessary to increase the staff of this department, which consists of the building inspector, a sufficient number of sub-inspectors and clerks and a plumbing inspector with hot assistants.

There has also been prepare during the past year, and is now in the printing hands, a new and comprehensive building bylaw, which we believe is in keeping with and will meet the requirements of a modern city.

The estimated expenditure for this department for the year was $17,745.00; actual expenditure $11,949.16. Estimated revenue, $4,000.00; actual revenue, $7,677.60.

Engineering Department.

The work of the city engineer's department has undoubtedly been the heaviest of any separate department of the city, and cannot be summarized by giving the amount of the different classes of work done during the past year, namely:

Sewers constructed, 13.40 miles.

Boulevards, 5.76 miles.

Paving, 235,000 square yards.

Sidewalks, 23.5 miles.

In addition to the actual work accomplished, the preliminary work has been carried on in the outlying sections of the city, and on the South side this work has been found necessary in order to plan our sewer development for the future and during the winter months the results of these surveys will be completed, and further extensions to our sewer system developed, which extensions will be constructed from time to time and as the the city grows, we hope it will not be found necessary to recommend the trunk sewer portion of that system to very office has had to be done.

In carrying out this work the utmost care should be exercised in preparing plans for the future, as it is much easier and cheaper to spend a little time in thoroughly studying and developing the requirements of engineering projects for the future of the work after the actual construction work has been attained.

A large portion of the South side of the river will have to be treated on a basis apart from the sewer system now existing, inasmuch as it has been found that very little more of that portion of the city can be taken into the part now constructed. This may involve a considerable amount of heavy expenditure which will have to be made in order to give the citizens of the South Side the benefit of modern sanitation. In connection with the work during the past year the advantage was taken in getting the work started on the ground two months earlier than had been customary, in fact, active work was commenced in the month of April and carried on continuously in all departments as far as the weather would permit. We were extremely unfortunate in having an abnormally wet season, which retarded the work very materially during the summer months, and I might mention that for at any time during the contractors did not average more than two men working on the job. The two last months of the season were very favorable for the work, and we have been able to complete all works which were mapped out for the season's program, and considerable additional work, which subsequently came in repetition of work on streets, all paving work contracted for that was possible to be completed, has been completed, also some additional paving work, which it was thought desirable to do if possible. The amount of work done by this department and expenditure of the various works is as follows:

Boulevards constructed, 5.76 miles, cost $87,138.42.

Plank walks, 23.5 miles, cost $33,839.45.

Concrete walks, 23.5 miles, cost $81,498.32.

Street grading, 4 miles, cost $13,839.73.

Sewers, 13.40 miles, cost $463,421.86.

Paving, 235,000 yards, $676,162.54.

The entire expenditure for the department is $1,847,993.34.

A small amount of revenue is also derived from this department from incidental charges which for the past year amounted to $45,772.39.

There was inaugurated during the past year a sewer cleaning branch of this department which has been active in cleaning and maintaining the sewer system installed during past years, and the necessity for this department has been fully warranted from conditions in which many of the sewers were found and more particularly the house connections.

The Trunk Sewer.

Some of the particulars of works accomplished during the past year might be mentioned. The progressive construction of the trunk sewer, which though not carried on as fast as might be expected, yet considering the difficulty which have been contended with, fairly satisfactory progress has been made. This sewer is 10 feet 6 inches in diameter at the lowest end, or sufficiently large enough to drive a team of horses and carriage throughout. With the completion of this trunk sewer and further extensions thereto, it will then be possible to extend and make connections to all the north and western portions of the city. It is intended and preparations are now being prepared for the extension of our trunk sewer system and we expect to have a contract for the work and for the remaining portions of the work yet to be done.

A new bridge has also been completed crossing the Saskatchewan river at Mayfair street. This bridge is 1,000 feet in length and has a total length of seven hundred and seventy feet. The entire cost of the structure, including approaches, amounting to $143,786.82.

Also in connection with bridges the amalgamation agreement provided that a bridge be constructed within eighteen months across the Saskatchewan river in the vicinity of Fifth street. All contracts are now awarded for this construction and this work is to be expected that this structure will be complete and ready for operation by the fall of 1913.

Electric Light Department.

The electric light department has been energetic in providing for the requirements of the city as far as material could be obtained. A great deal of extra work was thrown upon this department upon the late city of Strathcona becoming a part of Greater Edmonton, as it was found necessary to reconstruct practically the entire electrical distribution on that side of the river.

The demands on this department have grown abnormally during the present year, the output having increased in the neighborhood of 100 per cent, over the increase of the previous year to that of its predecessor. The city has been covered with an electric distribution system as fast as development has taken place and there are very few portions of the city at present where revenue sufficient to warrant extending into, that is not now supplied with light.

During the last month of the year extensive development has been carried on north of Alberta avenue and extending from First street eastward to the Packing Plant. This entire district has been now put the poles erected and the stringing of the wires will be commenced very shortly, so that we hope that this district, which is very closely settled, will be provided with light facilities within the next few months.

In connection with street lighting a large number of arc lights have been added during the past year, and a fairly considerable additional lights have been put in and are now being added in the business section, but a great deal has yet to be done before we can say that our city has all the street lighting the citizens could reasonably expect to be supplied with.

In connection with what is usually termed "decorative lighting" this matter has been under consideration during the entire year. Data and other information from other cities has been collected and compiled and we are now in a position to proceed intelligently with this class of lighting, and it is our purpose to have a considerable amount of this lighting installed during the coming year, should the citizens endorse the expenditure.

Every encouragement has been given to power users to install electrical motors instead of steam engines and thus destroy the "day load" for our power plant. This motor load has materially increased and there are several motors now installed ranging up to 100 h.p. and over besides a great number of smaller sizes and we hope that as conditions improve and power can be more cheaply produced that greater encouragement will be given this class of business.

The net surplus from this department for the year amounted to $86,675.19.

Telephone Department.

The telephone department has made extensive extensions in new territory and also increasing its capacity in the business section of the city. In order to further facilitate the business of this department two branch telephone exchanges have been constructed; one at the corner of Jasper street and Pine avenue, and the other at the corner of Twenty-first street and Athabasca avenue. These sub-stations are model buildings for the purposes required, being fireproof throughout and equipped with all modern appliances, each building having an ultimate capacity of five thousand lines. Connections are now being made to these sub-stations and we hope before the end of the year to have all of the city to which telephone cables have been extended will be followed up and the number of subscribers greatly increased.

With the amalgamation of Strathcona it was desirable that we control the telephone department in that part of the city. The telephone system in Strathcona was constructed and operated by the municipal government. Upon their being approached they expressed their willingness to sell and on the date of amalgamation we was arrived at whereby the telephone system on the south side of the river was purchased and became part of the system of the city of Edmonton, on the first of September. Considerable negotiations and alterations were found necessary to give an adequate service to that portion of the city, but we are now in a position to be prosecuted as fast as material and labor can be procured and we hope to keep up with the requirement a large addition will have to be built to the Branch Exchange, for which plans are now being prepared, and which it is expected will be complete during the coming year. The system has also been improved in quality of service and we hope to keep making improvements and maintaining the high standard of service as can possibly be obtained.

It might be mentioned in connection with the telephone system that unlike other utilities which as they increase the cost of maintenance and operation, yet increase with the telephone it is exactly opposite, and as our system grows the cost of maintenance and operation will increase correspondingly and while the cities of Edmonton and Calgary have the lowest rates for telephone service of any cities in the west, it is to be expected that the rates over these rates may require to be made at no far distant future and we think this is justified when, for our service, we are now giving for $20 per year, Winnipeg charges $35 per year, and for a business service, for which we charge $30 per annum, the Winnipeg charges are $60.

There were 1367 phones installed during the year and the working of the department produced a surplus of $5,306.16, leaving a total accumulated surplus of $38,966.16.

Power Plant.

With respect to the power plant the demands on this utility have been abnormal, increasing at the rate of 50 per cent. from that of any previous years as the following figures will show:

Power supplied the electric light department for the fiscal year of 1910 was 2,525,000 K.W.H.

For 1911, 2,544,000 K.W.H.

For 1912, 3,077,000 K.W.H.

Power supplied to street railway for 1910, 1,736,000 K.W.H.

For 1911, 3,001,000 K.W.H

For 1912, 5,715,000 K.W.H

It will thus be seen how difficult it is to accurately determine what provision should be made to supply take care of future requirements, and at present, with the installation of machinery now under contract, to be installed within the next two months, it is requisite for the coming year that we should be amply taken care of. To accommodate this additional power demand extension, approximately 90 feet long, has been added to the power house, which is practically complete. In this extension is now being installed:

Four boilers of 500 h.p. each, with automatic stokers.

One 750 k.w. railway engine.

One 2,000 k.w. steam turbine.

Tenders have been called for, and close the middle of December, for one 1,000 k.w. steam turbine to be installed by October of the ensuing year, also a further addition to the boiler capacity will be added, namely four batteries of 500 h.p. each, and we expect to call for tenders some time during next summer for another 4,000 k.w. turbine, which will complete the installation to meet our requirements in the power house. For further extensions we hope to prepare plans during the ensuing year for a second new building erected strictly on all modern lines with all modern improvements for the large and efficient generation of electrical power.

In connection with the pumping station there was put into service last winter a six million gallon high lift pump which has been running continuously 24 hours each day since it was first put in service, and has given good results. In addition to this high pump there was also installed a six million gallon low lift pump, which has likewise been running continuously since being put into service. There is also now being installed an additional six million gallon low lift pump which we hope to have in service sometime in January. A contract has also been awarded for two two million gallon pumps, making a total of twenty million gallons pumping capacity, which we think can be coupled together to give a fire service of any desired pressure with a capacity of ten million gallons. These pumps are to be electrically driven and as present arranged, are to be either worked together or separately, as the demand on the system requires. The total amount of water pumped by the pumping station for the past fiscal year was one billion and ninety-one million, seven hundred and forty-nine thousand, one hundred and forty-nine gallons (1,091,749,649 gallons) for the north side of the river, and for the south side station an estimated amount of 165,750,000 gallons.

South Side Power.

With the amalgamation of Strathcona the power house on the south side of the river was brought under the control of the central power station and has been operated continuously as far as the water power at that point. However, it is beyond that during the ensuing year the engine power will be, both for pumping and electric power, developed on the north side of the river as the concentration will render the production of power much more economical.

We are also pleased to state that with our improved water service the confidence of the Underwriters has been largely increased and we feel that we now are in a position to shortly ask for a general reduction in fire insurance rates, and we want to believe that when the request is made the Underwriters will grant us the hope that an condition improve and pending by-law is permitted.

Owing to the resignation of the former superintendent in the early part of the season a new superintendent was appointed in the person of R. H. Warren, to whom we have a man of wide experience and one thoroughly conversant with all the classes of steam and electrical machinery, and who is gradually bringing the power station up to a standard which we hope and which for efficiency and economy should be attained.

This department is self-sustaining and has a surplus of $8,573.71.

Waterworks Department.

The development of the distribution system has kept pace with the development of the city in as far as material and labor could be secured to carry out the work. All work contemplated at the beginning of the year has been completed, but further extensions are still being made and we continue to be made so long as the weather continues favorable.

The total amount of water mains laid during the past year is 17 miles.

The total amount of water services connected, 352.

The total number of sewer services connected, 1616.

Street Railway Department.

The rapid growth of the city is no more clearly emphasized than in the large increase of traffic over our street railway system. While the mileage has not been materially increased the number of passengers carried has increased beyond all expectation of twelve months ago, as is shown by the following figures:

Total passengers carried year 1909, 1,812,693.

Total passengers carried year 1910, 3,428,000.

Total passengers carried year 1911, 5,746,000.

Total passengers carried year 1912, 10,307,000.

For the same years the car miles operated were:

Year 1909, 254,339 miles.

Year 1910, 534,561 miles.

Year 1911, 825,569 miles.

Year 1912, 1,395,000 miles.

This shows an increase in traffic over the previous fiscal year of 70 per cent.

While the journeys per head of population per annum on a basis of 53,000 population, was 194.

The heaviest traffic carried on any one day, namely, Thanksgiving 1911 (Exhibition week), during that day the system carried 65,400 passengers without an accident of any kind occurring.

While this department has not been able to declare a surplus for each month in the year, the deficit has been materially reduced, amounting to a total for this year of $21,330.00 against a deficit for 1911 of $51,820.00. It might be explained in connection with this that all possible revenue which the department has made has been put back into the system in improvements and betterment of the service. It must be admitted that the first construction was not put down on as permanent basis as could be, but this was unavoidable a very heavy expenditure in maintenance, and until permanent tracks are installed, this maintenance charge will continue to be heavy.

During the past year there were added to the service 15 new cars and there are now on order 35 additional cars, delivery of which will begin next February. There has also been added one work car and there is now on order and coming for fall of the delivery of ballast and other incidents work as required.

There is also now under contruction a new car barn immediately across the railway tracks from the exhibition grounds. This car barn is 500 feet in length and the portion now being constructed will have a capacity of 90 cars. In connection with this building there is being constructed a machine shop, carpenter shop, blacksmith shop, sub-stations and office buildings, all of which will be equipped with the most modern machinery and appliances for the efficient operation of the service.

It is also intended to erect a sub-car barn on the south side of the river for the storing of cars in that portion of the city and ultimately other sub-barns will require to be erected as the system develops. Sub-stations for the transmission of power will also be required as the distance that power can be economically transmitted from central power stations is limited. These matters are now receiving consideration and will be acted on when the extension of the system requires them.

It is recalled that the system as it is at present is not considered a modern system, one such as to give good service to the public, being nothing more nor less than series of dead ends laid down without any continuity. It is our purpose through the ensuing year to tie in these dead ends as far as the work can be accomplished in one season, and with these lines established a much improved service can be given to the public, also one that will ensure a more continuous service or at a possibility of alternative routes in case a breakdown should occur at any point. These new extensions we propose to lay as permanent tracks so that the maintenance of the same will be reduced to a minimum, in fact, for the first number of years, the maintenance on this work should be nil.

Fire Department.

The fire department has been efficiently carried on during the past year and considerable additions have been made in the way of necessary equipment. A new station was opened in the early part of the winter on Richmond street, and with the consummation of amalgamation the station on the south side was put on the same standing as the stations on this side of the river. With the incorporation of North Edmonton, a new fire station will require to be erected there during the coming year and it is possible another fire station will be required in the north-western portion of the city.

The estimated expenditure of this department for the year was $90,108.00, whereas the actual expenditure amounted to $81,435.05.

Architect's Department.

During this year it was deemed advisable to create an architect's department, where plans for civic buildings could be prepared and the work carried on as should seem most desirable and in the best interests of the city. A capable staff of architects has been employed under the supervision of A. H. Jeffers, late government architect, who has prepared many plans and now being carried out by this department which might be mentioned:

Telephone Branch Exchanges, new Civic Office Building, new Car Barns, Power House Extensions, as well as other minor plans.

Parks Department.

There was also inaugurated this year a new department, namely, the parks department under Mr. von Auelerg. This was deemed most advisable and necessary in the development and bringing into service a system of parks which we had and which have been materially increased during the past season. As increases to our parks lands might be mentioned:

Children's home park on the face of the hill.

Hudson's Bay property, known as the Golf Links.

Four small parks awarded the city in the Hudson's Bay reserve.

The old hospital grounds.

The old car barn site.

The Great Ravine, and extension, up to Green avenue.

The Rat Creek Ravine with the hillside on the Saskatchewan river, eastward to Kinnaird street.

Kennedale park.

On the South Side the following:

Park at the east end of Mill Creek bridge.

Allendale Park, in the southerly portion of the city, etc.

These new additions, together with the parks the city previously had required towards their care and development, and we feel that a good start has been made towards these parks ultimately being what should be expected of them as places of rest and recreation. It is intended that with further development these parks should be connected by a system of driveways or boulevards which, in addition to making the parks easy of access, will tend towards improving the beauty of the city.

In the west end park a nursery has been developed and we expect that in the near future very few trees for our boulevards will require to be purchased from outside sources. Under the management of new parks there has been expended $250,000.00 and the city now has a total park acreage of over 75 acres.

The estimated expenditure of this department for the year is $78,031.70, whereas the actual expenditure, apart from the purchase of land, was $55,236.68.

Gas Department.

A further new department was established last spring to consider the supply of the city with gas for domestic and industrial purposes. A competent gas engineer was secured from Great Britain, who has devoted his entire time in consideration of the development of this utility. Complete plans have been prepared for serving the city with gas and as soon as the source of supply is determined the necessary pipe system should be installed ready for connection.

Continuous investigation has been carried on with respect to an adequate supply of natural gas and we hope in the near future to submit a report advocating some definite line of action.

Stores and Works Department.

One more important department in connection with the city business and one which is rapidly developing is that of our Stores and Works, combined with the purchasing department. This department does most of the purchasing for the city and acts largely as a transfer house for the other departments.

The large amount of all classes of material now required to carry on the city business makes it absolutely essential that all purchases should be made on a wholesale basis. A new building has been erected over one hundred feet in length containing complete wood-working machinery and equipment, and with a carpenter shop in connection. A large paint shop, a blacksmith shop, with a capacity for five forges and other machinery, a tinsmith shop and branch workshops for the waterworks, electric light and sewer cleaning departments. It is also the intention to erect a large new warehouse during the ensuing year for the storage of lumber and as a large percentage of these stores consist of valuable commodities, it is necessary that they be housed and taken care of in the best possible manner.

The building branch of this department was also created this summer under efficient management and this branch has carried out the construction work on the extensions to the power house, is erecting the new car barns and has erected and completed the model stable for the use of the street cleaning department.

The total value of goods handled by this department during the past year has been $802,945.99, an increase over the previous year of $46,736.00, while the operating expenses in connection therewith was $55,577.70.

The question of filtration was also considered early in the season and it was determined that the sedimentation basin could be readily made to do efficient service. Arrangements were therefore made for re-building same, which work was completed early in May. The basin was immediately filled and has been in constant service ever since, and during the season Four new filter units have been added to the filter plant and while we cannot say that we have a model filter system, yet conditions have been much improved over that of previous years; there being only some five days during the past year when the water was especially objectionable and that during the extreme condition of flood when the turbidity in the water rose beyond any point which could have been estimated.

During the latter part of the previous year the commissioner was asked to prepare a preliminary report in connection with the late Commissioner Candy on the development of our water supply. This report was presented to us and forwarded to the council during the month of April. Upon the transmission of this report we asked for permission to appoint a board of consulting engineers to make a thorough investigation of the water supply of the city, and to report upon what lines further development should take place. This being authorized by the council to take this appointment the selection was made of three of the most prominent Canadian engineers. These men have been placed in the hands of a board of consulting engineers, whose report we expect to have early in the year.

It is also the intention to establish at the beginning of the year a new department which may be called "The City Cleaning Department."

A Canadian at Westminster

Specially Written For the Toronto Star and Edmonton Daily Bulletin by H. F. Gadsby. Copyrighted at the Department of Agriculture. Extracts or Colorable Summaries Are Not Permitted.

London, October 21, 1912.

The way Senates, Second Chambers, Upper Chambers, Houses of Lords, or whatever you like to call them, are handled about in these levelling days is a cruel shame. Between night and morning, so to speak, a Premier Asquith took the Irish Senate as described in clause 8 of the home rule bill to pieces, and put in its place another which he likes better. He was careful to state that he did not intend to apply the system of Proportional Representation to the Irish House of Commons. He is going to try it on the dog, which happens to be the Irish Senate.

The plan for the Irish Senate at first set out was: a Senate of forty members; all Senators to be nominated; nominations of first Senators to be made by the Imperial government; nominations of all successors Senators to be made by the Irish Executive; term of office to be eight years, and a fourth of the number to retire every two years.

The plan, as amended by the government and carried by the House, is: A Senate of forty members. Six first Senators to be nominated by the Imperial government for a term of five years; at the end of five years and afterwards, at intervals of five years the Senate to be elected in a body on the basis of proportional representation; the electoral areas to be not the counties of Ireland, but the four provinces—Ulster, Munster, Leinster and Connaught; Senators so elected to hold office for five years, and not to be affected by a dissolution.

System Used in Government of Africa

In proportional representation, the electoral areas are wider, several constituencies are grouped, and the voter has a larger choice of candidates. The system is that of the single transferable vote which is in use in South Africa for the Senatorial elections, and has been adopted in Sweden, Switzerland, Belgium, Finland and Tasmania. The voter has simply to place the figure 1 opposite the name of the candidate he most desires to be elected, and mark his preference among the other candidates by the figures 2, 3, 4, 5 and so on. Then his duty is done, and the returning officer does the rest. When the candidate with most votes has got enough for election, his surplus votes are turned over to the next man, and so on, until the quota is complete. By this means, minorities have a fighting chance. Some of the candidates are bound to get the benefit of the doubt. Naturally, the Unionists have a slant toward it, although, for purposes of the home rule bill, they will not admit it. Naturally also, the Lords, who are under a threat of being reformed, have a sneaking regard for it although they will not say so just at this moment. Proportional representation looks like a lifebuoy to many who are perishing. One way or another, I have no doubt a desperate effort will be made to get it into the new franchise bill.

Liberal Faith in Irish.

Mr. Birrell figures that an Irish Senate elected by proportional representation will work out this way:—

Ulster	14	6 or	4	8 or	10
Leinster . . .	11		9		2
Munster . . .	9		8		1
Connaught . .	6	5 or	6	0 or	5
	40	26 or	29	11 or	11

As a matter of fact he expects it to do better than that. The Liberal attitude toward Ireland is one of confidence in the good faith and common sense of the Irish people; the Conservative attitude is one of doubt, such doubt of the ability to govern themselves being a temperamental misfortune of the Tories, and not their fault because they were born that way. If the Liberals have no hope of the Irish, an elective Senate of forty, of which twenty-nine might be Catholic, would look like a poor safeguard for the Protestant minority, as against an Irish House of Commons of one hundred and sixty-four, of which one hundred and twenty-five will probably be Nationalists, and thirty-nine Unionists. If all the Senators were Unionists there would still be a majority of forty-six Nationalists in the case of a joint sitting of Senate and Commons, such as the bill provides for, in the event of disputed measures. So, looked at from the point of numbers, or present composition, or any other way than with Mr. Birrell's Liberal eyes of hope, the Irish Senate would be as big a sham as Captain Craig and Mr. William Moore, and other Ulster Unionists say it is. Mr. Moore, who is of North Armagh, and upon crazed despairs of an Irish Senate, whatever way you choose it. Nominated or elected, he will not be surprised to see in it every member of the Freeman's Journal staff, from the printer's devil up. Mr. Moore thinks as much of the Irish Senate as a safeguard to minorities as he does of the Lord Lieutenant's veto—which is nothing at all.

New Party Divisions.

But Mr. Moore and the Ulstermen who talk like him are supposed to be prejudiced. The Liberal theory is that they don't look at the thing straight. They are Orange, so they see Green. But hope lends a different pair of spectacles. With a generous and forgiving Irish people in possession of the boon their hearts have desired for a hundred years, the old party cleavages will soon disappear. It will no longer be Nationalist and Unionist, Catholic and Protestant. There will be new party lines, which will cut across the old political divisions and the talk will be of Liberal versus Tory, town versus country, labor versus capital, agriculture versus urban industries—in short, the same divisions which exist and have their effect at Westminster now. Members of parliament will be sent less and less to Dublin on account of their religious views, and more and more on account of their social and economic outlook. At any rate, that is the Liberal hope.

Will Leave Lords Alone.

The House of Lords is pretty well hung up as it is. By trying against all precedent to make their veto absolute they obliged the country to prove by two general elections in one year that it was only suspensary, and that while the Lords' function might be to act as an air brake, they were not expected at any stage of the proceedings to throw the train off the track. The Parliament Act, which is now the law of the land, prevents the House of Lords from refusing a money bill—a Lloyd-George budget, for example—for as long as one session of Parliament. It also prevents them from refusing any other piece of legislation—such as the Home Rule bill—passed by the Commons for longer than three sessions. After that, it carries in spite of the noble Lords' screams. The House of Lords is under a threat of reform—few regard it as a promise—from the Asquith Government, which will probably not be acted upon so long as the peers behave. The Parliament Act ought to hold them for a while. It is certainly not Premier Asquith's policy at present to dignify the House of Lords' position or to enlarge its power in this democratic scheme of things by improving its quality through any elective or selective process embodied in the new Home Rule bill. It is neither human nature nor good business to let your enemy up after you've got him where you want him.

The Imperial Parliament.

What Parliament may do for the Lords is another story. Some Liberal members of the Commons, would like to see proportional representation both in the Lords and Commons. Others, less Whig, would like to see it in the Lords, but not in the Commons. Chamber men want to see it neither. While proportional representation is more democratic than nomination as applied to Upper Chambers, it is felt to be less democratic than election by majorities as applied to Lower Chambers. So far as the House of Commons is concerned, it is the only barrier between the people and man when they overmastrongly want to put into Parliament. This explains why the Government does not commit itself to any scheme of proportional representation for the Imperial Parliament. It also explains why the proportional representationers, both in the Lords and Commons, are personally interested in the composition of the Irish Parliament.

Meanwhile, proportional representation for the Irish Senate has commanded the solid support of the Home Rule cohorts. Labor, as voiced by Ramsay Macdonald, M. P., answered its dithers for proportional representation, nomination, and Senates in general, but voted with the Government notwithstanding.

All the same, Premier Asquith was guilty of grave impoliteness to second Chamber the world over when he changed his mind in a jiffy on such a important subject. I don't wonder that Bonar Law and Arthur Balfour and Austen Chamberlain, who have, as it were, the Senate type of mind, were nettled to find that they had been barking up the wrong tree for over two hours. Premier Asquith granted them an adjournment and one night to sleep on it, but they were just as peevish next day.

However, Ireland comes out of it all right. She has the very latest fashion in Senates.

H. F. GADSBY.

GERMAN SOCIALISTS SUPPORT CLERICALS

Again Begun in the Reichstag—Imperial Chancellor Defends the Act on the Ground That Protestants Desire it.

Berlin, Dec. 5—The Jesuit question has again been raised in the Reichstag by the clerical leader, Dr. Peter Spahn, who declared that the Bundesrath's recent interpretation of the anti-Jesuit law of 1873 had made more severe the provisions of the law, thereby affronting 12,000,000 Catholics in the realm. He made a formal declaration of the clerical center party, to the effect that German Catholics so far as they are represented by the clerical party in the Reichstag "have no confidence that the needs of Catholics in the German empire will receive just consideration from the imperial chancellor and the Bundesrath and will order their conduct accordingly."

The imperial chancellor, Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg, in reply, defended the Bundesrath's decision as only an interpretation of a law forty years old. While 24,000,000 Catholics wanted the anti-Jesuit law repealed, continued the chancellor, 40,000,000 Protestants wanted it retained, and he warned the centrists against a revival of the religious conflict of the seventies.

A socialist leader assured the clericals that his party would support any attempt which was made to repeal the law. The two parties together have a big majority in the Reichstag.

CONFISCATED SEAL SKINS

U. S. Fish Commissioner to Go to London to Dispose of 3,764 Skins

Washington, Dec. 5.—Fish Commissioner Geo. M. Bowers will go to London next week to dispose of 3,764 sealskins that belong to the United States. The law requires that skins be sold by the commissioner.

"London is the only place in the world," said Mr. Bowers, "where they know how to care for and dress and dye the sealskin in the proper way. Therefore, London is the one great sealskin market."

The seals from which the skins were taken were killed off the Alaskan islands last season. They are worth about $150,000.

Many of these will come back to the United States as coats and cloaks and will pay a large tariff duty.

Increases Capital Stock

St. Paul, Dec. 4.—The Great Northern Railroad company has increased its capital stock from $210,000,000 to $231,000,000, an amendment to the articles of incorporation being filed today at the office of the Minnesota secretary of state. To the formal statement filed with the articles of incorporation the increase of $21,000,000 is made to acquire "the stock, bonds and other securities of the Montana Western Railroad company, and the stocks, bonds and other securities of any other road, the acquisition of which may be authorized by the board of directors."

EDUCATING ALBERTA'S FOREIGN POPULATION

Department of Education is Vigorously Pushing Cause of Education Among Foreign Settled Districts—Many New Schools Have Been Established.

In order to fit the foreign-speaking peoples of Alberta to take their part as useful citizens in the life of the province and to initiate them into the ways of a democracy, one of them having come from countries where democratic government is unknown, the department of education is vigorously pushing the cause of education in the foreign settled districts.

Soon Learn English.

It is with the foreign peoples settled in communities of their own in the rural districts that the chief difficulties lie. The foreign population residing in the towns and cities send their children to the public schools and the children rapidly pick up a knowledge of the English language, both in the class room and the playground. In the primary departments the teachers pay special attention to familiarizing the children with English, but it is surprising how quickly the children acquire the language when they are among English speaking children.

A special probe min presented by the large Ruthenian population, known as the Galicians, inhabiting the district east of Edmonton, extending from Lamont to Vermilion. Most of these people settled here before the province was organized and under the old North-West Territories little attention was paid to the education of these people. One of the first things which the department of education took after Alberta became a province was to appoint Robert Fletcher as supervisor of foreign schools.

Teaching Responsible Government.

Mr. Fletcher has organized schools throughout the district occupied by the foreign population. In many cases by using a little fact he was able to get the people to organize themselves into school districts. It was necessary further that he should in most cases act as school trustee and to see that a school was erected and furnished and teachers employed. Being entirely unused to responsible government at home the people had very little idea how to conduct the schools. Mr. Fletcher has been eminently successful in getting the people to take an interest in the matter of education and an learning how to conduct their own educational affairs. At the present time Mr. Fletcher is acting as trustee in some 14 school districts, and the number for which he acts varies from ten to twenty.

The Teachers' Problem.

The teachers employed in these Ruthenian schools are in almost every case fully qualified, normal-trained, certificated teachers. The teachers in these districts have a problem of their own—a boarding house problem. In most cases they arrange to have rooms above the school building or in an additional building. In some cases two or three teachers live together in some central place and ride or drive to their particular schools. None but English-speaking teachers are employed, and nothing but English is spoken in the schools. It has been found that, with the exception of two or three months' delay in the primary grades at the start, the schools make quite as good progress as the Anglo-Saxon children.

During the past two or three years several of these children have taken advanced work in the town schools along the C. & E. line and have been successful in passing the departmental examinations as high as grade eleven, which admits them to the Normal School to be trained as second class teachers.

Boys' Boarding School.

For the young men among these communities whose education since they have been in this country has been neglected the department of education is establishing a boarding school for boys at Vegreville. Temporary quarters have been secured and the school will be opened on January 1st. It is expected that a suitable building will be erected next year. The building will be equipped with an up to date manual training department and gymnasium. W. A. Buckle, of the Riverside school, Calgary, has been appointed principal. Already about twenty applications have been received for admission to the school, and it is expected that there will be about thirty on the day when the school is opened. The age minimum is sixteen.

PORCUPINE STRIKE RIOTS.

Cobalt, Dec. 5—It is the determination of the provincial police to put a stop to rioting arising out of the strike in the Porcupine gold fields no matter how many men it takes to do it. All members of the force in the north country were notified from Toronto today to report for duty at Porcupine at once.

It is reported here that one of the victims of Monday's shooting is in a very serious condition. There is a feeling of sympathy with the strikers and a disposition to blame the activities of the Thiel men employed to protect the mines, which have undoubtedly had a most irritating effect.

Further trouble is freely predicted unless the provincial police can bring about a better feeling between the strikers and the Thiel men.

Crown Attorney McKiesick, of Sudbury, went to Porcupine today to prosecute the shooting cases.

Struck By Light Engine.

Ottawa, Dec. 5—John F. Kennedy, 168 Bayswater avenue, a clerk in J. R. Booth's lumber yard, was struck by a light engine this afternoon about five o'clock and was instantly killed. Kennedy was walking home from work along the Grand Trunk tracks and in the darkness did not see the engine approaching.

Bride 18, Bridegroom 15.

Niagara Falls, N.Y., Dec. 4—Nora Sofia Godman, of this city, and Ernest Porter, of Niagara Falls, Ontario, were married here by Mayor Keller last night. The bride is eighteen and the bridegroom fifteen. Both had their parents' consent. The couple had to tarry until the mayor finished presiding over a municipal meeting.

PREMIER BORDEN MAKES THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF NAVAL POLICY

Before Crowded Galleries in House of Commons He Asks Parliament to Vote $35,000,000 for Construction of Three Dreadnoughts as an Emergent Contribution to Royal Navy. Ships to be Built in Britain.

"Today, while the clouds are heavy and we hear the booming of the distant thunder and see the lightning flashing above the horizon, we cannot and we will not wait and deliberate until any impending storm shall have burst upon us in fury and with disaster. Almost unaided the motherland, not for herself alone, but for us as well, is sustaining the burden of vital imperial duty and confronting an overmastering necessity of national existence. Bringing the best assistance that we may in the urgency of the moment, we come thus to her aid, in token of our determination to protect and insure the safety and integrity of this Empire and of our resolve to defend on sea as well as on land, our flag, our honor and our heritage."

Peroration of Right Hon. R. L. Borden's speech on naval policy in House of Commons today.

Ottawa, Dec. 5.—In the presence of practically all the members and crowded galleries, Premier Borden made his naval announcement in the Commons this afternoon. Premier Borden in opening his speech dwelt upon the growth of Canada and other Overseas Dominions, and with it the increasing need for protection. There was now the problem, he said, of combining co-operation with autonomy and it seemed to him most essential that there "should be co-operation in defence and trade as will give the empire effective organization in these matters of vital concern."

He added: "When Great Britain no longer assumes the sole responsibility for defense upon the high seas she can no longer undertake to assume the sole responsibility for the sole control of the foreign policy."

Admiralty's Memorandum.

He quoted in full a lengthy memorandum prepared for the Canadian Government by the admiralty. It reviewed the recent growth of the naval forces of the nations and especially those of Germany. It stated that in the spring of 1915 Britain would have 21 dreadnoughts, 2 Lord Nelsons and 6 battle cruisers; Germany 17 dreadnoughts and 6 battle cruisers. Today Britain has 18 dreadnoughts against 19 possessed by the other nations of Europe. In 1913 the comparative strength will be 24 to 21; in 1914, 31 to 24, and in 1915, 35 to 21.

"Larger margins of superiority at home," it states, "would restore a greater freedom to the movements of British squadrons in every sea and directly promote the security of the dominions.

"Anything which increases our margin in the newest ships diminishes the strain and augments our security and our chance of being left unmolested.

It further states that any action on the part of Canada to increase the power of the imperial navy and thus widen the margin of our common safety would be recognized everywhere as a most significant witness to the united strength of the empire and to the renewed resolve of the Overseas Dominions to take their part in maintaining its integrity.

"The prime minister of Canada having inquired what form any immediate aid that Canada might give would be most effective, we have no hesitation in answering, after a prolonged consideration of all of the circumstances, that it is desirable that such aid should include the provision of a certain number of the largest and strongest ships of war which science can build or money supply."

Premier Borden pointed to the disastrous effect on Canada and the empire which would result from the defeat of the British navy.

"Twelve years ago the British navy and flag were predominant on every ocean of the world. Today they are predominant nowhere except in the North sea."

No Squadrons on Our Coasts.

The duty of preserving safety at home had led to calling back ships from distant stations and this, in spite of greatly increased expenditures for naval defence. Where the white naval ensign was twelve years ago shown in powerful squadrons on both the Atlantic and Pacific coasts on Canada it is today shown on neither.

"I am assured that the aid we propose will enable a special arrangement without courting disaster at home for an effective fleet of battleships and cruisers on our Pacific coast and a powerful squadron can periodically visit our Atlantic seaboard."

Premier Borden said the admiralty placed the cost of modern battleships with armament at two millions, three hundred and fifty thousand pounds. The cost of three complete would be about thirty-five million dollars.

"We ask the people of Canada through their parliament to grant that aim to His Majesty to increase the effective naval forces of the empire, to safeguard our shores and our seaborne commerce and to make secure the common heritage of all who owe allegiance to the King. These ships will be at the disposal of His Majesty for the common defence of the empire. They will be maintained and controlled as part of the Royal navy and we have assurance that if at any time it should be the will of the Canadian people to establish a Canadian unit of the British navy these vessels can be recalled by the Canadian government to form part of that navy."

To be Built in Britain.

The premier stated that the ships would be built in Britain under admiralty supervision as there are now no adequate building facilities in Canada. If built here the annual cost would be twelve millions. He intimated that attention would be given to the establishment of shipbuilding in Canada and that the admiralty was willing to place her four small vessels at first.

"Canada," he said, "is sending these three ships to range themselves in the battle line of the empire with those of the mother country, of Australia and New Zealand. They will be the three most powerful battleships in the world and they will bear historic names associated with this country."

Canadian Minister in London.

Mr. Borden stated that the problem of representation in the council of the empire was being studied and in the meantime the presence of a Canadian minister would be welcomed in London during the whole or any portion of the year to attend meetings of the imperial defence committee. The premier also stated he was "assured that special arrangements would be made to give Canadians the opportunity of serving as officers on the Canadian ships."

DROVE SLEIGH 60 MILES WITH A WOUNDED MAN

Penitentiary Instructor Shot in the Woods by Supposed Fanatic Suffers Torturing Agony During Long Sleigh Drive to Nearest Hospital, Sixty Miles Away.

Prince Albert, Dec. 5—William Porter, penitentiary instructor, who was shot in the leg by a supposed fanatic, has been operated upon by Dr. Stuart Reid, who states that there is not the slightest chance of saving the leg. Police have sent details to the scene. The shouts of the wounded man lying in the woods brought Messrs. Nelson and Carter, two hunters, to the spot, and while they attended to Porter his brother rushed to the camp where Warden Dickenson, Messrs. Henderson and Wright had remained behind. They immediately hitched up and came to the spot, but it took two hours to cut a sleigh road through the bush to enable the team to pass.

Once the injured man was aboard the horses were put to their best speed and reached Victoria hospital, sixty miles away, in a little better than eight and a half hours, which constitutes a record for one team.

With the temperature fifteen below the trip was a nightmare to the wounded man. His thigh bone had been smashed to pieces by the bullet and following the operation today Dr. Stuart Reid stated that the whole bone was pulverized for three inches. The cutter swayed over the rough road, Porter lying half conscious in the arms of three other men, his leg being broken too high up to enable the bandage to give him much relief. In front of the rig, Ralph Henderson on the reins drove his jaded team at full gallop up hill and down, the one team averaging eight miles an hour for the whole trip, from the time they struck the highway. The reeling and swaying half-dead horses staggered up the steep hill which leads to Victoria hospital, where they fell exhausted to the ground the moment they stopped at the door.

"Sixty miles in almost eight hours," said Ralph Henderson, "with one team." It was a fearful drive, which I shall remember to my dying day."

CHILD SCALDED TO DEATH AT WETASKIWIN

Two-Year-Old Son of G. H. Taylor Stepped Backward Into Pail of Boiling Water Left For a Moment on the Kitchen Floor.

Wetaskiwin, Dec. 5—An extremely sad scalding accident happened on Tuesday afternoon, when Pete, the two-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Taylor, of the Dominion Express Company, stepped backward into a pail of boiling water, which was left for the moment on the kitchen floor, by the servant. The little fellow was severely scalded on the back and arms as the pail upset. Despite all that loving hands could do and with the best medical attention, death claimed him this morning at about 2 o'clock.

RUSSIAN HEIR MAY NOT RECOVER USE OF LEG

Czarevitch is to be Taken to Black Sea on Health Trip—Czaripa is Grief Stricken.

London, Dec. 4—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the London Daily Mail telegraphs:—

"The Czarevitch is still bed-ridden at the Czarkee Selo, and a doctor is in continual attendance on the imperial patient.

"A special apparatus for the support of the left thigh and leg is being made for the Czarevitch's journey to Livadia, on the Black sea coast, a health trip on which the doctors insist.

"It is not certain whether the Russian heir will ever recover the use of his leg.

"The Czaripa refused to believe at first in the gravity of her son's illness and, the article and extract of the celebrated specialist, Rasdorff. His report has however, convinced her, and she is grief-stricken."

Hold-Up in Lacrosse, Wis.

Lacrosse, Wis., Dec. 5.—Alonzo Oakes, general freight and passenger agent of the Green Bay and Western railway, was held up by two masked men late last night, beaten into insensibility and robbed of $26. A companion of Oakes escaped and notified the police. An hour later two men, Walter Niggli and Charles Bishop, were arrested. Niggli confessed, the police say, and produced $20 of the stolen money.

English Aviator Discusses His Trans-Atlantic Flight Plans

Grahame-White Does Not Intend to Make Attempt Next Year, But Hopes Engine Can Be produced of Sufficient Driving Power Before 1915, When Panama Canal is to Be Opened.

London, Dec. 5—Aviator Grahame-White, discussing his plans for a trans-Atlantic flight, said he has been much misquoted.

"I never intended, said or hinted that such a flight would be accomplished next year," he declared.

"Nobody could do it. Engines of the required power do not exist.

"A trans-Atlantic flight is perfectly feasible, but not in two or three months' time. It is a sort of thing that takes a lot of experimenting. We are dealing with something never attempted. Four tons of petrolea alone must be carried. My date for the start was at the opening of the Panama canal in 1915. At present if any sum of money was offered I would not attempt it.

"I know of no satisfactory engines built of over 120 horse power. There are engines of 200 horse power, but not of the type I intend to use.

"I am busy with the design of a machine which will be neither biplane nor monoplane. I am going at first to build a small machine, a working model, to test matters like weight disposition. I expect this machine will be finished next summer. I estimate that I shall spend $100,000 building the machine and on other preparations before I shall be ready for the start, which I should like to make from the Thames, opposite the Savoy hotel, if the river authorities would allow it. Then would commence a 30-hour flight to New York harbor. I should fly over the Panama canal and then go to San Francisco.

"The crew will include two pilots, two mechanists and possibly two passengers besides myself. I shall not attempt to drive the whole distance myself."

The Canadian Pacific R.M.S. Empress of Britain is reported by wireless due St. John at midnight December 6th. Western passengers are due in Winnipeg on Monday night.

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—Travelling man; big money for the right man. Call at 7 p. m. at 635 First street. 186-208

WANTED—Two bright, neat office boys. Apply in person, Swift Canadian Co. Ltd. 186-196

WANTED—High class real estate salesman; best commission; fine subdivision. Call at once 5th Floor Bank of Ottawa. 186-208

PORTRAIT AGENTS WANTED—Send for Catalogue. Portraits flat and Convex Frames and Sheet Pictures. Merchants Portrait Co., Toronto. Nov. 6th-chg

WANTED—Man to show property; experience unnecessary; good opportunity for steady, sober man. Call at once at 635 First street. 186-208

WANTED—Experienced Advertising Solicitors, at once. Only men who have absolute confidence in themselves need apply; generous working basis. Call 7 to 9 p. m. Suite 11, 635 First street.

WANTED—First-Class Man to Solicit Subscriptions for The Daily Bulletin; good opportunity and a paying proposition to the right man. Apply Circulation Manager, Bulletin Office. 186-196

WANTED—Men and Women to learn barber trade; 8 weeks completes; situation or location furnished; graduates earn from $15 to $25 weekly; tools presented; now is splendid time to learn; catalogue free; write today; Moler College, 309 Namayo ave., Edmonton.

LIVE REAL ESTATE SALESMEN—Ten hundred young men wanted to sell lots in fastest growing western city. Leads furnished; good commission. Splendid chance for young men who are active, polite and honest. Previous experience not necessary. Beginners given every help and made successful. Mr. Grant, 5 Benson Block, First and Rice. 179-tf

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male

WANTED—Job, by first-class Carpenter foreman; hardwood finisher and steel square expert. Apply 856 First st. or 'Phone 2762. Dec-12-p

EXPERIENCED GROCER (Scotchman) with four years' Canadian experience, wholesale and retail, wishes position as traveler, grocery manager or clerk, or any position of trust; first class references. Box No. W Bulletin. 186-191

TEACHER WANTED

WANTED—For Wainwright School—Principal (male), holding first-class professional certificate, capable of teaching science and mathematics or classics and moderns. Also an assistant (male preferred) capable of teaching either one of the above sets of subjects. Duties to commence Jan. 2, 1913. Applicants to state experience and salary expected. Applications to be in the hands of the Sec.-Treas. not later than Dec. 10th. W. S. Barr, Sec.-Treas. Wainwright School Board, Wainwright, Alta. 184-191

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED—Young girl to feed ruling machine. Apply Bulletin Bindery.

WANTED—At the Richelieu Hotel, dining room girl. 187-189

WANTED—At Once—Competent Cook. Apply mornings or evenings. 518 14th street. 185-190

WANTED—At once, experienced general servant; good wages to right person. Apply 778 25th street, phone 5409.

WANTED—Woman to do repairing in tailor shop. Apply at once, 618 Fifth street. 183-187

WANTED—At once, four fur finishers, good wages. Apply L. Feudel, 1009 Namayo. 'Phone 6684. 183-189

WANTED—Lady stenographer; good education. Apply at once to H. E. Daniel, care Griesbach, O'Connor & Co., National Trust Building, Edmonton. 186-189

WANTED—Experienced lady stenographer and typewriter; wages $60 per month. Apply, stating experience, Brazan Collieries Ltd., Box 686 Red Deer. 186-189

BOYD SYLLABIC SHORTHAND — A natural scientific system based on the syllable; can be learned in thirty days; officially adopted by the Canadian government at Ottawa; we employ over 300 Boyd writers. Boyd Shorthand School, 114 Goodridge Block. Phone 6840. tf

MRS. MOSHER'S EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 11 Boyle St. (Namayo ave.), Edmonton, Alberta, Canada. Call if help wanted or situation desired "Old Country" domestic servants; strict investigation, reliability, passages advanced; special arrangements. Phone 6357.

TO RENT

PIANO FOR RENT—Apply 1568 Fifth street. 187-189

FURNISHED ROOMS—Hot Water heating; every convenience. 524 18th street. Phone 2244. Dec. 28-p

ROOM TO LET—In modern home, use of 'phone. Suitable for two gentlemen. Apply 14 Rowland St. 184-192

TO RENT—Rooms 15 and 16, Craig Nair Blk. for rent and furniture for sale cheap. Call before 10 a.m. 185-187

TO RENT—A furnished room for private family. Terms reasonable. Apply 752 Ninth St., Strathcona. 186-188

TO RENT—One room office for rent in Boldys Block, 438 Jasper east. Apply to room 203 and 204 Boldys Block. Phone 2727 185-196

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping; steam heat; hot water; also single rooms. Camden Rooms, cor Fraser and Helmick, phone 5430.

FOR RENT—Newly Furnished Double or Single Rooms in new modern house, steam heated; call before 10 ca.ling. Phone 5183. Apply 433 12th street. Nov. 5-p

FOR RENT—Nice Houses, two furnished; also light housekeeping suites and single rooms, and several offices. T. F. Byron, 461 Tegler Blk.

WE HAVE FOUR OFFICES for Rent—In Brick Block on Jasper avenue on one of two year leases; low rent. T. F. Byron, 461 Tegler Block.

OFFICE TO RENT—Apply American Ladies' Tailors, 210 Jasper west, phone 5698. 186-188

TO RENT—Furnished room in all modern house, with or without breakfast. Gentlemen only. Apply 1005 Twenty-second St. or 'Phone 5528. 184-tf

FOR RENT—New eight-roomed dwelling; rent $50 per month on year's lease to responsible tenant. Apply R. R. Walker & Co., Imperial Bank Bldg., Phone 1316. 183-187

TO RENT—Furnished Rooms in All Modern House; hot and cold running water in all rooms; also steam heated; ladies or gentlemen. 766 8th st. Phone 4866. 180-tf

THOROUGH SANITARY Modern Furnished rooms; single and double beds, by day, week or month, at moderate rates. Facilities for light housekeeping. 621 Fifth St. tf

FOR RENT OR SALE—Thoroughly improved farm, first-class building, 160 good water, all machinery to run it; also stock, hogs and poultry. Apply Capital Realty Co., 303 Jasper 185-190

TO RENT—Furnished house to rent for five months. My fully modern brick, furnished residence on First Ave., N.W. (South Side) to reliable tenant; possession Dec. 10th. A. E. Lattimer, 'Phone 3443 or 3080. 185-187

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—Comfortably furnished, modern house within fifteen minutes' walk of post-office; three minutes' walk of car; to let for winter months. References required. For particulars apply Box 66, Bulletin. 187-189

OFFICES FOR RENT in the New Northern building, 274 Jasper; four fine large rooms, modern in every and cold water, at $20 and $25 each per month; also fine suite of five rooms, admirably suited for professional man. Apply the Northern Hardware Co., Ltd. 182-187

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Family milk cow.. 642 15th street. 185-187

SOUTH AFRICAN SCRIP—J. C. Biggs & Co., 121 Windsor Block. Phone 8161.

FARM LANDS Bought and sold. Garneau & Brady, St. Paul de Metis. April-11-p

FOR SALE—Pool and billiard Tables, any size, and easy terms. Scott Bros., 713 First St.

FOR SALE—Shack, size 8x18, for sale with furniture; owner leaving city; will sell for price of lumber. Box 6. 186-188

FOR SALE—Furniture of suite of three rooms on Namayo avenue; one year's lease can be had. Address 10-11-12 Shutner Block, Namayo. 186-188

FOR SALE—Several carloads of choice white potatoes; can be shipped at any time. Apply Swan Lake Producers Union, Vernon, B. C. 183-188

FOR SALE—Malleable and steel range, one dollar down and one dollar per week. 319 Namayo Ave. Mar. 18-p

FOR SALE—Furniture, in first class order, for suite of three rooms. Apply Suites 10, 11, 12 Shattner Block, Namayo street. 186-188

IF YOU ARE IN THE MARKET for a good farm or wish to trade city property, come in and inspect our trade rooms. 216-217 Tedyk Blk. tf

FOR SALE—Furniture and Leases of two money-making rooming houses on west side; close in; terms. T. F. Byron, 461 Tegler Block.

FOR SALE—Two beautiful building lots in Beaver Heights, close to Alberta avenue. Owner is compelled to sell this week regardless of price. Look at these lots and make me an offer. 'Phone 6015. Mr. Bayles. 183-188

FOR SALE—All Kinds of New and Second-Hand printing presses, stitchers and perforators, type and shafting always on hand. Orders filled on short notice. Barnes Jap. kins, 1816 Grand avenue, Chicago, Ill. Nov. 15-p

AUCTION SALE—New 14-room house in Lot 12, Block 13, Kennedale subdivision, North Edmonton; on the premises Saturday, Dec. 7, at 2 o'clock sharp; subject to reserve; bid $5000; terms cash. H. H. Crawford, auctioneer. 185-188

BONNIE DOON—A new 7-roomed house on Lot 21, Block 6, one lot from block from car line; cheap. Also lots 11 and 12, Block 6, at $800 each. Terms. Apply 77 Main street, North Strathcona. 'Phone 3061. 185-197

FOR SALE—This is about the Cheapest House in the east end, on Government avenue really 10-room house, fully modern; worth $4500; will sell at a sacrifice if sold this week; excellent terms; price dirt cheap. Phone 8862. Room 35, Jackson Block; price $4250. tf

LOOK!—I have one of the finest houses in the West End, 23rd street, everything up to date, nearly finished; this is a money maker if bought now; will sell at a sacrifice; terms excellent; 8 rooms, bungalow style, next attractive. 'Phone 5061 or Room 35 Jackson Blk. tf

EASY PRICE AND EASY TERMS—Owner will sell, one lot, Terrace Heights, on Government road, near Clover Bar; one lot King Edward Park Addition, Whyte ave.; two lots in Wellington Park; garden acreage for truck farms; warehouse and trackage property. Drop a line to F. O. Box 474. Dec. 4-p

PIANO BARGAINS—Several Reliable Used (exchanged) pianos in handsome cases, by Kohler, Mason and Rich, Northwestern and other prominent makers, at $225 and up, are now available for the Christmas season, at Harmony Hall, 590 Jasper West. Easy payment terms arranged. The Geo. H. Jaques Piano Warerooms, adjoining Corona Hotel. 187-200

FOR SALE—Rooming House on Jasper Ave.; 17 beautifully furnished rooms, clearing over $100 a month after all expenses; 2 large bathrooms, hot and cold water; has been in the same 3 years' lease; house always filled; everything new and modern throughout. For particulars call at 774 Jasper East. Phone 5402. 182-187

$50 HANDLES two Business Lots, corner 4th and Broadway, Canora, balance can be paid within twenty months. Canora is fast becoming the Edmonton of Saskatchewan. More new railroads centering at Canora than at any point in Western Canada. Canora is a young giant with a great future. Wire or send $50 for this week. International Securities Co., Ltd., 8-9 Benson Block, First and Rice Sts. 179-tf

FOR SALE—Barber Shop and Bath, Toilet and Cigar Stand; cellar up to date; electric light, water and sewer; plumbing complete; good fixtings; splendid location in brick building and furnace heated; runs two chairs in winter and three in summer; owner going into other business, will give reasonable terms to reliable man, or sell at cost price for cash. Apply G. Tucker, Camrose, Alta. 185-191

HOTELS

NEW ENGLAND ROOMS

218 NAMAYO AVE.

By Day, Week or Month; strictly first-class; quiet; steam heated; all free. Restaurant in connection. Apply Mrs. A. McDonald, Prop. Phone 2086.

SPRINGER'S HOME APARTMENTS

10111 FIFTH STREET

The best located and most sanitary rooms in town. Every modern improvement. Single and double beds. By day, week or month. Expert-enced management. Terms moderate. 'Phone 4094.

CITY OF EDMONTON

Street Railway Department.

On and after January 1, 1913, cars will stop only at near side of crossing on paved streets, and at far side of crossing on unpaved streets.

W. WOODHOOF, Supt.

LOST

LOST—Lady's gold watch and fob, initials on fob, A.D.H. Finder kindly return to D. B. Mullen, 307 Tegler Block, or 1054 Fifth St. 185-187

LOST—Near corner of Fourth street and Jasper avenue, a signet ring bearing the initials J.D.L. Finder will be rewarded on returning same to C. P. R. City Ticket Office. 185-188

FOUND

ONE DARK RED BULL, 2 years old, came to my place about 3 weeks ago, with the owner would come and take the bull away. D. McKivor, two miles south Jasper school. 186-188

FOUND—On Jasper ave., Nov. 29th, one [illegible] gelldings; harness and wagon. Owner may have property by paying board bill and other costs. Greater Edmonton Livery, 233 Fraser ave. 186-189

SURVEYORS

E. S. WEBSTER, Mining Engineer; Surveying, Assaying, Reports Superintendence. P. O. Box 161, Phone 2415. May 30-p

H. V. HEATHCOTT, Dominion Land Surveyor and Civil Engineer, Room 18 Credit Foncier Building, Jasper Ave. West, Edmonton, Alta., Office phone 1876. House 1485.

FAIRCHILD, JONES & TAYLOR—Consulting Engineers and Land Surveyors; Phone 5986. Suites 403 and 405, Tegler Block.

SMITH & KEITH—Alberta and Dominion Land Surveyors. Special attention given to townsite subdivisions. Office 123 Jasper Ave. West. Phone 4848.

SEYMOUR & DAWE—Consulting Civil and Municipal Engineers. Offices at Edmonton, Port Dover, Calgary, Town Planning and Surveying in Alberta and Saskatchewan. Phone 4029. C Norwood Block, Edmonton.

CAUTLEY & CARTHEW, Alberta and Dominion Land Surveyors. Special attention given to town and subdivision surveys. All kinds of draughting done. 1141 Jasper Ave. W., Edmonton. 'Phone 1772.

COTÉ & SMITH—J. L. Cote, D. L. S., C. E. Frank B. Smith, B. Sc., C. and M. E. Consulting Civil and Mining Engineers. Surveys of lands, town sites and mines. Assaying and municipal engineering. P. O. Box 1077. 'Phone 2328 Office Cristall Block, Edmonton and Athabasca Landing.

DRISCOLL & KNIGHT, Surveyors and Engineers. Special attention given to townsite and subdivision surveys, maps compiled and lithographed; electric blue printing and general drafting under special department; maps of Edmonton and other cities. Offices Dominion Bank Chambers, cor. Jasper and McDougall, Edmonton. 'Phone 1791.

WANTED

WANTED—Good city property to trade for farm lands. We have business chances from $800 up. Write Box 80 Bulletin. tf

WANTED—Span of driving horses; must be sound and well broken; about five years old; weight about 1000 lbs. Call at 262 Rice street, Tudhope Anderson. 186-188

CUT THIS OUT FOR LUCK—Send birth date and 10c for wonderful horoscope of your entire life. Prof. Raphael, 439 Lexington avenue, New York. 171-189p

WE HAVE Responsible Applicants for two medium-priced houses, unfurnished, on west side, close in, and one furnished; also a furnished suite. T. F. Byron, 461 Tegler Block. Phone 6631.

STRUCTURAL ENGINEER

GEORGE TRUST, Structural Engineer. Designer of Fireproof, and all other classes of buildings. Victoria Block Rooms 11 First St. Edmonton, Alta.

SURVEYORS OUTFITS

DAVIES CO., Complete Outfits and Supplies for Surveyors, Sportsmen, Trappers, Prospectors, Summer Campers and others requiring an outdoor life. Tents, Tarpaulins and Bags in stock and made to order. Phone 2442. 85 McDougall avenue.

DENTISTS

DR. W. R. WILKINSON, Dental Surgeon; D. D. S. Philadelphia 1891. L. D. S. Toronto 1892. Room 111 Goodridge Block, corner Namayo and Jasper. Evening hours 7-8.

EYE SPECIALIST.

M. MECKLENBERG, A. M., Sight Specialist—25 years' experience, 8 years in Alberta. Phone 5325. Archibald Block.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

BARRISTERS

A. G. McKAY, Barrister, Solicitor, Sugarman Block, 24 Jasper East. Money to loan. Phone Suite 1.

BYERS & WRIGHT, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, etc. F. D. Byers, B. A. Wright, Jackson Bldg., 105 Jasper Ave. East.

WILLIAM KEA, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, etc. Office Sandison Block, 243 Jasper Ave. East, Edmonton. Money to loan. 'Phone 6818.

J. C. HENDRY, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, Athabasca Landing, Alberta. Solicitor for Town of Athabasca Landing.

E. S. McQUAID, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary. Office Garlepy Block, 124 McDougall Ave., Edmonton. 'Phone 1147. Money to loan.

L. W. BROWN, Barrister, Solicitor and Notary, Cristal Nair Block, 446 Jasper East. Money to loan.

JOHN J. LAMONT, B. A., Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public. Office, room 613 Tegler Building, First street; phone 6866; money to loan.

HECTOR COWAN, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public. Office, Sinclair St. Jackson Block, 225 Jasper Ave. East. 'Phone 5788.

EDWARD BRICE, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, etc. Lacombe & Picard Block, 248 Jasper Ave. East. Money to loan. 'Phone 5375.

D. B. McKINNON, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public. Offices 225 Jasper Ave. East, 30-32 Jackson Block. 'Phone 1641. Money to loan.

MURPHY FISHER & SHURWOOD Barristers, Solicitors. Departments of Patent Office Agents. Offices, Chambers, 46 Elgin St. Ottawa. Hon. Charles Murphy, Harold Fisher, L. F. Sherwood.

EMERY, NEWELL, FORD, BOLTON & MOUNT, Barristers, Solicitors, etc. E. C. Emery, C. F. Newell, Frank Ford, K.C., S. E. Bolton, C. B. F. Mount. Office, Canada Permanent Building, McDougall Ave.

STUART & STEWART, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, etc. Alexander Stuart, K.C.; J. R. F. Stewart, Parks Building, 209 Jasper, East, Edmonton. Money to loan.

SHORT, WOODS, BIGGAR & COLLISSON, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries. Wm. Short, K.C., S. B. Woods, K.C., O. M. Biggar, J. T. J. Collisson, Merchants Bank Bldg., Edmonton.

ROBERTSON, DICKSON & MACDONALD, Barristers and Solicitors, H. H. Robertson, S. A. Dickson, J. M. Macdonald. Edmonton and Fort Saskatchewan. Office 234 Jasper Ave., over the Northern Crown Bank. Money to loan.

SHORT, CROSS & BIGGAR — Wm. Short, K.C., H. W. Cross, K.C., O. M. Biggar, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, etc. Office Merchants Bank Bldg. Money to loan.

E. R. COGSWELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public. Offices 235 Jasper Ave. East. 'Phone 6093. Money to loan.

HYNDMAN & HYNDMAN, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, etc. J. D. Hyndman, M. H. Hyndman. Cable address "Daman." Solicitors for the Royal Bank of Canada. Rooms 21 Orpheum, Edmonton. Canada. Money to loan.

ACCOUNTANTS

CHAS. G. ROBSON, Accountant and Auditor. 1147 Sixth St. Phone 4145.

E. DENBY, Accountant and Auditor, Tegler Block Bldg.; phones 6186 and 5433. Ap-2-p

WM. H. KENNEDY, Consulting Expert Accountant and Auditor; Financial Audits, Systematization, Efficiency; positive inventory controls; accurate; confirmation of costs. Phone 5357. Suite 207-8-9, Hart building.

SOCIETIES

ANCIENT ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Beaver Hose 1846 meet on the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of the month in Oddfellows' hall, Namayo Ave. Visiting brethren always welcome. J. W. Hinds, Secy., 194 Kennedy street. Dec. 28-p

UNDERTAKING

ANDREWS BROTHERS — 684 Namayo avenue, Edmonton, Alta. Phone 159 for ambulance service.

THE CONNELLY, McKINLEY CO., Limited. Funeral Directors and Embalmers. Private Chapel and Mortuary. 194 Rice Street. Phone 1525.

ARCHITECTS

R. C. HOPKINS, F.A.I.C., A.A.A., Architect. 112 Jasper Ave., Edmonton. 'Phone 1538.

J. E. CAUCHON, A.A.A., O.A.A., Architect. Phone 4023. Dominion Bank Bldg., Room 35.

JAMES HENDERSON, C.R.I.B.A., Registered Architect for the Province of Alberta. Cristall Block, 43 Jasper Ave. West. 'Phone 4055.

LANG, MAJOR & CO., Architects and Civil Engineers, Suite 3, Alberta Loan and Investment Block, 456 First St. 'Phone 5475. O. M. Lang, A.M. Can. Soc. C. E.; W. F. Major R.L.B.A.

SECONDHAND STORES

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN — We are now prepared to buy for a good cash price all your cast-off clothing and furniture. Special prices for men's business suits. Shaw & Co., 515 Namayo avenue. 'Phone 6491.

FURNITURE BOUGHT FOR CASH—'Phone 5156, when you have furniture for sale. Reed & Robinson, Auction-ers. Prompt cash merchandise and furniture buyers. Auction Rooms, Jasper Ave. E. Hall to let for meetings, etc. 'Phone 5149.

SECOND-HAND STORE—Western Second Hand Store. We buy ladies' and gents' second-hand clothes, guns, pistols, musical instruments, house furnishings. We pay highest prices for old gold and silver. L. Aronovick, 599 Jasper avenue east. Phone 4614.

MEDICAL

H. J. DENOVAN, M.D.C.M., Physician and Surgeon, Coroner; office and residence 1517 Ottawa avenue; phone 6641. Accommodation for a limited number of surgical and maternity cases.

HAT CLEANERS

HAT CLEANERS—All Kinds of Hats cleaned and blocked while you wait. Soft hats, 40c, and turbans, 25c, at the Boston Shoe Shining Parlor, between Bulletin office and American cafe. Address 225 Jasper Ave. East. Dec-18-p

BUSINESS CARDS

PHELPS-JACKSON CO., Blue Printing, Accountants, General Drafting, Etc. Suite 13 McDougall Court, Edmonton. 'Phone 4603.

JACKSON BROS., Issuers of Marriage Licenses, Tiffany Block, 237 Jasper Ave. 'Phone 5747, Edmonton.

H. B. KILNE, Jeweler—Issuer of Marriage Licenses; "With a reputation for fine watch repairing." Corner Jasper and Queens. 'Phone 5166.

E. Z. WEBSTER, Mining Engineer, Surveyor, Assaying, Reports, Superintendence. Box 161, Bulletin. 'Phone 3456. May-31-p

THOMAS CROW, Designer and Builder of Sawdust all correspondence addressed to Box No. "C," Bulletin. Jan. 21-p

BLUE PRINTING—Sunny Blue Print Co., Limited, quick service, blue prints and white prints, of the city and provinces for sale, house designing, general draughting. 18 Empire Block. 'Phone 4828.

DANCING

WALTZ, TWO-STEP, SCHOTTISH, Three-Step, and Waltz-Minuet guaranteed in six private lessons. J. F. Halliwell, Dancing Academy, Douglas Block, 219 Howard Ave. Phone 4624 after 7 p.m.

PATENT & LEGAL

FETHERSTONHAUGH & CO., Patent Solicitors. The big established firm. Toronto (head office), Royal Bank building, King street; Ottawa office, Castle building, Queen St.

BUSINESS CHANCES

40 ACRES Western Washington Fruit Land; unimproved; ideal climate and close to markets, for Alberta Farm Land. Box V, Bulletin. tf

SOME CHOICE LOTS, Clear Title in a growing Pacific coast city of 40,000 population; four minutes to 50 Alberta farm land or lots. Box 1297, Edmonton. Phone 6352. tf

MACHINERY

NICHOLS BROS., Machinists, Brass and Iron Founders. General repairs a specialty; Manufacturers of Saw Mills Pulleys, Hollow Fittings kept in stock; saws hammered and gummed. 'Phone 2812. 103 Syndicate Ave.

OSTEOPATHY

D. C. BLINK, Osteopath—Treats successfully all curable diseases. No drugs used. 218 Jasper Avenue West. Hours 9 to 5, and 6 to 9 p.m. 'Phone 4682.

MANICURING

SANITARY MANICURING Parlors; hours 10 a. m. to 8 p. m. Room 8 Gallagher block, 224 Jasper avenue East. Dec. 6-p

CEMETERY WORK

ALBERTA GRANITE & MARBLE CO., Clark St., Sta Monuments. Phone 4054, Edmonton.

THE EDMONTON GRANITE, MARBLE and Stone Co., 50 Clark St., Edmonton. Cemetery work of any description.

MASSAGE

MASSAGE — Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neurasthenia and kindred nervous and mentality treated. Robert A. Holmes (Medical Cert. Masseur), 42 Jackson Block. 'Phone 4089.

NEUROPATHIC PHYSICIANS

JENS W. KELLEY N. D., D. C., S. T. CLARA A. KELLEY, N. D., D. C. Neuropathic Physicians, Nerve Specialists; Drugless methods. 108 Goodridge Bldg., cor. Namayo and Jasper Ave. Phone: 9-10 to 12; 1-30 to 5-30. Phone 6205.

CLEANING AND PRESSING

TRY THE WINNIPEG DRY CLEANER for cleaning, pressing and repairing. Satisfaction guaranteed. Goods called for and delivered free of charge. Monthly terms arranged at reasonable prices. 224 Namayo ave. Phone 5498.

TENDERS

Sealed Individual Tenders wanted for "the Strathcona Hospital" on Amended Specifications.

Plans and specifications may be obtained from the undersigned on a deposit of $25 being made, which will be given back on their return.

Marked Cheque for 5 per cent. to accompany tenders.

Tenders to be lodged with Mr. Farquharson, Secretary, "The Strathcona Hospital," Strathcona, Alta., on or before Friday, 13th of December, 1912.

WILSON & HISBRIADLO,
14 Credit Foncier Bldg.
Edmonton.

NOTICE

In the Estate of Vaclav Osmera, Late of the Postoffice Viking, in the Province of Alberta, Farmer, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all our securities held by them, duly verified.

And that after that date the Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims which have been filed with the said Arthur Stewart Watt.

Dated at Wetaskiwin this 11th day of November, A. D. 1912.

Approved "W. A. D. L."

TURKISH BATHS

TURKISH BATHS and Sanitarium; Madame Bell, Certified nurse and masseuse, gives Turkish Electric baths and massage with excellent results in rheumatism, nerves and kidney trouble. Patients taken by day or week at 621 Seventh street. Phone 6891.

REAL ESTATE

FARM LANDS Bought and Sold. Garneau & Brady, St. Paul de Metis. April 11-p

Protest Against Charges

Toronto, Dec. 4.—Large shipping interests in Toronto are protesting against the increased demurrage charges sanctioned by the Dominion railway board. It is admitted that most shippers are probably responsible for the holding of many cars, but the large shippers say the burden of the increased rates fall upon them. They also claim that the railways are largely responsible for the car shortage, because of terminal congestion and delay in handling the rolling stock.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION

W. B. Thomas and H. M. Williams, heretofore doing business under the firm name of THOMAS & WILLIAMS, have this day mutually dissolved partnership. All accounts owing to and by the said firm of Thomas & Williams will be taken over by W. B. Thomas.

(Signed) W. B. THOMAS.
H. M. WILLIAMS.

ATTACKS ART GALLERY IN NORMAL SCHOOL

Toronto, Dec. 4—R. B. Sheppard, the indefatigable moral reformer, made a vigorous attack on the provincial art gallery in the Normal school before an audience at a meeting of the Toronto Vigilance association last night.

"I want to see fair play for Mr. Sharp," he declared. "You was two weeks prosecuted for exposing vulgar theatrical pictures. Last week I visited the Normal school and saw sculpture and pictures which are far worse than the pictures declared in court to be indecent.

"On the second floor I saw various so-called works of art, the details of which I cannot describe to a promiscuous audience.

"On this same floor were boys ranging from 17 to 19 and girls of the same tender age. The authorities claim that these pictures are needed for instruction in drawing and art work, but I claim that as they are needed, then the girls should be separated from the boys."

Toronto artists and educationalists ridicule Mr. Sinclair's statements. They point out that most of the pictures and statues complained of were collected for the provincial government fifty years ago by Rev. E. Ryerson, founder of Ontario's educational system.

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Farmer's Big Game License..... 1.00
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PORTAGE AVE.

$3550—Portage ave., for lot in block 10; terms $2350 cash, bal. H. B. R. terms.

$3200—Portage ave., for lot in block 18; terms $2000 cash, bal. H. B. R. terms.

$3500—Portage ave., for lot in block 18; terms $2000 cash, bal. H. B. R. terms.

$15,000—Portage ave., for lot in block 5; terms arranged.

SIXTH STREET

$4000—Sixth St., both for lot 285 and 286, block 6, H. B. R. Terms, third cash, bal. H. B. terms.

$5000—Sixth St., each for lot 242 and 244, block 5; terms 1-3 cash, bal. 6 and 12 months.

$4100—Sixth St., for lot 241, block 5. Terms, third cash, bal. 6, 12 and 18 months.

$2100—Sixth St., for lot 279, block 7. Terms, third cash, bal. 1 and 2 years.

SIXTEENTH ST.

$5000—Sixteenth St., for lot 160, block 16. Terms, $2500 cash, bal. 1, 2 and 3 years.

NEW GLENORA

$5000 for lot 20, block 123. Terms, $2000 cash, bal. 9 and 18 months.

$10,000—For lots 14 and 15, block 114. Terms, 1-3 cash, bal. 6 and 12 mths.

$3000—For lot 10, block 116. Terms, third cash, bal. 9 and 18 mths.

$3000—For lot 9, Block 116. Terms, third cash, bal. 9 and 18 months.

ALBERTA AVE.

$2500—Evanston, for lot 2, block 19; terms, $1250 cash, bal. 6 and 12 months.

JASPER AVENUE

$40,000—For corner lot in block 15, H. B. R.; terms $18,000 cash, balance very easy terms.

$1800 per Foot—For 48 1-2 feet on Jasper, between Fraser and Queens ave. Gold terms. Buildings rent for $960 per month.

$18,500—For lot in Block 20, H. B. R. Terms $7000 cash, bal. arranged.

FOURTH STREET

$27,000—Fourth St., for lot in block 3, H. B. R.; terms $7000 cash and the balance in 1, 2 and 3 years at 7 per cent.

JULIAN GARRETT
656 First Street. Phone 5708

ALBERTA AVENUE—Lot E, Block 5, $2500; easy terms.

H. B. R.—Trackage; Lot 137, Block 4, $23,500; $8500 cash, 6, 12 and 18 mths.

H. B. R.—Lot 215, Block 20, $5500; $2500 cash.

H. B. R.—Lot 170, Block 3, $18,500; $6000 cash; easy terms.

McDOUGALL AVENUE—North 75 ft. Lots 55 and 56, H. R.; brick house and laundry; $1300 per foot; terms arranged.

NAMAYO AVENUE—Lot 19 and 20, Block 34, with house, $24,000; 1-4 cash, 6, 12, 18 and 24.

SANDISON—21st and 22nd streets, Ave. Lot 7, $12,250; $5000 cash, 6 and 12.

STRATHCONA—Whyte Ave., Lot 22, Blk. 142; $7500; half, 6 and 12.

STRATHCONA—Whyte Ave., Lot 25, Block 142, $7000; half; easy terms.

HOUSES—Short St., two, three-roomed houses renting $20 each, $3000; $1700 cash.

WE HAVE INQUIRIES FOR PROPERTY IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY DIRECT. LISTINGS FROM OWNERS WANTED.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF ATHABASCA.

In the Matter of the Estate of James Hislop, Late of Fort Resolution, in the North West Territories, Fur Trader, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Order of His Honor Judge Noel, dated the 3rd day of December, A. D. 1912, Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of the late James Hislop, who died on the 28th day of May, A. D. 1912, are required to send to The Standard Trusts Company, Imperial Bank Building, Edmonton, Alberta, administrator of the estate of the said deceased, or to Messrs. Cormack & Mackie, McDougall Court, Edmonton, Solicitors for the administrator, on or before the 24th day of January, A. D. 1913, full statements of their claims and of any securities held by them, duly verified, and that after that date the administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been filed with it.

Dated at Edmonton, Alberta, this 3rd day of December, A. D. 1912.

THE STANDARD TRUSTS COMPANY, Administrator of the Estate.
H. R. Holland, Mgr. for Alberta.
Messrs. Cormack & Mackie,
Edmonton, Alberta.
Solicitors for the Administrator.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

This is to notify you that the interests of Mr. H. F. Hiats in the Alberta Plumbing and Heating Co. have been purchased by Patrick F. Kesley, and that said Mr. Hiats is no longer connected with the firm, nor has he any authority to transact any business in the name of the company.

ALBERTA PLUMBING AND HEATING CO., LIMITED.
by P. F. Kesley
J. T. Manning

Interesting Touring Trip.

Montreal, Dec. 5—While it is probable that all records for towing, both from the point of view of distance and time, had were broken by the Dutch vessels that accomplished the tremendous feat of bringing Montreal's gigantic new floating dry dock across the Atlantic, a recent feat of the little Grand Trunk Pacific tug, "Escort", is also not unworthy of notice. Leaving Vancouver with the steamer "Georgian," loaded with railroad material, and the hulk "North Bend", whose cargo was 900,000 feet of lumber, in tow she picked up a scow with 280,000 feet of lumber on board at Ocean Falls, and proceeded north with all three craft. At Prince Rupert the "Escort" dropped the "Georgian", but continued to Granby Bay with the lumber. On the return journey both the "North Bend" and "Georgian" took on new cargo and the "Escort" brought them into Vancouver successfully completing a towing trip of 2,900 miles.

THE FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL MARKETS

Chicago Grain Markets

Special to the Bulletin.

Chicago, Dec. 6.—Wheat prices bulged today on account of a buying flurry, the result of hot winds menacing the Argentine crop. The market finished strong 1-4 to 1-2 and 5-8 up. Corn closed unchanged to a shade lower and oats varying from last night's level to 1-2 and 5-8 up.

Scared shorts in wheat began to cover at the first tap of the bulls in addition to report, danger that the vast fields in southern Argentina would suffer from combined heat, wind and drought. There were predictions that the world shipments would be light and it was apparent that production northwest might be cut down. Longs taking profits on the advance caused action in wheat after midday. Mention of showers and cooler weather in portions of Argentina tended also to lower prices. The cold did not last. Export clearances proved helpful in bringing about a rally. May wheat ranged from 90 1-4 and 2-8 to 91 1-8, with last sales 1-4 and 3-8 net higher at 90 3-4 and 7-8. Hedging sales of corn by country houses offset bullish sentiment due to rain, wind and cold snow. May fluctuated from 48 1-2 to 49 1-8, closing steady at 48 5-8 and 3-4, a net loss of a shade. Cash grades firm.

Talk of a possible squeeze in December made oats firm. May sold from 32 3-4 and 7-8 to 33 1-8, closing up 1-8 and 1-4 at 33 1-8.

Winnipeg Grain Markets

Special to the Bulletin.

Winnipeg, Dec. 5.—The wheat market opened strong on the higher Liverpool cables and advanced a further 1-4c during the early hours. On considerable profit-taking there was a decline and prices dropped below opening points, finally closing 3-4 to 1-2c higher.

American markets were all stronger at opening, advancing a further 1-8 to 1-4c, but this gain was not sustained and prices declined fractionally.

Minneapolis opened 3-8 higher and closed 1-8 to 3-4c higher.

Chicago opened 3-8 to 5-8c higher and closed 1-4 to 1-2 higher.

Cash demand, although fairly good, was not so brisk as on Wednesday, while offerings were quite equal to demand. During the early hours operators were buying actively to fill boats. Cash prices contract grades advanced 1-2 to 1c.

Oats and flax trading was keener and prices advanced. Oats closed 1-8 to 1-4c higher. Flax closed 1-2 to 5-4c higher.

Inspections Wednesday were 1,064 cars and in sight were 806.

The quotations today were as follows:

	Open	Close
Wheat—		
December	79 1-2	79 3-8
May	84 1-2	84 5-8
Oats—		
December	31 1-4	31 7-8
May	34 3-4	34 3-4
Flax—		
December	108	108 1-2
May	114	114 3-4

Winnipeg cash prices—

	Close
Wheat—	
No. 1 Northern	79 1-2
No. 2 Northern	76 1-2
No. 3 Northern	74 1-2
No. 4	66
No. 5	56
No. 6	50
Feed	45

Winter Wheat—	Close
No. 1	80
No. 2	77
No. 3	74 1-2
Oats—	
No. 2 C.W.	32
No. 3 C.W.	28
Extra No. 1 Feed	30
No. 1 Feed	28
No. 2 Feed	25
Barley—	
No. 3	47
No. 4	42

American Markets— Minneapolis—	Open	Close
December	89 3-4	81 1-8
May	85 3-4	85 7-8
July	87 1-2	87 1-2
Chicago—		
December	84 3-4	84 5-8
May	91	90 3-4
July	88	87 7-8

G. T. P. At Moose Jaw.

Moose Jaw, Dec. 5—Steel on the Grand Trunk Pacific has now been laid into Moose Jaw and, although no trains are running as yet, a city ticket office has been opened by the company there. Passengers are routed to all points on the Grand Trunk system as an arrangement has been made with the C.P.R. as far as Regina. On the first day that it was opened for business some 25 tickets were sold at the new office.

AROUND THE CITY

The death took place yesterday in the Misericordia hospital of Mrs. Valmer Seager, aged 25 years. The funeral will take place from the family residence, 235 Lorne street, on Friday afternoon at two o'clock. The interment will be at the Edmonton cemetery. The arrangements are in the hands of Messrs. Andrews Bros.

The Edmonton Amateur Operatic Society wish to announce that rehearsals for "The Gondoliers," will commence on Wednesday, Dec. 11. Time and place to be announced later. All intending new members are asked to make an appearance and also all old members are requested to get on the register at these first rehearsals.

FIVE HOURS BEHIND TIME.

The Canadian Northern train from the east was 5 hours late yesterday morning, and did not arrive in Edmonton until noon. "Naturally late", was the explanation given by one C.N.R. official to indicate that the train had been losing time gradually all along the line.

FIRE AT NORWOOD.

The city fire brigade were called out early yesterday to a fire which occurred in the blacksmith shop owned by Alec McLay, immediately behind the drug store on Norwood Boulevard.

Nos. 3 and 5 hails responded and the fire which was caused through an overheated stove pipe, was extinguished with the aid of water and chemicals. The owner had the place insured for $400.

NEW PLUMBING FIRM.

The Pacific Plumbing & Heating company have opened an office in the Hort Building, Suite 202. Mr R. W. Longboyle is at the head of this concern, and is a well known young business man, while Mr. R. H. Martin will act in the capacity of manager. Mr. Martin was identified with the Pacific Plumbing Co., Spokane, and resigned his position to join the local company.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

There was a fair quantity of meat and poultry yesterday on the market for which the prices asked varied. Dressed turkey generally fetched 30c per lb. retail; geese 25c, and chicken from 16 to 20c; beef, 8 to 20; pork 15 to 18c; mutton 15 to 18c; rabbits 20 to 25c; butter 35 to 40; eggs 45 to 50c. Oats were again scarce, but the price did not top 30c per bushel. The hay market continues quiet, with timothy about $20 to $22 per ton.

UNCONSCIOUS AFTER FIGHT.

As the result of a scrap that took place Wednesday night between three men engaged in laying the track on the Edmonton, Dunvegan and B. C. railway line, about ten miles north of here, one of the combatants is now here de combat at the Misericordia hospital, where he was carried by Constable Moore of the R.N.W.M.P., who was telephoned for from the scene of action, where grave consequences were feared from the scrap, as the man was unconscious and could not be restored to animation. Whether he had been unfairly treated it is impossible to say, as the fight took place with no witnesses, in a secluded spot some distance from the camp. However, his opponents are still at large, though if the results are grave, they will doubtless be arrested. What were the causes of the quarrel is unknown. The injured man's name is V. Harding, and he is still unconscious at the hospital.

45 CASES IN COURT.

Forty-three cases graced the police court this morning, and they included an array of drunks (the results of the pleasures that make police a necessity. They included sixteen and and dishevelled relatives of Bacchus who, between them, contributed the sum of $80 in pennies for their offences. Theft, wages claims and inadequate spending of autos constituted the remainder of the docket.

Frank Siefler, a young fellow about 20 years of age, told an unconvincing story of how he came to be in possession of some stolen money, and was sent down for four months with hard labor.

J. Bloomer, for assault and battery, was discharged.

The case of Robert McCullough, for attempted burglary, was adjourned to Dec. 10th.

J. Wilson was charged with speeding an auto, but the case was dismissed.

G. S. Smith was charged with theft, on the complaint of C. A. Hurd, and the case was adjourned to Dec. 7th.

The first of a series of lectures to be given under the direction of the Educational committee of the Y.M.C.A. will be delivered Tuesday, Dec. 10th, at 8 o'clock, in the high school assembly hall, by Prof. E. K. Brandon, of Alberta University. His subject will be "Modern Drama."

The teachers' training class will meet in the Y.M.C.A. Thursday evening at seven o'clock. The subject under discussion will be "The relation of mind to body." Prof. F. W. Scudder will lead this class.

David C. Scott, of Boston, is in the city today. He is a guest of Alderman G. H. May.

WOMEN ARE INVITED.

Every lady is invited to hear Dr. Cristion of Paris at the Empire theatre on this Friday afternoon at half-past two o'clock. He will tell how every lady who has facial blemishes, gray hair, can restore herself to a youthful looking woman. Madame Mayo who resides the famous beauty doctor will show that although 37 years of age she is a beautiful and young looking woman. Dr. Cristion will tell the ladies how it is done. The lecture this afternoon is free, and for ladies only, and begins promptly at 2.30 o'clock.

CONGREGATIONAL SOCIAL.

A pleasant evening was spent by about forty members of the First Congregational church last night at the home of Mrs. Ginter, 637 Elizabeth street. The occasion was a social gathering arranged by the Ladies' Aprilian of the church, with the dual object of bringing the members of the church together and of raising funds for their church work.

An excellent musical program was submitted and games and social intercourse were enjoyed. The ladies were successful in landing a nice sum for the furtherance of their schemes.

SURVEYORS IN THE FIELD.

The surveyors of the Alberta, Peace River and Eastern railway are now in the field locating the route of the line in the north. The route of the line from Edmonton to the Peace River was recently approved by the Minister of Railways.

J. H. Williams, chief engineer of the line, states that the first portion of the line to be built will be that from Edmonton to the Peace River. The questions of terminals in this city is under consideration, but has not been decided.

H. Nisbet King, vice president of the line, who has been in Canada all the summer and fall, is now in London, and frequent meetings of the directorate are being held.

It is understood that the route of the company's entrance into the city is being revised and it is possible that an arrangement will be come to with one of the existing lines to use one set of tracks into the city.

JESUIT QUESTION IS RAISED IN REICHSTAG

Clerical Leader Says Anti-Jesuit Law, Affronting 22,000,000 Catholics, Is Mere Scarecrow.

Berlin, Dec. 4.—Jesuit question was raised in the Reichstag today by the clerical leader, Dr. Peter Spahn, who declared that the Bundesrath's recent interpretation of the anti-Jesuit law, of 1872 had made more severe the provisions of the law, thereby affronting 22,000,000 Catholics in the realm. He made formal declaration of the clerical centre party, to the effect that German Catholics so far as they are represented by the clerical party in the Reichstag "have no confidence that the needs of Catholics in the German empire will receive just consideration from the imperial chancellor and the Bundesrath and will order their conduct accordingly."

The imperial chancellor, Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg, in reply, defended the Bundesrath's decision as only an interpretation of a law forty years' old. This decision in effect that Bavaria's recent course in modifying the severity of the enforcement of the imperial legislation against the Jesuit order in Germany, was illegal.

The chancellor declared that the Protestants have always opposed the Jesuits, who also in the past have not been tolerated in certain Catholic countries on account of their militant activity in politics, the church and the schools, their international character and their opposition to the growth of the modern conception of the state."

While 24,000,000 Catholics wanted the anti-Jesuit law repealed, continued the chancellor, 40,000,000 Protestants wanted it retained, and he warned the centrists against a renewal of the religious conflict of the seventies.

A Socialist leader assured the clericals that his party would support any attempt which was made to repeal the law. The two parties together have a big majority in the Reichstag.

JINGLES.

(By the Ironmaster)

Who gave us, in the long ago, a model city charter, and, when the franchise-hunters came, refused to make a barter? Who's lived among us all these years, without a breath of scandal, spurning alike the winning wiles of grafter and of vandal? Who, looking keenly through the years, decried a city great, and grabbed our own utilities before it got too late? Who, when he sits the mayoral chair, will watch with keen intent, that of the millions spent each year, we shall not lose a cent? Who'll top the poll on Monday next, with scores of votes to spare, leaving the other candidates to tear each other's hair? WHY, SHORT, OF COURSE.

PRINCE OF WALES IS NOT A MERE DULLARD

Since Operation for Adenoids He Has Shown Increased Activity Both Mentally and Physically—At Oxford He Is Making Gratifying Progress.

London, Dec. 5—Happily those fears which have been discreetly held that the Prince of Wales might grow up to be a well meaning but dull lad, have been dissipated.

It has just been learned that the heir to the throne was operated on for adenoids just before he went to Paris to be the guest of the Marquis de Breteuil.

The operation on the Prince was entirely successful, it is understood. An attempt was made to suppress all news of it, but Friday it was learned authoritatively that the operation took place.

Adenoids are caused by hypertrophy of gland-like tissue in the back of the mouth and throat. This causes soft growth which interfere with breathing. Also they retard the development of the youthful brain, perhaps by emitting a secretion which causes mental deterioration. Certain it is that after adenoids are removed from a child, he or she often displays increased intelligence and stands higher at school.

The Prince of Wales, who was always demurely coddled, was good natured but shy. But since the operation the Prince, who was 18 years old last June, and who is now at Oxford, has made most gratifying and unexpected progress in his studies.

Moreover, he is fast becoming an athlete, going in for running and football.

Cross-Petition Filed.

Winnipeg, Dec. 5—A cross petition against the defeated candidate in the Macdonald election, H. L. Richardson, has been filed. It contains some sweeping charges on behalf of Alex. Morrison, the successful candidate, and alleges that these disqualify H. L. Richardson from sitting in the federal parliament.

SHORT'S MEETINGS FOR THIS WEEK

The following is the list of the meetings arranged for the remainder of the week and of the campaign in the interests of William Short, K.C.:

Tonight — Bijou Theatre, South Side.

Saturday — Oddfellows' Hall, Norwood boulevard.

A mass meeting either in the Empress theatre on Friday evening, or in the Separate school hall on Saturday evening, will also be held.

France Speaks Plainly on The European Situation

Premier Poincare Declares the Nation Will Stand by Her Allies and Her Friendships—Servia Will Submit Her Case to Decision Of Great Powers.

Paris, Dec. 5—France spoke plainly today on the European situation. Premier Poincare told the committee on foreign affairs of the chamber of deputies: "We stand by our allies and our friendships." The premier was laying down the policy to be pursued by France in the Balkan settlement.

Steering Safe Channel.

London, Dec. 5—The dispute between Austria-Hungary and Servia, arising out of the Balkan war, which has threatened a general European conflict, will have been steered into a safe channel and the peace of Europe will be maintained if, as announced today, Servia definitely has decided to leave her case in the hands of the great powers.

With the adhesion of Austria-Hungary, the proposal of Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary, to call a meeting of the ambassadorial steering house has now received practically unanimous welcome.

Armistice Between Greece and Turkey.

London, Dec. 5—An armistice between Greece and Turkey is to be concluded in a day or two, according to a news agency despatch from Constantinople. Ismail Kemal Bey, the leader of the Albanians, has telegraphed to Vienna from Avlona, protesting against the bombardment of that town by two Greek gunboats, according to a despatch from the Austrian capital. After the bombardment of the international telegraph office the gunboats made special targets of those public buildings in the town which were flying the new Albanian flag.

Austria Approves Conference.

Budapest, Hungary, Dec. 5—The Austro-Hungary government has communicated to the British government its adhesion in principle to the proposed conference of ambassadors of the great European powers on the Balkan situation to be held in London.

Want Sir Edward's Advice.

Constantinople, Dec. 5—The Turkish council of ministers has prepared a scheme of autonomous government for Albania which has been submitted to the Sultan for imperial sanction.

The proposal to hold in London the negotiations for peace between Turkey and the Balkan allies emanated from the Turkish government, which, besides desiring that they should be held on neutral grounds, also wished to have the advantage of the advice of Sir Edward Grey, the British secretary of state for foreign affairs.

Why Has Greece Stayed Out?

Constantinople, Dec. 4—Speculation is rife as to the real reason for the failure of Greece to be a signatory to the armistice. It is generally felt that the mere rejection of the special Greek demands did not constitute a sufficient reason for Greece's independent attitude. These demands were the capitulation of Janina and the surrender of the Turkish troops in the islands of Chios and Mytilene.

Balkan League Ended.

Vienna, Dec. 4—Austrian opinion regards the Balkan league as practically ended, owing chiefly to the rivalry between Greece and Bulgaria for the possession of Saloniki. It is believed here that Bulgaria will favor the formation of an autonomous Macedonia, with Saloniki as the capital, thereby reserving part of Macedonia and Saloniki for herself in the future.

Albania Declares Independence.

Constantinople, Dec. 4—Ismael Kemal Bey, the Albanian leader, has notified the Porte of the proclamation of Albanian independence. He requests Turkish support.

Ismael Kemal says that the Albanians are attached to the Ottoman empire and the Khalifate, and that the proclamation is intended to safeguard Albanian interests, without injuring the empire's interests, at a time when their country to a great extent is occupied by enemies.

Merely Alarmist Rumors.

London, Dec. 4—The Times prints the following dispatches from its Vienna correspondent: "The alarmist rumors of the action of Austria may be dismissed as exaggerations. Austria's attitude on the question of an Adriatic port is not yet definite and before the Austrian proposals are sent to Servia they will probably be sent to the powers."

A Belgrade despatch to the Times says: "Yielding to European wishes, Servia is most willing to enter into peace negotiations."

According to the Athens correspondent of the Times an official communique states that the Greek action has been taken in agreement with the other allies.

No List of Casualties.

Sofia, Dec. 4—The Bulgarian delegates to the peace negotiations have not been announced, but it is presumed that Dr. Ancff, president of the Bulgarian delegation, will head the mission and it is expected that he will visit Bucharest before proceeding to London.

Public satisfaction would be deeper but for the attitude of Greece, which not only excites annoyance in official quarters but also arouses apprehensions of future difficulties between Greece and the Balkan allies. The Sofia newspapers offer no comments on the completion of the armistice or its terms. The people have received the news without any public demonstration. No list of casualties has appeared since the war begun, official quarters but also arouse receiving no news and relatives now wait with anxious suspense the return of the troops.